

# Sedalia Evening Democrat.

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1892.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

## HIS RECORD.

CONNELL SAID NOT TO BE A  
MODEL YOUNG MAN.

### DETAILS OF THE TRACE

Found at Pataskala.—Miss Mead  
Writes a Letter to Sedalia—  
Thinks Her Deranged.

A DEMOCRAT reporter to-day was in possession of a letter from Miss Hattie Mead, the young lady whom Miss Sturtevant was thought to be visiting before her prolonged absence caused her parents to think otherwise. Miss Mead is strongly of the opinion that her friend has become deranged. Connell is censured by Columbus people as being the cause of her derangement and is said to be a fraud.

#### Connell's Record.

The DEMOCRAT gives considerable of his record below and it is anything but creditable to him. The news was received in a letter this morning. Part of the contents of the letter are as follows:

"T. F. Connell came from Delaware, O., to Columbus several years ago. His father now lives near Delaware and has the reputation of being a very honorable man. He spells his name O'Connell, however, and the reason why the son discarded the Irish prefix will be found below. Mr. Connell was employed as a collector by Messrs. Haskett and Jones, the furniture men, and made quite a success at this work. He is a man of fine physique, with handsome black hair and mustache, and upon first appearance he makes a favorable impression. As a collector he was admitted into many homes and was not slow to make the acquaintance of numerous young ladies. He aspired to be a masher, and it is claimed he dropped the 'O' from his name so as to give it more tone. He became quite an adept in the art of flattery and in his own opinion stood high in the ranks of mashers. His reputation among the young ladies of the north side is anything but enviable. He made his open boasts of what he had done, to his gentlemen friends."

A gentleman who knows him well says: "Connell is a man who believes there is no virtue in any woman. He is a pretty good-looking man and is so stuck on himself he thinks no girl can look at him without falling in love with him. Then he is strangely persistent and wants to go after almost every girl he sees. I have repeatedly heard him boast of what he has done."

A story of one of his escapes stamps him as a scoundrel in showing the advantage taken of a young lady with whom he got acquainted at a dance at Mr. Carlile's house.

Connell was Mr. Carlile's partner at the time. He practiced his tactics on the young lady and asked to call on her, which was granted. It so happened that the young lady's parents were absent when he called, and in the course of the conversation the fact was revealed. Connell did not wait long until he forcibly embraced the young lady and kissed and caressed her. He went on to tell how he had fallen in love with her at first sight, and in the course of his passionate remarks made a suggestive proposal. The young lady repelled him and her parents arrived soon. He then had the cheek to ask if he could call again in the presence of her parents and the young lady in her embarrassment did not dare refuse him. However, she had the good sense to relate the facts to her mother the next day. The mother knew if her husband was informed of the facts he would likely do violence to Connell and took another way preventing any further approaches to her daughter. The next time he called the mother stayed in the room the entire time. Connell has never called since.

Public sentiment is so strong that Mr. Connell found it convenient to withdraw from the firm of Carlile, Connell & Co., and it will now be Carlile & Son. The first suspicious circumstance in the present case was in destroying the note which Miss Sturtevant left before any one but himself had read it. He has never had any particular theory as to why the young lady left home, although he enjoyed her fullest confidence. To her parents he claimed his intentions were honorable, and when closely questioned he spoke of the lady as a pure, sweet girl.

#### Concerning Miss Sturtevant.

About the last thing which Miss Myrtle did before she left home

## MINTER BROS. TO-DAY. -:- TO-DAY.

A lot of Extra Bargains put on the counter. Everything must be sold. Select your Carpets now—1892 styles. See them and get choice of patterns.

## MINTER BROS.

was to finish painting a rose twig with buds and blossoms on the end of a throw. It is a very pretty little thing and who will say that it is not emblematic of her purer nature whatever her fate may be?

It was reported several days ago that a good clue had been found at Pataskala, Ohio. Here are the details: "What appears to be a good clue as to the whereabouts of Miss Myrtle Sturtevant comes from Pataskala, Licking county, and there is but little doubt the missing girl spent Monday night there."

Monday afternoon a girl of medium height, 21 or 22 years old, wearing a dark blue wrap trimmed in light material, black straw hat trimmed with black ribbon, and had brown buttons on her dress and wore a black veil was seen at Columbia Center, about one mile west of Pataskala. She was walking east on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad tracks.

Shortly before 9:30 Monday night she was noticed standing on the steps of the American house in Pataskala. She appeared to be very bashful, and the proprietor of the hotel, Mr. George Arlington, invited her in. This invitation seemed to embarrass her more than ever, and her strange actions attracted the attention of all who were near.

At first she refused to speak, and while she was being pressed to tell who she was, and what she was doing there, the 9:30 Baltimore and Ohio train west pulled into the depot. Just as it started out she exclaimed she wanted to take that train for Columbus. A man who had become interested in her then grabbed her by the arm and half dragged her to the depot, hoping to be able to put her on the train, but it was too late. The train had departed.

The girl appeared somewhat dazed and was at a loss to know what to do. She did not want to go to the hotel, so she was directed to a private boarding house. She called there and wanted to get a room for the night, but the landlady informed her she had no vacant rooms. She then directed her to another boarding house kept by Blanche Bowers. She called there, but unfortunately that lady, who became interested in the visitor, had no vacant room and had to turn her out. She was directed to the American house as the next best place for her to stop.

As a last resort the girl reluctantly went to the American house, where every kindness was shown her, as she appeared to be suffering great mental agony. The hotel people sympathized with her, and her strange actions were discussed by the guests after she had retired. They all agreed there was something very mysterious about the fair guest, but the generally accepted theory was that it was a wife on the trail of a recalcitrant husband or a deluded sweetheart in search of an unfaithful lover.

Yesterday morning she arose early and tried to shun every one. She wandered into the rear yard where she remained until breakfast was ready. When she was invited to breakfast she said she did not want anything. She had a wild look in her eyes, and the hotel people thought if she would eat something she would feel better. They insisted on her coming in and drinking a cup of coffee or tea, but she refused everything. Seeing it was no use to insist on her eating anything, she was left alone for the time being.

Finally some one determined to find out something about her if possible. She was plied with questions, but very shrewdly evaded most of them. She positively refused to give any name, but said she had been attending college at Delaware and got tired and left. She would not so much as intimate where her home was, and refused to say why she wanted to come to Columbus.

She remained at the hotel till about 8 a. m., when she left. The last seen of her she was going east on the Baltimore and Ohio tracks."

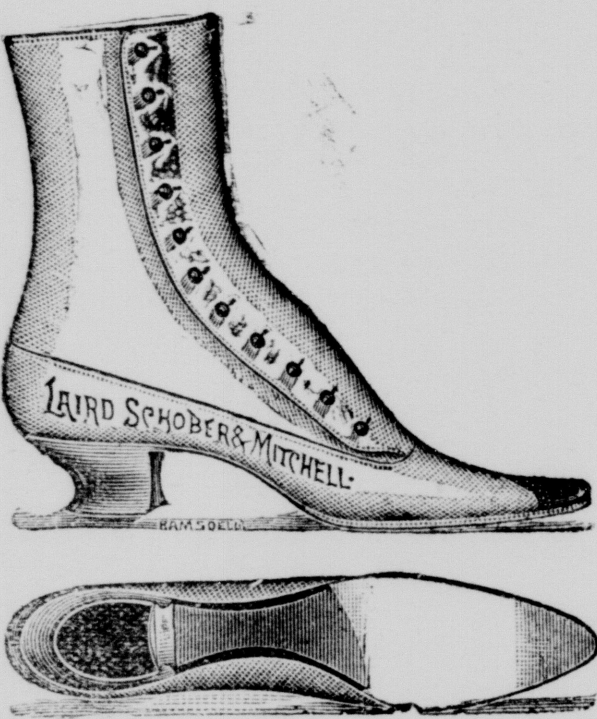
A telegram from Mr. Sturtevant, at Cincinnati, was received by the DEMOCRAT this afternoon and gives rather discouraging news to her friends. It simply says: "Nothing favorable."

#### A Birthday Supper.

Wm. H. Powell, Jr., yesterday reached the age of 25 years, a quarter of a century, and to show his appreciation of his good fortune invited a number of friends to join him in a supper at Pehl's restaurant last night. Peter is one of the best caterers in the country, but the spread excelled his reputation. Many good stories were told and good things eaten, and the boys voted that Will have a birthday twice a year instead of only once. May he live to be a hundred.

#### Released.

Con. Shea was released from jail to-day after serving a nine days sentence for vagrancy.



#### Churchmen Meet.

The Sedalia district stewards of the Methodist Episcopal church held their regular meeting at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The meeting was attended by representatives from all parts of the district, and perhaps thirty-five churchmen were in attendance.

Business transactions alone are considered at these meetings, such as the assessment of the presiding elder's salary, reports from the several churches relative to the financial condition of church property, etc.

#### Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded to-day:

A. B. Black and wife to John W. Black, strip of land 125x316 feet, on Ohio street in Green Ridge, consideration, \$500.00.

W. O. Green and wife to George W. Hanlan, n e quarter of s e quarter of the west half of the s e quarter of sec. 21, and east half of the east half of the n w quarter, and the west half of the n e quarter, and the west half of the n e quarter of the n e quarter of sec. 28, all contained in twp 35, range 20, containing 2,600 acres, consideration, \$7,000.00.

#### On Fifth Street.

Work was begun on Fifth street this morning and within a few days that thoroughfare will be put on a footing equal to that of any street in the city.

#### Spring lamb at Stevensons.

#### Died.

James Neal, colored, died at 2 o'clock this morning. Funeral to-morrow at Smithton. Deceased was formerly janitor at the Broadway school and was a member of the Hod Carriers union.

#### Police Court.

F. E. Lamphere, for a plain drunk was fined \$5 by Judge Rauck this morning. On condition that he emigrate a stay was granted. He skipped.

W. J. Lemp's Buck Beer will be on tap in all the principal saloons to-morrow.

#### A Favorable Diagnosis

Dr. E. C. Evans and wife returned from St. Louis yesterday afternoon where they have been to consult a specialist regarding Mrs. Evans' eyesight. Her many friends will be pleased to know that the oculist made an encouraging report of her condition and it is to be hoped that the time will not be long before she is fully restored.

#### Spring lamb at Stevensons.

\$20,000.00

#### HOME MONEY TO LOAN AT

Seven Per Cent.

HOUSES TO RENT!

Some Special Bargains to Offer

In real estate for ten days.

JOE D.

Donnohue!

309 Ohio St.

309 Ohio St.

Hoffman Bros., carry the best and largest stock of garden tools, tinware and house-furnishing hardware. See their goods. Get their prices.

#### \$100 REWARD!

The above will be paid for the arrest and conviction of the thief or thieves who broke into our slaughter-house recently and stole some dressed hogs.

M. M. STEVENSON,  
J. B. RICKMAN.

James Whitcomb Riley has no rival to-day.—Boston Transcript.

## BEAUTIES

Spring Styles  
in Shoes.

See Them at

COURTNEY'S.

Gross is the only man in Sedalia that has had ten years' experience in repairing gasoline stoves. All work guaranteed. His shop is at No. 114 East Main street, over J. N. Rowe's second hand store.

117 West Main St.

There is where you get the best meal in the city for the small sum of 25c.

Short orders served promptly at low prices. We always give the best. Fresh fish every day. Try me just once.

GEO. W. SMITH.

#### J. H. Kinkead and Company

of 114 Kentucky street have a few of the latest improved higharm No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson sewing machines which they will sell at a bargain.

"Superior," the best of all cook stoves. Price them at HOFFMAN BROS.

## Special Sale

This week in Baby

Carriages and Dinner  
and Chamber Sets.

317 Ohio St.

MONEY—TO LOAN ON  
watches, guns, pistols and other personal property, 116 Ohio street, back of Globe Shoe Store.  
H. V. LEIST.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Paid up Capital, - - - \$250,000.  
Surplus, ..... \$20,000

SEDALIA, MO.

CYRUS NEWKIRK, Pres't. J. C. THOMPSON, Cashier. F. H. GUENTHER, Asst. Cashier. J. C. Thompson, H. W. Wood, E. G. Cassidy.

TRANSACTS a general banking business. Accounts of banks, bankers, merchants and individuals solicited. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to them.

Banking House Corner Second and Ohio Sts.

### SPECIAL SALE

### OF THE WEEK.

## ARLINGTON HEIGHTS

AND TRACTS OF ACRE PROPERTY ON  
EAST SIDE OF THE CITY, WILL BE  
SPECIAL SALE OF THE WEEK

## Porter Real Estate Co.

REAR ROOM  
PEOPLES BANK B'LD'G 404 OHIO STREET.

## ADVICE

"Walk blindfold on,  
Behind thee stalks the headsman."

But, before you go, go to

E. E. McClellan's,

514 Ohio St. [Y. M. C. A. Block]

AND BUY WALL PAPER FOR YOUR house. Look at his window display. See his goods and the excellent light in which he shows them.

#### "FERGUSON."

Stop Shelley's oil wagon for gasoline, coal oil, etc. Cheap.

The "QUICK MEAL" still leads all gasoline stoves, prices the lowest. See them at Hoffman Bros.

### Consequences!

The consequence of buying good wall paper is satisfaction. To be satisfied is to be happy. This you obtain in buying the carefully selected combination from ten of the largest factories.

Its beauty commends price; its service commendation, and its price popularity.

We guarantee our wall paper to be of the best. Call and see our line before you buy.

Respectfully,

F. H. EASTEY,

H. D. Case, Manager  
Wall Paper Dep. 208 Ohio Street

#### The Park.

Go out to the park and enjoy a game of tenpins.

Hoffman Bros., for bargains.

## ILGENFRITZ Hardware Co.



Sole Agents Garland Stoves and Ranges and Majestic Steel Ranges. The largest stock of

#### -: HARDWARE -:

in the city. Guns and Sporting Goods, Plumbing and Gasfitting  
Ilgenfritz Hardware Co.

#### For Sale Cheap.

A survey and set of harness good as new.  
C. L. MCCARTY,  
320 West Second street.

Charles Kobrock,  
Faust Restaurant and Oyster House.

Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.  
Special brand of Imperial Beer.

114 Osage St., Sedalia, Mo.

## Easter Cards

—AT—

DEXTER'S  
BOOK STORE,

2nd Street.

### VISIT THE

## ORIGINAL

-222-  
Ohio St. RACKET

For bargains in lace curtain poles and trimmings. All other goods in proportion. Also the

BEAT ALL TABLET

To see is to buy. Call and be convinced of our low prices.

L. & M.  
ARNOLD!

B. G. Wilkerson. John Cashman.

WILKERSON & CASHMAN.

LAWYERS.

210 Ohio St.

## We Have

The finest wall paper.  
—PLAIN—

## GOLD

Ingrain, Roman Arabesques and all the newest designs at the lowest prices. The most complete stock in Central Missouri.

Call and let us convince you this is true.

G. E. DUGAN

—& SON

—Phone 142—

116 EAST FIFTH ST.

ESTABLISHED IN 1874.

JAMES GLASS.

—WHOLESALE—

LIQUORS!

SEDALIA, MISSOURI



## Sedalia Democrat.

OLD SERIES, NEW SERIES,  
Established 1868. Inaugurated 1891.

Published Daily Except Sunday by the  
**Sedalia Democrat Comp'y.**

A. C. BALDWIN, P. B. STRATTON JR.,  
Pres. and Manager. Sec'y and Editor.

### TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS:

Daily, delivered, 15c per week.  
Daily, delivered, 65c per month.

BY MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID:

Daily, one year, in advance, \$6.00

Daily, six months, in advance, 3.00

Daily, three months, in advance, 1.50

Daily, one month, in advance, .65

Weekly edition, one year, in advance, 1.00

Weekly edition, six months, in advance, .60

Address all communications on business or for publication to

**THE DEMOCRAT,**  
Sedalia, Mo.

OFFICE: Equitable Building, Fourth and  
Lamine streets. Telephone 232.

"GOOD EVENING!"



Of course I read THE DEMOCRAT

"I would earnestly advise them for their  
good to order this paper to be punctually  
served up and to be looked upon as a part of  
the tea equipage."—ADDISON.

PAVE the streets that are most in  
need of paving.

THE road question will not be an  
issue in politics—everybody favors  
good roads.

SO FAR there seems to be no op-  
position to the nomination of Mr.  
Yeater, Pettis county's candidate  
for state senator.

THE DEMOCRAT hopes and be-  
lieves the democrats of Pettis coun-  
ty can make a clean sweep this fall,  
if they will nominate such a ticket  
as it is possible for them to name.

THIS thing of club organization  
must not be neglected by Pettis  
county democrats. Remember, a  
clean sweep this time will make  
success in future contests more  
certain.

THE principle of taxing the mil-  
lions of consumers in this country  
to enrich a few individuals and cor-  
porations who have invested their  
capital in certain manufacturing in-  
dustries must cease. It is making  
millionaires and paupers too fast.

THE prohibitionists and "people's  
party" are getting ready for a gigan-  
tic struggle to decide the momentous  
question as to which is entitled to  
third rank among the political  
parties of the state. At least that  
will be the only practical result of  
the struggle.

SINCE the city election our morn-  
ing contemporary seems to be run-  
ning very largely to "boiler plate,"  
notwithstanding its recent derisive  
references to that kind of service.  
The "boiler plate" is a big improve-  
ment, however, and we congratulate  
our contemporary on such evidences  
of prosperity.

RUMOR has it that Greene county  
will present one of her favorite  
sons for the position of presiden-  
tial elector for this district. It is  
certainly a modest request, and if  
our new neighbors present the  
right kind of a man, and they have  
plenty such among them, there is no  
reason why the request should not  
be granted.

FOR the fifth time at least, Sed-  
alia has begun work on its kite-  
shaped mile track.—Mexico Ledger.

Yes, and will begin work every  
morning, when it isn't pouring down  
rain, until the track, the best and  
fastest in the world, is completed.  
But how many times has work be-  
gun on the Mexico kite-shaped  
mile track, and how far has the  
work progressed?

SOME time ago this paper took  
occasion to rebuke the Journal of

*Agriculture* for its assertion that  
Dick Dalton was being opposed  
*because* he is a farmer. The DEM-  
OCRAT denied the truth of the state-  
ment, but this paper must now con-  
fess that there is one institution—the  
dude organ of Gov. Francis in St.  
Louis—which takes just that ground  
of opposition to Dalton. It is un-  
fair to the other candidates, how-  
ever, to let the opposition of the  
dude organ tell too strongly in  
Dalton's favor. The course of the  
*Sunday Mirror* can be effectually  
rebuked by making Col. Chas. H.  
Jones the delegate from St. Louis  
to the Chicago convention.

### WHY NOT MOVE IT?

A Boone county man writes to  
ask the *Journal of Agriculture* "why  
the agricultural college should be  
moved from Columbia?" The *Jour-  
nal* fires back the following:

"Before replying to Mr. Dorsett,  
we want to ask him some questions;  
we will state, however, as a preface,  
that we have no objection to Colum-  
bia. The presence of the college at  
Columbia is not what we object to,  
it is its connection with the univer-  
sity. If the university were else-  
where, we should rather have the  
college there than at any other  
point in the state.

First.—Why not move it now?

Second.—What good has its con-  
nection with the university done the  
college?

Third.—What has the college ac-  
complished as a barnacle stuck on  
the university?

Fourth.—What effort has ever  
been made to make the college ef-  
fective for the purpose it was in-  
tended for?

Fifth.—Why has the college been  
a discreditable and shameful failure,  
and not averaged one graduate each  
year of its existence?"

WHILE the road question is "on"  
the following from the Kansas City  
*Star* will be read with interest by  
many of our millionaires: "The sug-  
gestion is made to millionaires that  
there are now colleges enough in  
this country and that public and  
free libraries are not scarce, since  
books have become so cheap that  
food for the mind is cheaper than  
sustenance for the body; and that  
there are more churches than can  
be filled, and so, as matters now  
stand, a rich but good man can do  
no better when he shuffles off this  
mortal coil than leave his money to  
build good roads. What better  
monument could a man raise or  
have raised for himself than ten  
miles of perfect highway, with some-  
where along its course a stone bear-  
ing the inscription, "This road  
was built and is to be kept in order  
forever by a bequest left by the Hon.  
John Smith." Every wayfarer  
would bless the dead and the  
trees growing up to arch  
the roadway would keep his mem-  
ory green."

ALL the talk about "settling the  
tariff question before taking up  
silver coinage is nonsense." The  
tariff question will never be settled  
as long as a single custom house  
remains. The most injurious and  
iniquitous features of the system  
can be removed, and will be as  
soon as the democrats gain control  
of congress and elect a president.  
But the whole system of taxing peo-  
ple on their necessities instead of  
on their possessions is wrong, and,  
being wrong, it can never be settled  
until it is abolished.

THE DEMOCRAT believes Sedalia  
is thoroughly in earnest in the mat-  
ter of rock roads, and Sedalia has  
a good chance to make a practical  
demonstration of that earnestness  
by going to work and making the  
road—or the street rather—to the  
cemetery what it ought to be. It  
will cost some money, but Sedalia  
is perfectly able to stand the ex-  
pense. Every enterprising, public  
spirited citizen will give something  
toward an improvement that every-  
body admits the need of.

THE *Gazette* talks of the "re-  
demption of Missouri." Our con-  
temporary is twenty years behind  
the times. Missouri was redeemed  
when the republican party was  
overthrown, and her prosperity has  
been wonderful. The campaign  
carried on against the state by the  
*Globe-Democrat* has hurt it some,  
but the people of the state have re-  
buked that campaign just as the  
citizens of Sedalia lately rebuked  
the course of the *Gazette*.

THE DEMOCRAT is pleased to  
learn that Messrs. Theo. H. Fisher  
and A. W. Archer have leased the

*Sentinel* office and will continue the  
publication of that paper. They  
are deserving young men, good  
printers, and will publish a paper  
of which the republicans of Pettis  
county may well feel proud. May  
they meet with abundant success—  
in everything except politics.

JERRY SIMPSON says Weaver  
and Polk will be the third party  
ticket for president and vice-presi-  
dent, and then his imagination  
asserted itself and he predicted that  
his party would elect one hundred  
members of congress this fall and  
carry eight states. What a novelist  
Jerry would make!

THE Nebraska democrats in their  
state convention adopted resolutions  
endorsing Cleveland's administra-  
tion, but refused to instruct their  
delegates to the national convention.  
A resolution favoring free coinage  
of silver was defeated by a close  
vote. Gov. Boyd heads the dele-  
gation to Chicago.

A DISPATCH to the St. Louis  
*Chronicle* says that Senators Vest  
and Gorman are trying to make  
peace between the rival demo-  
cratic factions in New York, with  
the view of securing the solid sup-  
port of the party for Cleveland.

THE United States has paid Italy  
\$25,000 indemnity for the killing of  
three Italians at New Orleans. The  
money is to be distributed among  
the heirs of the dead men.

THE ladies of Missouri are tak-  
ing a deep interest in the state's  
exhibit at the World's fair.

### ANECDOTES OF 'GENE' FIELD.

Some Escapades in the Old Days  
When He was a Mere  
"Pot Boil."

The following from the *Republic*  
will be of interest to those who  
know and appreciated Eugene  
Field:

"When Eugene Field became a  
member of the editorial staff of the  
St. Louis *Journal*, in 1872, he found  
a bunch of congenial spirits already  
gathered together. Eugene had  
made some little reputation in St.  
Joseph, but he came to this city  
without much hope of the great  
rewards promised him. He found  
on the *Journal* staff Stanley Water-  
loo, Major Emory S. Foster, R. M.  
Field and others who have since  
become almost as famous as him-  
self. The paper was then published  
on the top floor of the Jaccard  
Building, Fourth and Locust. In  
1875 it was removed to Fifth street,  
where Alexander R. Webb and  
Clarence N. Howell were added to  
the staff. Eugene was always full  
of practical jokes, which he played  
on every possible occasion.

I remember that in 1875 the pro-  
prietors of the *Journal* fitted up the  
third floor of the building, 111  
North Fifth street, as a sleeping  
department for such members of  
the editorial staff as were unmar-  
ried and had no permanent place of  
abode. Those who occupied the  
rooms were Messrs. Webb, Haynes,  
Reifsnider and the writer. Every-  
thing was in apple-pie order, ex-  
cept that there were no pillows,  
and when Mr. Haynes borrowed  
one from his sister-in-law he be-  
came at once the envy of all his  
contemporaries.

One morning Eugene Field said:  
"Boys, you seem to be getting  
along very nicely upstairs. You  
need something to stir you up.  
You sleep too late. I'll fix that."

And he did. The next morning  
at 8 o'clock the sleeping editorial  
writers were aroused by the pres-  
ence of smoke in dense quantities.  
Jumping from their beds they found  
the carpet burned in a semicircle  
half way across the room and it  
was some time before they suc-  
ceeded in stamping out the fire.  
This incident broke up the bache-  
lor's hall, but Eugene never con-  
fessed to his incendiarism.

In 1873 Mr. Field went to Jeffer-  
son City as the capital correspond-  
ent. The governor gave a grand  
masquerade ball and Eugene made a  
bet that he would attend without a  
mask and not be recognized. At  
that time he wore side-whiskers and  
a light mustache. Shaving these  
off, he garbed himself as a monk  
and walked into the mansion with  
an enormous bible in his hands.  
He won his wager, but a case of  
pneumonia resulted and for many  
days he lay at death's door. Speak-  
ing of it afterwards he said:

"I am now firmly convinced that  
sickness is a preparation for death.  
I listened with perfect composure  
to the consultation of the physicians  
and heard with real pleasure their  
verdict that the chances were all  
against me. I had no further in-  
terest in life, but reached out with  
longings for a sight of heaven."

But he lived to become the funny  
paragrapher of the *Chicago News*.

### AMUSEMENTS.

#### "His Nibs, the Baron."

All the latest operatic hits and  
popular songs are introduced in  
"His Nibs, The Baron." The  
company appearing is said to be an  
unusually versatile one, each and  
every member aside from giving a  
portrayal of the part assigned con-  
tributes a specialty. At the opera  
house Friday, Saturday and Sat-  
urday matinee, April 15 and 16.

#### People's Party Club.

Fifty-seven men promised them-  
selves to support the issues of the  
people's party, at the office of the  
*Truth*. The club was organized on  
the heels of the speaking at the  
court house Wednesday night.

The club elected the following  
officers: President, G. J. Gross-  
hans; vice-president, S. C. Chap-  
man; secretary and treasurer,  
Tony B. Honkomp.

#### Rank Fraud.

From the Democrat-News.

Rev. A. R. Faris' excellent ser-  
mon on "The Relation of Christian  
Science to Christianity," delivered  
last Sunday at 11 o'clock excited  
much interest. Though that per-  
nicious doctrine or belief had about  
died out in this county, yet there  
were enough followers of Mrs.  
Eddy, the Massachusetts High  
Priestess of that order, left here to  
warrant a notice of the vile tenets  
she tries to impress upon her mis-  
guided followers. The reverend  
gentleman quoted her exact words  
in definition of things sacred  
and profane, and to say her  
cold blooded, iconoclastic, impious  
explanation of such matters as  
good people hold most dear and  
holy was shocking is to but feebly  
state the truth. She denies the  
existence of mind, matter, death,  
God, and in fact, everything, and  
leaves her poor deluded followers  
absolutely nothing to believe or dis-  
believe. Her vile book neglects to  
tell us, death being purely imagi-  
nary, just why and how it happened  
that she allowed a couple of hus-  
bands to die upon her hands, and  
never made effort to prolong their  
lives as she claims she will do in  
her own case.

Byron disposed of such argu-  
ment seventy years ago by saying:

"When Bishop Berkley said there was  
no matter, and proved it, it was no matter what  
he said."

Mr. Faris was most earnest in  
his plea for Christianity, and warn-  
ed religious people against the vain  
philosophy of such people as ut-  
terly ignored sacred things, and set  
up for themselves a doctrine that  
eliminated God from their lives and  
hope from their hearts.

Upon the whole, the sermon was  
serio-comic; serious, the minister  
being most earnest in his plea for  
Christianity, and comic, because of  
the idea that sensible people should  
for a moment believe in sister Eddy's  
teachings. It is needless to add  
that such a book could have been  
written nowhere else but in Massa-  
chusetts.

Old papers for sale at this office.

#### C. E. FLETCHER,

### DENTIST.

Rooms over 508 & 510 Ohio St.

#### CHAS. KOEPPEN,

### FLORIST!

BEFORE YOU BUY ELSEWHERE PLEASE  
inspect my stock of summer blooming  
plants and blooming shrubs. Hardy and  
Tee roses a specialty. Cut flowers always on  
hand.—Telephone 195.

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Architect for all the best buildings in the  
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and specifications prepared on short notice.

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OFFICE AND YARDS:

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Sedalia, Missouri.

Dealers in all kinds of lumber, sash, doors,  
blinds, mouldings, lath, shingles, plas-  
ter, lime and cement. Prompt attention  
given to estimates. If you are going to build  
let us make you prices. Telephone No. 11.

E. L. LOONEY, Resident Mgr.

It is said  
That W. J. Letts will sell you  
groceries cheaper than any other  
man in East Sedalia. Try him.

Telephone 92!

What for?

## FIRE

Is too hot to cook by  
in summer time.

## Money Lost

If you burn wood. Put your  
cook stoves on the shelf  
and buy your gasoline of

E. J. Miller & Son,

806 E. Third.—Hay Corn and Feed.

## Gladden

The hearts of your children and boys  
with one of JACOBS Bro's Spring Suits.  
If you will come and see them, you will  
be glad you came—for then you will see  
the real difference. They have a fit and  
style with them that, when once tried,  
make them trade winners and holders.

You Don't Know

What we have until you come and see  
them—and then we meet your economical  
ideas on them. Your one dollar will near-  
ly do the work of two with us, and we can  
suit you besides.

While Expounding

on what what we can do for you on little  
folks' apparel, we can promise you like  
adornment on men's goods; but no one  
appreciates the peculiar value of winning  
the good will of the boys better than

JACOBS BROS.

215 OHIO STREET.

Large Line of Clothing  
TO ARRIVE

This Week!

Watch our tables, Notice the  
New Patterns, Get our Prices,  
and see if you do not think they  
are good values for the money.

We shall aim to treat every-  
body right and everybody alike.

We wish it understood that we are cater-  
ing for the Railroad, Laboring and Farm-  
ing and City trade, as we carry goods for  
the masses. Look for 214 Ohio Street.

Chicago Cloth'ng Co.

LOOK FOR NO. 214 OHIO STREET.

## THIRD NATIONAL BANK.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

JOHN N. DALBY, Pres't. R. H. MOSES, Cashier.

A. P. MOREY, Vice Pres't. W. H. VAN WAGNER, Ass't.

Capital, \$100,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$30,000.

THIS BANK DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS AND SOLICITS THE ACCOUNTS  
of corporations, firms and individuals. DIRECTORS—James Glass, Morris Harter, John  
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MISSOURI TRUST COMPANY.

Capital, Paid in, \$200,000. Surplus, 30,000.

ACTS AS ADMINISTRATOR, EXECU-  
tor, Guardian, Curator, Assignee, Re-  
ceiver and Trustee. Accepts and exe-  
cutes Trusts of all kinds, whether created  
by will or under appointment of court.

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H. Ramsey.

FIVE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS.

Directors: O. A. Crandall, Pres't; F. A. Sampson, Vice Pres't; G. L. Faulhaber, Treas-  
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W. T. HUTCHINSON, President. JOHN D. CRAWFORD, Vice President.

ADAM ITTEL, Cashier. WM. H. POWELL, Jr., Ass't Cashier.

—No. 1975.

## Citizens' National Bank,

SEDALIA, MISSOURI. (Established 1872.)

Cash Capital, paid in, \$100,000.00.

Surplus fund, 35,000.00.

A general banking business transacted. Collections receive prompt attention.

Liberal accommodations to depositors.

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FOUR MILLION DOLLARS Combined Capital Stock.

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LOAN AND INVESTMENT ASSOCIATIONS.

COMBINED CAPITAL STOCK, \$4,000,000.

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president; J C Thompson, treasurer; R C Sneed, secretary; Jackson & Montgom-

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This association issues paid up certificates bearing 8 per cent; also a new series each

month; Loans made promptly. Call and see us before investing and securing a loan.

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FURNITURE DEALERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

Telegraph orders promptly attended to,  
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ANTERIAL ENBALMING—

A specialty. Night clerk at store.

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## AMUSEMENTS.

**WOOD'S OPERA HOUSE.**  
Two Nights, Commencing  
**FRIDAY NIGHT, APRIL 15**  
**HIS NIBS**  
—THE—  
**BARON!**  
Presented by a  
company of com-  
edians and com-  
ediennees. *Won-  
derful Mirror  
Dance.* All the  
songs of Mr. Ed-  
ward Harrigan's  
New York success  
"The Last of the Hogans," will be sung.

**SATURDAY --- MATINEE.**

**WOOD'S OPERA HOUSE.**

**WED'Y, --- APRIL 20.**

E. W. Varney Jr.'s  
\$10,000 Scenic Production,  
**THE VENDETTA.**

Introducing the actor of the day—W. A. WHITEHEAD, assisted by suitable players. The great collision scene in mid ocean. Two immense ocean steamships. Marvelous mechanical effects.

**NOVELTY after NOVELTY**

**WOOD'S OPERA HOUSE**

**THURSD'Y, APR. 21**

—LECTURE BY HON.—

**GEO. W. ALLEN.**

—OF ST. LOUIS—

**OBAMA HERRING.** Illustrated by **PASSION PLAT.** (Stereoscopic views, photographed from the actual group upon the stage. Tickets 75c. Tickets for sale at Fleischman's drug store. Seats may be reserved without charge at Wood's Opera House Drug Store.

**J. J. FRANKLIN,**

**Architect.**

Plans and specifications made for all classes of buildings. Every estimate guaranteed. Third floor, Minter building. Office hours, 12 m. to 2 p. m.

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**Mo. Central Lumber Co.**

Cheap Building Material of all kinds.

OFFICE AND YARD, North of Union depot, on Kentucky st., Sedalia, Mo.

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**Fine Livery!**

Carriages with experienced drivers.

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**COAL AND WOOD!**

Wholesale or retail. A large stock of various grades of COAL, WOOD IN CORD and STOVE LENGTHS. Also Feed, Gasoline, Oil, etc. We also put in sidewalks and curbing. Telephone 43. Yard and Office 819 East Third street.

**WHIPPLE COAL CO.**

**RAILROAD TIME-CARDS.**

**Missouri, Kansas and Texas R'y.**

**SOUTHBOUND.** MAIN LINE. Arrive. Leave.

No. 1, Texas Express, 5:45 p. m. 6:15 p. m.

No. 3, " " 8:55 a. m. 9:15 a. m.

**NORTHBOUND.** MAIN LINE. Arrive. Leave.

No. 2, Texas Express, 8:15 a. m. 10:40 a. m.

No. 4, Chicago Exp'r, 5:50 p. m. 6:10 p. m.

**Sedalia, Warsaw and Southern.**

**NORTH BOUND.** Arrives.

No. 200, Accommodation, 8:15 a. m.

**SOUTH BOUND.** Leaves.

No. 199, Accommodation, 3:00 p. m.

**Missouri Pacific R'y.**

**MAIN LINE.** WESTBOUND. Arrive. Leave.

No. 1 Day Express, 3:25 p. m. 3:35 p. m.

No. 3 Night Express, 3:15 a. m. 3:25 a. m.

No. 5 Local Pass'g'r, 3:15 p. m. 3:40 p. m.

No. 7 Fast Mail, 7:55 a. m. 8:00 a. m.

No. 9 Texas Express, 4:55 a. m.

No. 7 does not carry passengers.

**MAIN LINE.** EASTBOUND. Arrive. Leave.

No. 2 Day Express, 12:35 p. m. 12:40 p. m.

No. 4 Night Exp'r, 11:55 p. m. 12:01 a. m.

No. 6 Local Pass'g'r, 10:40 a. m. 10:45 a. m.

No. 8 Night Exp'r, 12:40 a. m. 12:45 a. m.

**Lexington Branch.** WESTBOUND. Arrive. Leave.

No. 193 Colorado Exp's, 5:05 a. m.

No. 191 Local Pass'g'r, 3:45 p. m.

No. 197 Local Freight, 10:55 a. m.

**EASTBOUND.** Arrive. Leave.

No. 192 St. Louis Exp's, 10:30 p. m.

No. 194 Local Passenger, 10:30 p. m.

No. 198 Local Freight, 3:00 p. m.

**The Celebrated French Cure.**

Warranted "APHRODITE" or money refunded.

Is sold on a

**POSITIVE GUARANTEE**

to cure any form of nervous disease or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex, whether arising from the excess of the use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion, over indulgence, &c., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wasting, Bearing down Pains in the back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Nocturnal Emissions, Leucorrhoea, Disinclination, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price \$1.00 a box 6 boxes for \$5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

**A WRITTEN GUARANTEE** is given for every \$5.00 order received, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. We have thousands of testimonials from old and young of both sexes, who have been permanently cured by the use of Aphrodite. Circulars free. Mention paper.

**THE APHRODITE MEDICINE CO.** CHICAGO, ILL.

**FOR SALE BY OVERSTREET & WILLIAMS.**

## The Conditions of Success.

From the New York World.  
The next president must be a democrat.

Without that it would be impossible to embody in law those ideas and those reforms for which democracy stands—taxation for the government's needs, not for the enrichment of monopolies; economical administration; home rule; just government and a perfectly free people.

These are ideas which an overwhelming majority of the people desire to see written in the statute book. In order that it may be done the next president must be a democrat, and in order that the next president may be a democrat, certain conditions must be fulfilled.

The national democratic convention must be left free to select a surely winning candidate. Its choice should not be hampered by instructions to delegates. The states which cannot contribute any electoral votes should resolutely put aside their own preferences so far as to let the states that elect select. Preferences and prejudices and personal partisanship, whether for one man or another, should be subordinated to the one great purpose of choosing a candidate who can win.

2. The candidate must be one who can surely carry New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Indiana. The votes of those states are absolutely necessary to the election of a democratic president. If the candidate can also be one who has a chance of winning electoral votes in states usually republican, so much the better. But there should be no hazarding of democratic states for the chance of winning other states from the adversary.

3. The issues of the campaign must be kept as simple as possible and as free as possible from the "fads" of this or that faction. The platform should antagonize the record, the spirit and the work of the Fifty-first congress and of the present administration. There is issue enough to win with in that, any attempt to add other issues will simply weaken the cause for the campaign.

4. When the platform is made and the candidate selected, every citizen, democrat or independent, who desires the overthrow of McKinleyism, force bill methods, billion dollar extravagances and corruption in administration, must put aside his whims and fancies, forget his disappointments, if he has any, and work and vote for the ticket for the sake of what its success will mean, even though the names upon it are not those he preferred.

These are the conditions of democratic success this year. These are the terms on which the reforms desired by all democrats and all independents may be wrought. If they are loyally accepted—

*The next president will be a democrat.*

**W. J. Lemp's Buck Beer will be on tap in all the principal saloons to-morrow.**

**"Chunks of Good Things."**

The *Sun* in the past few months has heard many kind expressions regarding our city, but none are more entitled to publicity than the chunks of good things that have recently fallen from the tongue of George Sinclair, the ever affable assistant of Wm. O'Connell, chief clerk of joint accounts of the auditor's department of the M. & T. railroad. George is a city bred young man and his home is in Chicago, and like most young men from large cities usually has an abhorrence for small towns, but his stay in Parsons has opened his eyes in reference to small places, and none are more enthusiastic than he over the removal of the offices here. His face a few weeks after his arrival bore traces of discontent and kicks were common, but the warm congeniality of our people has caused the once sad and depressed look on George's handsome countenance to fade away and in its stead a how-contented and happy-I-am-now expression is ever to be seen. In short George has no kicks coming now and would not exchange his present happy state for a place near the throne of the Goddess of Liberty, which is a compliment to our city, and which words cannot portray, as George is an enthusiastic admirer of the great goddess and her lesser subjects of the feminine type. He has already cast his eyes about for a cozy six-room cottage, which leads the *Sun* to infer that he intends to forsake his bachelorhood and make this his permanent home. —Parsons Sun.

The only explanation of this strange freak on the part of George is that he is either "locoed" or has been hypnotized. He certainly did not "pour forth his soul" in this manner when he was in Kansas City seeing "Sinbad" about two weeks ago. How about it, George?

**Destroyed His Church.**

Rev. W. T. Lewis, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at

Warrensburg, arrived during the forenoon and will attend the stewards' meeting of the Sedalia district.

Rev. Lewis informed a DEMOCRAT representative that the storm on April 1st in his section not only rendered his church useless for all practical purposes, but damaged it so badly as to require the erection of another building.

**ITALY'S ACCOUNT SETTLED.**

The United States Paid \$25,000 For the Families of the Victims of the New Orleans Tragedy.

LONDON, April 15.—A dispatch received here from Rome says that a series of messages has passed between Mr. Blaine, the American secretary of state, and the Marquis Imperiali, Italian charge d'affaires at Washington, resulting in a settlement of the differences between Italy and the United States growing out of the lynching of Italians at New Orleans.

According to this dispatch the Marquis Imperiali has advised the Italian government that he has received from the United States government the sum of \$25,000 for the families of the victims. This money, he adds, was accompanied by a note from Secretary Blaine, in which he declared that, although the wrong was not committed directly by the United States, the latter nevertheless felt its solemn duty in the premises.

In his note replying to Mr. Blaine's communication the marquis imperiali says that Italy had already with pleasure noted the terms in which President Harrison referred to the matter in his message at the opening of congress. The marquis further says that Italy considers the indemnity sufficient without prejudice to any action at law that may be brought by the aggrieved parties. He also expresses the hope that the payment of the indemnity will result in the happy re-establishment of relations between the two governments.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Inquiry confirms the statement from Rome that complete and amicable settlement has been reached in the international difficulties between the United States and Italy, growing out of the New Orleans tragedy, on the terms set forth. It is understood that the money was taken from the annual appropriation of \$80,000 to enable the president to provide for unforeseen emergencies on the diplomatic and consular service, so that it will be unnecessary to call upon congress for a specific appropriation.

**MICHIGAN REPUBLICANS.**

Meeting of the State Convention—Gen. Alger's Candidacy For the Presidency Indorsed.

DETROIT, Mich., April 15.—The state republican convention assembled in Detroit rink and ex-congressman Edward P. Allen, of Ypsilanti, was elected temporary chairman by acclamation. He made a brief but enthusiastic speech, predicting republican success in the coming campaign, and his allusions to Gen. Alger, Secretary Blaine and President Harrison were wildly applauded.

The enthusiasm of the day reached its climax when M. H. Duffield, of this city, presented the following resolutions indorsing Gen. Alger's candidacy for the presidency.

Resolved, That we commend the administration of President Harrison as conspicuously able, pure and wise. It adds another proof of the safety of the country when its affairs are managed by the republican party.

Resolved, That the republicans of Michigan, desiring only the success of the party which saved the union and renewing their pledge of loyalty to its principles and its candidates, and recognizing the great worth and strong availability of their generous and noble-hearted fellow-citizens, that gallant soldier, statesman, that friend of the poor, and successful man of business, Gen. Russell A. Alger (Cheers) do hereby unanimously and most earnestly recommend him to the republican national convention at Minneapolis as their nominee for president, believing that his nomination if made will lead to a glorious republican victory.

The resolutions, together with all others, were referred to the committee and later reported back in a modified form and adopted amid applause. Resolutions were also adopted condemning the Michigan gerrymander law and the Springer wool bill, and approving the McKinley tariff law, the existing financial legislation and the diplomacy and reciprocity doctrine of Secretary Blaine and the republican national administration. Every allusion to Secretary Blaine and Gen. Alger was loudly applauded.

**Florida Republicans.**

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 15.—The republican state convention has finally elected delegates at large to the Minneapolis convention. They are instructed to vote for Harrison for president as long as his name appears before the convention. The McKinley bill was indorsed and regret was expressed that the force bill was not passed. The democratic election law in Florida is spoken of in bitter terms as dishonorable, and the platform closes by declaring that in view of the present ballot box law, it is deemed useless to place any republican ticket in the field this year, either national, congressional or state. Adjourned.

**Kansas Teachers in Session.**

EMPORIA, Kan., April 15.—The first session of the Kansas Central Union Teachers' association was held last evening. Among the notables present were Chancellor Snow, of the state university at Lawrence, Hon. Martin Mohler, secretary of the Kansas board of agriculture; Prof. J. N. Walters, of the Agricultural college, and others. Papers were read by Prof. I. C. McNeill, of Kansas City, Mo., and Chancellor Snow, and an interesting programme was rendered.

The Italian ministry has resigned, owing to dissensions in regard to financial measures.

Easter offerings at Fleischman's drug store, to-day and Saturday.

Carpenters tools at Hoffman Bros.

For Sale.

A fresh Jersey cow. Inquire at 401 West Second.

Subscribe for the DEMOCRAT.

## A TRAIN HELD UP.

This Occurred on the Illinois Central in Louisiana.

**ABOUT THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS.**

This Said to Be the Amount Obtained—The Mail and Express Car Entered By Three Masked Men—Bloodhounds on the Trail.

NEW ORLEANS, April 15.—A daring and successful train robbery was committed last night within seventy-seven miles of this city.

The amount carried by the railroad is said by them to be small and hardly commensurate with the great risks incurred.

Passenger train No. 2 of the Illinois Central northbound left the city at the usual hour last evening. It was in charge of Engineer James and Conductor Robertson. The train proceeded on its way north without incident and such a thing as a robbery was not thought of and least of all apprehended.

When the train reached Hammond station a man boarded the engine.

To the surprise of the engineer and fireman the uninvited passenger thrust into their faces a big gleaming pistol. The railroad men were ordered to go ahead. The demand was obeyed reluctantly, but with seeming good grace.

Passenger train No. 2 was scheduled to meet No. 3 at Independence and to take the siding at that point. To this little station, therefore, the engineer piloted his train of human freight, who little conjectured that their guide was at the time under coercion and apprehension of his own life. When No. 2 reached Independence, the siding was taken and the switch barely locked when the southbound train came thundering along. It is not customary for trains to stop at meeting points and the southbound train proceeded on its way to New Orleans without the slightest knowledge that the train they left behind was about to be robbed.

The southbound train had scarcely flitted by when two men, confederates of the man on the engine, skipped nimbly aboard and joined their "pal." The engineer was ordered to reverse the engine and at Newson's mill, about seventy-seven miles from the city, was told to come to a halt.

The engineer and fireman were then used by the robbers as a parleying party, and were instructed to go to the express car and to order the messenger to open his car, which was complied with. An entrance into the car which bears the treasures of the express company as well as that of Uncle Sam was then effected by the robbers.

The safe was emptied of its contents. Having completed their work the knights of the road disappeared in the darkness, leaving the mails and the passengers undisturbed.

The train proceeded on its way north and when it reached Angipahoe the news was telegraphed back to this city.

Superintendent Fisher of the express company, said that the amount carried off by the train robbers would hardly exceed \$3,000, in his opinion.

Every effort is being made by the express and railroad officials and the state officials to ferret out the robbers.

Blood hounds were sent for. The dogs will be conveyed to the scene by special train. The robbery occurred at 8:45 p. m.

**LATTER-DAY SAINTS.**

Seventh day of the Conference and the Interest Not Diminished.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., April 15.—Still there is no prophecy from the president of the Church of Latter-Day Saints. The meeting yesterday was not marked with anything out of the ordinary, and while the laying on of hands and anointing of the sick went on, the business session was devoted to hearing reports of the various quorums and to listening to testimony of the members who spoke of the revelations made to them.

One member was scored in the report for using tobacco. While this is the seventh day of the conference there is no diminution of interest taken by the members, and the prayers and testimony are as fervent as they were on the first day.

**MISSOURI HOMEOPATHISTS.**

Adjournment of the Sixteenth Annual Session—Election of Officers.

ST. LOUIS, April 15.—The Missouri institute of homeopathic physicians closed its sixteenth annual session yesterday, adjourning to meet next year in Kansas City. The sessions have been devoted entirely to the reading of technical papers. Election of officers resulted as follows: Dr. James A. Campbell, St. Louis, president; Dr. H. W. Westover, St. Joseph, first vice-president; Dr. A. C. Williamson, Springfield, second vice-president; Dr. William P. Cutler, Kansas City, secretary; Dr. L. C. McElwee, St. Louis, provisional secretary; Dr. W. B. Morgan, St. Louis, treasurer; Drs. J. T. Hather, J. H. Ravold, W. J. Harris, J. C. Cummins and Dr. Berzer, board of censors.

**BLIZZARD IN THE NORTHWEST.**

Rain Gave Place to a Heavy Snow—The Wind Very Strong—Telegraphic Communication Interrupted.

CHICAGO, April 15.—Advices from northern Illinois, southern Wisconsin, Iowa and in fact the whole northwest report a severe April blizzard raging. The rain of Wednesday has given place to a heavy snow, the high wind being unabated. The weather is growing colder. Telegraph and telephone communication is greatly interfered with and long distance telegraphing is an impossibility to-day. To an almost unprecedented extent the circuits stretching from Chicago became affected last night.

Thursday morning a furious snow, wind and rainstorm seemed to cover the larger portion of the United States, Iowa in the lead with eighteen inches of snow on the level. From Cleveland, O., to Denver, Col., was apparently the

worst stretch, and in the region between the two cities named the wrecked and bedraggled strings of wires were in almost a comatose condition.

At Rochelle, Ill., a severe snowstorm and blizzard is raging. Over two inches of snow has fallen and at Galena, Ill., a fierce blizzard and blinding snowstorm is raging. Telegraph communication is badly interrupted.

At Sioux Falls, S. D., the heavy rain-storm of Tuesday turned into a blinding snowstorm at 6 o'clock yesterday morning, which continued throughout the day, and last night it was still snowing, with the wind in the north and slightly colder. Seven inches of snow fell and it is very heavy so that drifting was impossible. According to reports the storm appears to have been general throughout the state.

At Watertown, S. D., the storm which set in Tuesday night still prevails, and the Sisseton boomers have lodged themselves in front of the land office with dry goods boxes to protect them from the elements.

A fierce blizzard is raging at Stuart, Ia., which will prove very disastrous to early fruits. Snow has been falling for twelve hours.

At Boone, Ia., the storm which has been raging for some time has so increased in fury as to be now a fearful blizzard. All telegraph and telephone wires are down and all business suspended.

**INSTALLING THE KHEDIVE.**

The Ceremonies Took Place Amid Much Pomp—Congratulations Received.

CAIRO, April 15.—The investiture of the khedive took place at the Abdin palace amid much pomp. All the British and Egyptian troops were massed in Abdin square, fronting the palace. Tribunes were erected on the sides of the square and were filled with officials and others. The khedive and his ministers assembled on a dais in front of the palace, where they received Ahmed Eyyub Pasha, the sultan's ambassador. The firman of investiture was read by an official, who also read a telegram from the sultan conferring upon the khedive the administration of the Sinai peninsula.

Upon the conclusion of the reading the assembled troops thrice saluted the sultan and a band played the Turkish anthem. After this the troops saluted the khedive three times and the Egyptian anthem was played. Then a salute of 102 guns was fired. The native spectators displayed the greatest enthusiasm throughout the ceremony.

Afterward the khedive received the congratulations of the ministers and diplomats. The city was decorated with flags and bunting, and the day was generally observed as a holiday.

**THE SOUTHERN FLOOD.**

Loss of Life in Mississippi Placed at 250—Many Homeless.

JACKSON, Miss., April 15.—The lowest estimate placed on the loss of life in the flooded district is 250, all of whom are negroes.

Most of the damage is in the vicinity of Columbus, which is on the banks of the Tombigbee, but more than 3,000 families in the counties of Lowndes, Monroe and Noyabec are reported homeless and suffering for the necessities of life, which are being supplied now by private subscriptions.

A similar overflow occurred in 1874, but the waters are now even higher than then and suffering is bound to follow unless congress heeds the appeal for assistance.

**Damage From a Kansas Mad Dog.**

STERLING, Kan., April 15.—Five or six weeks ago a rabid dog passed up the south side of the Arkansas, three miles west of here, biting a mule, a pony and a number of head of cattle and hogs belonging to T. J. Harper, also stock owned by William Lemon and others. Mr. Harper has already lost over \$400 by this animal's depredations and the end is not yet, as two of Mr. Harper's steers and a hog are now "m'd." The animals became rabid at intervals ranging from twelve to thirty-even days after being bitten. The dog was not killed.

**Speaking for the World's Fair.**

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Gen. St. Clair, speaking this morning before the house world's fair committee in favor of the bill making an appropriation of \$7,000,000 for the fair, held that the government should be responsible for the cost of dedication and the award of medals and premiums. He said the government would be the first preferred creditor. The agricultural display alone at the Chicago fair would be greater than the entire centennial display at Philadelphia.

**An Alabama Official Absconds.**

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 15.—Louis A. Grant, chief deputy sheriff of Shelby county and acting sheriff absconded. To-day his wife received a letter dated New Orleans, giving the first news that he was a defaulter. He stated that he was then on the eve of sailing for South America. He had spent about \$10,000 of other people's money. He was administrator of a number of estates and was general manager of the Calera Land Co.

Wisconsin will send a solid Cleveland delegation to the democratic convention.

**COMPOUND INTEREST ILLEGAL.**

A Decision By One of the Judges of the Jackson County, Mo., Circuit Court.

LEXINGTON, Mo., April 15.—Two months ago Thomas Catron sued Lafayette county and obtained judgment of \$540, for compound interest on a debt of \$12,000 decreed to the plaintiff by the supreme court. The court at Independence, at which the judgment was rendered, directed an execution to the sheriff of Lafayette county, which official levied upon a part of the county poor farm, the only property available. County Attorney Aull argued a demurrer to the judgment, on the ground that compound interest was not legal. Yesterday he was notified by Judge James Gibson, of the Jackson county circuit court, that the demurrer had been sustained, and that the clerk of the court had been directed to quash the execution.

## BILLS PASSED.

The Senate Disposed of a Number in This Way.

**THE PRINTING OF SPEECHES.**

A Discussion of This Subject and Henry George's Book on Protection and Free Trade Consumed Two Hours in the House.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—At the close of the routine business yesterday morning, in the course of which resolutions of Boston merchants favoring the repeal of the silver law of 1890 were presented, the calendar was taken up in the senate and a number of bills were disposed of as follows:

Appropriating \$75,000 for the foundation and pedestal for a bronze statue of Christopher Columbus at the west entrance of the capitol grounds on Pennsylvania avenue, where the peace monument stands. Passed.

Granting to the Topeka Water and Electric Co. the right to erect dams across the Kansas



\$50,000. -- \$50,000.

**People's Bank**494 Ohio St. Cap'l \$50,000  
SEDALIA. SURPLUS, \$1,900GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANS-  
acted. Interest paid on deposits.**DIRECTORS--**Charles Hoffman, John Arnold,  
J. C. Van Riper, W. L. Porter, R.  
L. Hale, Jacob Brandt, John Mont-  
gomery, Jr.Bank open Saturdays and Rail-  
road pay-day evenings from 6:30 to  
8 p. m.W. L. PORTER, J. C. VAN RIPER,  
President. Cashier.**POLITICAL.****Sheriff.**The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce  
J. S. Hopkins as a candidate for the office  
of Sheriff of Pettis county, subject to the de-  
cision of the democratic party.The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce  
J. P. Kemp, of Heath's Creek township, a  
candidate for the office of sheriff of Pettis  
county, subject to the decision of the demo-  
cratic primaries.The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce  
Mont Carnes a candidate for the office of  
sheriff of Pettis county, subject to the de-  
cision of the democratic party.The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce  
the name of J. C. Porter as a candidate for  
sheriff of Pettis county, subject to the de-  
cision of the republican primaries or con-  
vention.**WEATHER REPORT**For the 24 Hours Ending 3 O'Clock  
P. M., April 14, 1892, Taken  
by C. G. Taylor.

Wind	Cloudiness in tenths	Temperature in tenths	Precipitation in inches
W.	5.	Max. 64° Min. 29°	0.00.

Barometer 29.48.

Weather for Missouri for twenty-four  
hours beginning at 8 a. m., this morning:  
Fair; warmer by Friday night.**LOST HER LOVER.****A SEDALIA YOUNG WOMAN IS  
MUCH TROUBLED.**Miss Kate Myers Finds Frank Green  
Living in Illinois With  
a Widow.It is becoming remarkably true  
that each day brings forth interest-  
ing events in Sedalia. The St.  
Louis Globe-Democrat of this morn-  
ing contains the following dispatch,  
dated Fairbury, Illinois, in refer-  
ence to parties locally well known:

"Grief exists in the heart of Miss  
Kate Myers, a good looking lady  
20 years of age, and residing at  
Sedalia, Mo. She arrived here  
Tuesday evening and inquired of  
the whereabouts of Mr. Frank  
Greene, who she claimed to be en-  
gaged to be married to soon, but  
that about a month ago, he, in com-  
pany with some young widow of  
Sedalia, left very suddenly, and that  
she had got her information from a  
reliable source that they resided  
here. She told the above story to  
Mr. Amos Brown, the city mar-  
shal, who went to work on the  
case at once. It did not take Mr.  
Brown long to find the pair he was  
looking for, as they both stopped  
at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry  
Wilburn, who, but a year ago, re-  
moved here from Sedalia. Miss  
Myers went rejoicing to the  
Wilburn home thinking that when  
the man she loved would see her  
he would at once ask forgive-  
ness and jilt the widow. He recog-  
nized her as soon as they met, but  
was very chilly. He did not ask to  
be forgiven, but after a lengthy con-  
versation promised to meet her  
at the hotel she stopped at, and that  
then they would settle amicably.  
When she informed Mr. Brown that  
a meeting had been arranged for,  
that gentleman advised her to have  
him arrested, but her love and  
faith was so strong that she thought  
he would come as per arrangements.  
She is still awaiting his coming, as  
apparently he must have had more  
urgent business somewhere else, he  
having not yet put in an appear-  
ance. Miss Myers also claims  
that Green is indebted to her, he  
having frequently obtained loans of  
money from her."

A DEMOCRAT reporter visited one  
of her sisters living on East Third  
street this morning in reference to  
the matter. She had heard nothing  
of the matter and was very much  
surprised when shown the article  
from the St. Louis paper. She was  
unaware that her sister had left the  
city and said that the young woman  
had passed through a great deal of  
trouble in her love affairs.

Miss Myers had until Monday  
been employed as a domestic at the  
residence of a well known family  
on East Seventh street. She was  
industrious and saved her wages.  
She has kept company with Green  
for a number of years, and the  
friends of both parties always sup-  
posed that they would marry. The  
young lady was quite devoted and

his part very much to heart.

About three years ago she had  
considerable money loaned out to a  
telegraph operator in this city, but  
who is now in Moberly. At that  
time Green left Sedalia and went to  
Kansas City, where he secured em-  
ployment in a livery stable. Short-  
ly afterwards, she told her rela-  
tives that Green wished her to come  
to Kansas City, where they would  
get married. She drew \$105 of her  
money from the operator which, to-  
gether with other amounts, made  
quite a little sum of money. She  
departed and nothing more was  
heard from her, until she came  
back one day penniless and very  
much dejected. She gave no reason  
why they had not married, and said  
that Green had spent all her money.  
The reporter's informant also said  
that Miss Myers had been giving  
Green money at different times for a  
considerable period.

A reporter visited her late em-  
ployer and found that the young  
lady left Monday night. She was  
persuaded not to go, but would lis-  
ten to no advice.

Green left Sedalia last February.  
The other woman in the case bears  
the name of Millie Gardner.

**Buckwurst Lunch.**

Don't fail to get some of the  
finest Buck beer in the world and  
also a first-class Buckwurst lunch at  
the Opera House bar to-morrow.  
Everybody cordially invited.

**PERSONALS.**

Prosecuting Attorney Longan  
made a flying trip to Clinton last  
evening.

C. D. Minter returned from a  
business trip to Lexington this  
morning.

Dick Barrett, with the freight de-  
partment of the K. C. & M., at  
Kansas City, is down to-day. Dick  
is right in line when it comes to  
freight business; in fact, he has a  
kite-shaped track record.

George Hubbard, deputy county  
clerk of Morgan county, is visiting  
in the city and will remain about a  
week.

Hon. George P. B. Jackson and  
Judge W. S. Shirk went to Jefferson  
City this morning to attend supreme  
court.

R. C. Sneed, the popular loan  
association man, is spending a day  
or two with Parsons people.

Hon. A. B. Logan, one of John-  
son county's leading lawyers, is in  
town to-day on professional busi-  
ness.

Judge Richard K. Field and wife  
came in over the Lexington branch  
this morning and departed on the  
first train out for St. Louis, where  
they go to visit their son.

C. S. Conrad, who has been vis-  
iting his wife and son at Alton, Illi-  
nois, returned home this morning.

Capt. R. P. Archer, formerly of  
Sedalia, now a resident of St.  
Louis, arrived on an early morning  
train and is a guest at Sicher's.

Judge Gibson and M. A. Fyke, of  
Kansas City, and W. M. Smith, of  
St. Louis, were in the city this  
morning and were callers at the  
DEMOCRAT office. Judge Gibson  
speaks at Moberly to-night.

Col. Joseph Davis, of Walker,  
Vernon county, is in the city, guest  
of Dr. Small.

Mr. and Mrs. Frankle, of Trini-  
dad, Colo., after a very pleasant  
visit to the family of Dr. Small and  
other Sedalia friends, departed this  
morning for St. Louis. After pay-  
ing their respects to that city they  
will visit Chicago.

Hon. Mont Carnes and wife are  
entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Robert  
Edwards, of Brookfield, who arrived  
in the city last night.

Hon. Mont Carnes returned from  
St. Louis this morning, whither he  
went a few days since to attend an  
extensive meeting of the A. O.  
U. W. grand officers, to make  
preparations for the state celebra-  
tion of that order that is to be held  
in the "Future Great" May 12th.

Mr. F. J. North, senior student  
at Central college, Fayette, ate  
supper at Sicher's last night. He  
departed at 11:55 for Franklin  
county, his home, called thither by  
telegram announcing the serious  
illness of his father.

Col. H. P. Farris of Clinton passed  
through this morning en route home  
from California.

Hillard Brewster, of Boonville,  
has decided to remain in the city  
during the time he will be un-  
der Miss Gallie's vocal tuition.  
He will perhaps be in the city sev-  
eral months. Mr. Brewster is  
quite a promising songster and has  
received instruction in Europe.  
Tuesday night he will assist in an  
entertainment at Fayette.

W. J. Edwards, brother-in-law of  
Hon. Mont Carnes, and for a  
number years a resident of Sedalia,  
arrived here last evening from  
Brookfield and will remain with  
Sedalia friends the remainder of  
the week. Billy is now running an  
engine on the Hannibal and St.  
Joe road from Brookfield to Kan-  
sas City.

**Easter Offerings!**MANY NEW GOODS.  
MANY NOVELTIES.

We want your trade. We  
have goods that you need, and  
we make a low bid for your pat-  
ronage. Will we get it? We  
shall see!

**DO YOU WANT**

An Easter Hat? We have  
them. Do you want artificial  
flowers? We have them in a  
large assortment, in grades,  
styles and prices at unheard of  
low prices:

35c Roses, rubber stems, 10c;  
\$1.50 Velvet roses, 75c;  
\$1.50 Silk Poppies, 75c;  
And so on through our entire  
line, showing the largest assort-  
ment of flowers ever shown in  
Sedalia, and saving you 100  
per cent—just half what you  
pay elsewhere.

Our trimmer will trim you a  
hat at little cost, and guarantee  
to suit you.

**LACE.**

We have some late patterns  
in Linen Lace. Black and  
cream silk Lace, 10c, 15c and  
20c up.

**HOSIERY.**

Good fast black Ladies'  
Hose, 10c.  
Fine seamless, fast black  
black Hose, 15c.  
And better goods 20c, 25c,  
50c and \$1.00.  
Black and fancy stripe Hose,  
in opera lengths.  
Misses' seamless, ribbed  
Hose, 10c.  
Gents' fancy seamless half  
Hose, 12½c.

**CORSETS.**

A special feature is our Cor-  
set department. Having the  
agency for the renowned Jack-  
son Corset waist. Price \$1.00.  
Warner's Coraline Corset 79c.  
Dr. Ball Health Preserving  
Corset, 79c.  
A splendid Corset for 50c.  
A hipless Corset worth \$1.00  
for 60c.

**UNLAUND SHIRTS.**

Fine N. Y. Mills muslindou-  
ble front and back, linen  
bosom, cuffs and collar bands,  
continuous band facings, 50c  
each, worth \$1.00.  
3 good Window Shades on  
spring rollers, \$1.00.

**POCKET BOOKS.**

I have just purchased a sam-  
ple line of fine Pocket Books,  
Purses, Card Cases and Gents'  
Bill Books and Wallets. These  
are fine goods, consisting of  
seal, alligator and rattlesnake  
skins and fine morocco, making  
the finest line of these goods  
shown in this market. Now is  
your time to buy a good Book  
at lowest price.

I also have a line of Station-  
ery, Specialties in Tablets,  
Pencils, Pens and Penholders,  
Blank Books, about half price.

Now is the time to lay in a  
supply and save money. Come  
before these goods are gone,  
for we cannot get them again.

**SHOES.**

Our SHOE department is  
complete; carry all the staple  
goods, and handling nothing  
but good, serviceable ones.  
Our large shoe trade is in itself  
a guarantee that we give the  
best value for the money. A  
few lots of shoes we are closing  
out at specially low prices.  
Call and see them.

Don't forget our line of  
ladies' and misses' Oxfords.  
Our prices are all right!

**TINWARE.**

We always lead, never fol-  
low. We are selling more bar-  
gains to the square inch than  
you can imagine.

Hunter's best Flour Sifter,  
17c, worth 25c.  
2 qt. Cups, 3c.  
2 pt. Cups, 5c.  
2 9-in. Pie Plates, 5c.  
Granite ware, Janned ware,  
all new Goods—No Chestnuts!  
We deal in Goods, not trash.  
A variety of goods to numer-  
ous to mention. Give us a  
call, as will be pleased to show  
you through.

N. D. CHASE,

**Racket Store,**  
313--OHIO ST.--313.**IN THEIR NEW HALL.**The G. A. R. Social Last Night a  
Grand Success.

Gen. George R. Smith post, G.  
A. R., Women's Relief Corps and  
Sons of Veterans celebrated the first  
meeting in their new hall in the Cas-  
sidy building last night by a pleas-  
ant and entertaining social. There  
were about 200 people present and  
the new quarters were the subject of  
much favorable criticism.

The G. A. R. never fails to have  
the best possible time, and the good  
fellowship of the members makes  
everyone feel at home. The fol-  
lowing programme was rendered in  
a manner that reflected much credit  
upon those who participated, and  
was thoroughly enjoyed by the  
listeners:

Music, "America," by the post,  
assisted by the audience.

Prayer by post chaplain, John  
Holman.

Music by the Mandolin club,  
Messrs. Whisman and Henney.

Recitation, "Campfire," by Com-  
rade J. L. Smith.

Recitation, "The Soldier's Son,"  
by Comrade J. A. Capen.

Music, piano solo, Miss Blanche  
Bronson.

Recitation by Mrs. B. L. Walker,  
"Sheridan's Ride."

Recitation, "Hancock at Gettys-  
burg," by Dr. Ira T. Bronson.

Speech by Post Adjutant W. H.  
Nichols.

The hospitable ladies of Women's  
Relief Corps spread an inviting and  
toothsome supper, and the guests  
enjoyed themselves hugely.

Dr. Bronson started a subscrip-  
tion to purchase the fine etching so  
much admired in Easteys' window.  
The amount was raised in a short  
time.

**W. J. Lemp's Buck Beer will be  
on tap in all the principal saloons  
to-morrow.**

**Buckwurst Lunch.**

Don't fail to get some of the  
finest Buck beer in the world and  
also a first-class Buckwurst lunch at  
the Opera House bar to-morrow.  
Everybody cordially invited.

**W. J. Lemp's Buck Beer will be  
on tap in all the principal saloons  
to-morrow.**

**Carpenters tools at Hoffman  
Bros.**

**A Pretty Window.**

The ladies of the First Baptist  
church have a window at Mr.  
Fleischman's drug store to-day and  
to-morrow for the purpose of selling  
Easter offerings. There are many  
pretty gifts and it is well worth  
anyone's time to examine them.

Easter offerings at Fleischman's  
drug store, to-day and Saturday.

**Organized a Uniformed Rank.**

Queen City Lodge No. 52, Knights  
of Pythias, is organizing a uni-  
formed rank. Major General S. B.  
Prevost and Harry H. Allen, of  
Kansas City, addressed the lodge up-  
on the subject last night. Much in-  
terest was taken and about forty  
members signed the roll to become  
members.

The rank proposes to get in first  
class order for the encampment  
which meets at Kansas City in Au-  
gust.

**W. J. Lemp's Buck Beer will be  
on tap in all the principal saloons  
to-morrow.**

**Afraid of the Dentist.**

Officer McGee has been having a  
rather hard time of it during these  
cold nights. He has been suffering  
with a severe toothache and, while  
he has no fear of a burglar, yet he  
can not summon enough courage to  
tackle a dentist.

**Spring lamb at Stevenson's.****Old Settlers Talk.**

The old settlers' reunion of Mon-  
iteau, Howard, Cooper, Pettis and  
Morgan counties met at the court  
house at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

There were quite a number pres-  
ent and a pleasant time was had in  
discussing old times. The meet-  
ing adjourned until 10 o'clock to-  
morrow.

**For Sale.**

At Queen City Green House, all  
kinds of house and bedding plants,  
bulbs, roses, vines, etc., of all de-  
scriptions. Cut flowers, bouquets,  
etc. Funeral designs made to  
order at short notice. Also cab-  
bage and tomato plants.

Yours respectfully,  
JAMES JENKINS,  
909 Osage street, Sedalia, Mo.

See J. H. Kinkead & Company  
at 114 Kentucky street if you want  
a sewing machine at a bargain.

**D. E. KENNEDY,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

With Hon. John H. Bothwell, Attorney  
and Counselor.

OFFICE:—Dempsey Building, Rooms  
26 and 28. Practice where  
Business calls.

Old papers for sale at this office.

**BENEFIT OF CITY HOSPITAL FUND!****James Whitcomb Riley,****THE GREAT POET--HUMORIST,**

WILL BE HERE

**Tuesday Evening, April 19.**

ASSISTED BY

**Fine Vocal Talent & Military Band.****To Investors.**

We have on hand several farm  
loans bearing seven per cent. inter-  
est, secured on improved Pettis  
county farms worth twice to four  
times the amount loaned. Those  
wishing to lend money on absolutely  
safe security, and where interest  
payments will be punctual, can find  
no better investments. We can  
place any sum from \$300 up.

MOREY &amp; CRAWFORD.

**Save Your Money by Spending It**  
in the purchase of tickets over the  
M., K. & T. to all points in Kansas,  
Indian territory, Texas, Mexico  
and California. Double daily train  
service, with free reclining chair  
cars on all trains. Perfect Pullman  
Buffet sleeping car service between  
Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City,  
Hannibal, Sedalia, Fort Scott, Par-  
sons and Denison, Fort Worth,  
Dallas, Waco, Austin, San Antonio,  
Houston and Galveston. For  
routes, rates, maps, time tables or  
other information, call on or ad-  
dress,

E. B. PARKER,  
Ass't. Gen. Pass'g'r. Ag't., 509  
Chestnut St., St. Louis, Mo.

W. G. GRAHAM,  
Gen'l. Ticket Ag't., Parsons, Kas.

**James Whitcomb Riley sale of  
seats is unusually large--secure  
your seats early.**

Subscribe for the DEMOCRAT, and  
get the news while it is news.

**SEDALIA**  
**Building & Loan**  
Ass'n. of Sedalia, Mo.

CAPITAL STOCK, - \$1,000,000.

DIRECTORS:  
C. G. TAYLOR, President. S. P. JOHNS,  
C. RICHARDSON, Secretary. J. B. GALLIE,  
F. H. GUENTHER, Treasurer.

This Association pays on monthly sav-  
ings of 80 cents and upward, 12 per cent.  
compounded annually; on paid up stock 8  
per cent, payable semi-annually. No for-  
feiture of dividends. Loans money on real  
estate security at 7 1-5 per cent. interest.  
Stock issued monthly in consecutive series  
and matures definitely in seven years. Call  
on C. RICHARDSON, Sec'y,  
No. 111 Ohio St., SEDALIA, MO.

Now, therefore, I, Edward S. Lacey,  
comptroller of the currency, do  
hereby certify that The Citizens  
National Bank of Sedalia, in the City of  
Sedalia, in the County of Pettis and State of  
Missouri, is authorized to have succession for  
the period specified in its amended articles  
of association, namely, until close of busi-  
ness on April 9, 1912.

In testimony whereof witness my hand  
and seal of office this 5th day of April, 1892.  
[SEAL]  
E. S. LACEY,  
Comptroller of the Currency.  
No. 1971.

**SEDALIA**  
**Building & Loan**  
Ass'n. of Sedalia, Mo.

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In testimony whereof witness my hand  
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[SEAL]  
E. S. LACEY,  
Comptroller of the Currency.  
No. 1971.

**Mammoth Furniture House!**

118 &amp; 120 E. Third St.

Largest Stock, Lowest

Prices, Latest Designs in

Parlor Goods, Bedroom

Suites, Fine Chairs, Baby

Carriages, Etc., Etc.

BEFORE YOU BUY,

Call and Examine.



**James Whitcomb Riley's sim-  
ple verse has won a lasting place  
in the hearts of old and young.**

**Good Advice.**

Don't starve your stock when  
you can find corn, oats and hay at  
H. R. Brosing's, 1023 S. Ohio,  
corner Eleventh street. Also a full  
stock of groceries. Telephone 257.

**The Kite Track.**

Take the Sixteenth street car for  
where they are building the kite-  
shaped track.

**Bargains at Hoffman Bros.**

The Riley souvenir programme  
is a novelty in itself, representing  
109 of our progressive business  
firms.

**Sedalia Carpet Co.**

The largest stock, newest patterns,  
choicest colors, fresh goods right  
from the mills at less money than  
you can buy old goods.

**DO NOT BE DECEIVED**

by competitors telling you what  
you know is not so--come and see  
for yourselves. *Lace Curtains,  
Portieres, Window Shades, China  
Mattings, Rugs, &c., Very Cheap.*

**D. A. CLARK, Manager.**

Third and Lamine.



# Sedalia Weekly Democrat

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1892.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

## MISSING!

Myrtle Sturtevant Disappears from her Home at Columbus, Ohio.

## SUPPOSED SUICIDE?

She Leaves a Note Stating that It Will be Impossible to Find Her.

## Parents Craze With Grief.

The News Causes Intense Excitement and Sorrow Among the Young Lady's Friends in Sedalia.

The following article taken from the Columbus, Ohio, *Evening Dispatch*, of April 8th, will produce a profound sensation throughout the city of Sedalia:

"The mysterious disappearance of a young lady, who resides with her parents on West First avenue, without leaving the slightest clue to her whereabouts and under such circumstances as to lead her relatives to fear that she has been rash enough to take her own life, has caused a sensation on the North Side. The young lady was an accomplished musician and her character above reproach in every way, and her mother is overcome with grief at her daughter's actions.

About 12:30 o'clock last night a report was made at the city prison that Miss Myrtle Sturtevant, who resided at 427 West First avenue, had disappeared and the police were requested to look for her. She was described as being 22 or 23 years old, having black hair and dark eyes. She walks very erect and wore a brown dress with blue and yellow checks, and a blue hat with a white feather. It was reported that she left home at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, carrying no clothing except what she wore, was thought to have only about \$2.50 with her, and that she left a note for a gentleman friend of hers, saying that she was going away, and that it would be useless for her parents to look for her, as it would be impossible to find her.

A further investigation of the case by a *Dispatch* reporter developed the following:

The young lady is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Seth B. Sturtevant, and resided with her parents at 427 West First avenue, just west of Neil. Her name is Susie Myrtle Sturtevant, and she is known as Myrtle. Yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Sturtevant, who is a member of the Relief Corps of the G. A. R., went down town to attend a meeting of the corps, leaving her daughter at home. Miss Myrtle knew that her mother was also going to attend a social at King avenue M. E. church during the evening, and told her mother that she was going to call on Miss Hattie Mead, a young lady friend, who resides on Gill street, and that they would go up on Hunter street to see about a pupil that Miss Sturtevant thought she could get for piano lessons. After her mother had gone, she went to a grocery store in the neighborhood and secured change for a \$5 bill. She then returned home and left \$2.50 of the money in a bureau drawer and went away.

When Mrs. Sturtevant returned to the house in the evening her daughter had not returned, but she did not think anything of this, as she supposed, as a matter of course, that her daughter had remained at Miss Mead's for supper, and would go down town in the evening to attend a musical entertainment she had been talking about. She did not suspect that anything was wrong, and went to the social. After her return from there her daughter was still absent, and she became alarmed.

During the evening Mr. Thomas

Connell, a young and well-known business man of North High street, being vice-president of the firm of Carlile, Connell & Co., went to the home of Miss Mead to escort her home. He roomed at the Sturtevant home and was a regular attendant on the young lady. In

fact they were engaged to be married, and the wedding was to have taken place some time in the near future. When he reached the house he found she was not there, nor had she been there. He could not account for this, but upon reaching his room he received an explanation in the shape of a note, which said, as stated above, that it would be useless for her parents to look for her, as it would be impossible to find her.

This was a shock to the young man, who was at a loss to know why his sweetheart had run away. He waited until Mrs. Sturtevant came home and then informed her that he could not find Miss Myrtle at Miss Mead's, but kept the matter of the note secret. They made all inquiries possible, but were unable to locate the girl's whereabouts, so Mr. Connell called at the police station and furnished the officers a description of the missing girl, as well as the story of her disappearance. The mother was nearly crazed with grief and was up the entire night, hoping that her daughter would come home.

This morning, as soon as it was daylight, the search was continued, with the result that some light was thrown upon the matter. It was found that a young lady, Miss Manning who lives on First avenue, and knew Miss Sturtevant only by sight, had boarded the same car with the latter at the corner of Neil and First avenues, bound for down town. On the way down when the conductor called for her fare, Miss Sturtevant gave him a silver dollar and paid a cash fare. Miss Manning thought this very peculiar, as the people in the habit of riding on the street cars daily usually purchased tickets. At the union depot station of the car line, the young ladies alighted, Miss Sturtevant preceding Miss Manning to the union station. The latter went to the ladies' waiting room and shortly afterward noticed Miss Sturtevant come to the door of the room and look in as if expecting to find some one. That was the last seen of her.

Whether the girl left the city on an outgoing train is not known, but her mother argues that had she intended doing so she would have worn her best clothing and would have taken more money with her. Another thing, she says that her daughter had no correspondents and no acquaintances in Ohio, outside of Sabina, where she had visited very recently, at the home of two school friends. She only had one intimate young lady friend in the city, Miss Mead, with whom she had been acquainted while the Sturtevants resided at 42 Gill street, as Mr. Sturtevant and his family had only moved to the city a year ago last December from Sedalia, Missouri. Mrs. Sturtevant thinks that her daughter might have gone to some neighboring town to secure music pupils (which her father had suggested would be a good idea), but does not believe that she did, as she did not take enough money with her. Thus she reasoned when the *Dispatch* reporter called at the house, but she had not yet been informed of the note received by the young man Connell. She was nearly heart-broken by her daughter's continued absence, but hoped that she would soon return. She has telegraphed to Detroit to the firm her husband travels for in Ohio, to send him home.

The young man, Thomas Connell, has been going with the young lady for some time, and, it is learned, was in the habit of teasing her by telling her that he intended to quit going with her and break off their engagement. The girl would take this in earnest and she would threaten to leave and would even say that she would kill herself. While the young man denies that they have recently had any differences of this kind, still it is thought, in view of the note sent to him, that this might be the cause of her absence. When asked to show the note to the reporter to-day, he replied that he had burned it, but that it was brief and was substantially as stated above.

Miss Sturtevant was blessed with all the comforts of home and was apparently much contented with her surroundings. She was an accomplished musician, having had the best of teachers in Sedalia and studied a year in Boston. In Sedalia she taught for a while in a business college, and upon com-

ing to Columbus secured a number of music pupils. She was of a peculiarly happy disposition, had a very attractive face and figure and was well liked by all of her acquaintances. She was never out at nights without proper company, was in good society and had never gone away from the city by herself or without telling her mother where she was going. Until the past two months she has been in very good health. About two months ago she had a very narrow escape from asphyxiation. When going to bed she had left the gas in her room partly turned on, and had it not been that her window was open about two inches she would have been suffocated. Ever since then she has been in depressed spirits and complained of not feeling in good health. It was on this account that she was allowed to visit her two friends in Sabina.

No word had been received from Miss Sturtevant at the time of going to press, and no clue secured as to her whereabouts.

Many letters of inquiry and sympathy have been written by the Sedalia friends to the distracted parents of Miss Myrtle Sturtevant at Columbus, Ohio. As has been stated before in the *DEMOCRAT*, no one in this city suggests anything in explanation of this peculiar and unfortunate affair.

A story like this becomes, after many repetitions, to resemble a ball of yarn blown about by a March wind. The tongue of gossip ever runs smoothly and it is a very well known fact that people have a weakness for increasing the details of sensational occurrences. The *Ohio State Journal* of Columbus, says of this that "The side walk crowd who deal in gossip and find only sinister motives in the strange phases of love affairs, have their theory as to why the young lady left her pleasant home. The unexpected may happen, but it is only just to say that there is not a breath of suspicion among all those who know her intimately. Mr. Connell has a room at the Sturtevant residence and thoroughly enjoys the confidence of the family. He has done much to comfort the afflicted mother and although he has received considerable criticism from the rabble, especially for burning the note which the young lady left, it can be said to his credit that he seems sincere and is regarded by her family as an honorable man."

Without a single exception there is not a person in Sedalia who does not coincide with the statement that Myrtle Sturtevant would be one of the very last young women in the world who would knowingly do anything to have her fair name called in question or to tarnish the bright and noble reputation that she has always borne.

It is thought in Columbus that the young lady left home while temporarily unbalanced, as the result of a combination of circumstances. What these circumstances are is one of the vexing questions. It is only reasonable to suppose, however, that it is some difference that has arisen between her and her sweetheart. There are two theories concerning her fate; first, that she has committed suicide by jumping into the river, or that she has entered some Catholic institution. Mr. Connell and other friends do not think she has taken her life, and are inclined to think she might, in a moment of despondency, have taken it into her head to become a nun. As explained in yesterday's paper, Miss Myrtle was raised a Methodist, while Mr. Connell was raised a Catholic. Mr. Connell is a fine-looking young man of about 28, with handsome black eyes and mustache and hair to match. He evidently had the greater will power of the two, and his ideas on religion may have made a strong impression on her confidence. It is feared the shock to Mrs. Sturtevant will prove fatal if the daughter is not found. She wore away an old jersey which she had discarded long ago and did not have enough money to leave the state.

The following letter has been published by Mr. Connell, the young man to whom she is said to have been engaged:

Myrtle—If on this earth, you

must stop and think what you have done and know that you have only ruined one life. You have not your father, mother, brother and sister, now, could you have the faintest idea of what a joy your presence would bring, I know that wherever on this earth you are, you would start and walk home. Now, Myrtle, do not think that your folks or friends have forgotten you, for I say that it is false and should you be able to return or send us word where you are that is all any of us ask.

Myrtle, know that you have the love of all who knew you, and now, when they see the value of your presence, they love you more. There is one request, Myrtle, I ask of thee, viz: If you this letter should see, answer it for you know not what it means if you do not. As ever, your loving friend,

T. F. CONNELL.

A telegram from Mr. Sturtevant to the *DEMOCRAT* last Thursday states that she has not yet been found and that nothing positive is known.

### In Sedalia.

The news of this strange affair was known to but a few of Miss Sturtevant's friends in the city to-day. It was like a thunder-clap in a clear sky, and many at first would not believe it. All were at an utter loss to account for her actions, and can offer no theory whatever in explanation.

No young lady ever in Sedalia had a larger circle of friends than Miss Myrtle Sturtevant. She was of a pronounced brunette type of beauty, and was regarded as one of the most beautiful young ladies in the city. She was well educated, an accomplished musician and possessed of a voice of great beauty and promise. While she was not ambitious for society distinctions, yet her presence lent a charm to every event which she attended, and she maintained the position of a social favorite during her entire residence in the city.

The first Methodist church numbered her among its members, and her voice was often heard in its choir. For those who have known or have even seen her, it is hard to believe that Myrtle Sturtevant in her right mind had wilfully gone away from her home either at the solicitation of designing people or attempt of dark and terrible deed of suicide.

Her disposition was always of the brightest and the sparkle of her eye together with her merry laugh, finger yet as a fond remembrance to the friends who loved and admired her. She was eminently practical, of good judgment, and the things that too often impress silly girls had no attraction for her.

She was born in Boonville and her parents moved to this city about 13 years ago. In Sedalia she spent the flowering years of her young womanhood. To those who watched her as she grew up from the tripping school girl, to those who saw each passing year add a grace and a charm to her person, to all who knew her, the warm and noble qualities of soul and felt the warmth of her enduring friendship, the story in to-day's *DEMOCRAT* will be one of poignant sorrow.

Her father, Seth B. Sturtevant, was at one time a member of the grocery firm of Sturtevant & Hicks, on Ohio street. The family residence was at the northwest corner of Tenth and Kentucky. Mr. Sturtevant's business interests did not prosper during the latter part of his stay in Sedalia and he decided to move to Columbus, Ohio, where he hoped to better his fortune. The family left for that city about two years ago and have resided there ever since.

A *DEMOCRAT* reporter visited a number of Miss Sturtevant's young lady friends to-day with the hope of throwing some light upon the matter.

One young lady with whom Miss Myrtle was daily associated, stated that she had received a letter from her dated March 26th. Its contents gave no indication that the writer was in any trouble whatever; in fact, was written in a very happy style. She stated that she had just returned from a visit to friends in different places, and had spent a few days shopping in Cincinnati. The letter was urgent in its request that the Sedalia friend should come to Ohio and pay her a long promised visit. No other letter has been received since that date.

A young lady living on Broadway was next visited. The last letter written to her by Miss Sturtevant was dated in February. It was such a letter as might have been written by any young lady and contained

nothing of note beyond the fact that she was not going very much into society.

A lady on Osage street received a letter from Miss Sturtevant's mother just before Christmas which stated that Miss Myrtle appeared very happy and contented in her new home and was busily and profitably engaged in teaching music to a class of private pupils.

The young lady was at one time engaged to a well-known and highly respected young gentleman now in Sedalia. Their friends were anxiously awaiting the formal announcement of the engagement when they were surprised to learn that the matter had been broken off. The reason has never been definitely known and could not be explained by their friends. This occurred somewhere about the time of her departure from Sedalia. The gentleman was seen this morning and upon being questioned stated that he had not corresponded with her since last July.

Sedalia has never had sadder news than what is printed to-day. May the whole affair be a sad mistake and may this lovable girl be returned unharmed to her home.

### CONVENTION CALLED.

The Democratic Congressional Committee Met in Sedalia To-day.

The democratic congressional committee of the Seventh district met at Sicher's hotel Wednesday for the purpose of calling a convention to nominate a congressman for this district. The committee met at the call of Chairman George H. Boughner, of Howard county. D. D. Duggins, of Saline county, acted as secretary pro tem.

The following counties were represented as follows: Boone, A. C. Hulen; Hickory, J. H. Doyle; proxy; Howard, G. H. Boughner; Pettis, T. F. Mitchum; proxy; Polk, C. D. Lyman; proxy; Saline, D. D. Duggins.

On motion the city of Sedalia was agreed upon as the place for holding the next congressional convention, and Tuesday, June 7th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., was agreed upon as the time for holding said convention.

The basis of representation in said convention was fixed at one delegate for every 250 or fraction of 125 votes polled for Cleveland. The representation as agreed upon is as follows:

Benton, 5; Boone, 16; Greene, 16; Hickory, 3; Howard, 10; Pettis, 13; Polk, 7; Saline, 18.

On motion committee adjourned.

### THE ST. LOUIS FIGHT.

Yeaman and Sparks Looking After Their Interests.

Special to the Democrat.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 14.—Dr. W. Pope Yeaman, candidate for governor, and Senator Sparks, candidate for attorney general, are here looking after their interests in the contest for delegates to the state democratic convention. The contest is growing bitter and the friends of Gov. Francis are fighting the Noonan-Dalton combination. O'Meara will get the vote of the city for lieutenant-governor.

### Deeds in Dist.

J. S. Davis and wife, to J. M. Davis, about 3 acres out of northwest corner, southeast quarter off the northwest quarter, section 35, township 48, range 20; \$75.

T. C. Berry and wife to Austin G. Sandridge; lots 1 and 2 in block 26 Newkirk and Jones addition to Houstonia; \$650.

John E. Thompson and wife to J. H. Mertz; tract of land containing 24 50-100 acres in section 2, township 45, range 21; \$3,800.

Chas. L. Calvert et al., to Jas. R. Caldwell; tract of land containing 160 acres in section 34, township 45, range 23.

Annie J. Pitman and husband to F. M. Pitman, ninety acres of sections 30 and 31, township 45, range 22, \$2,250.

Helen R. Bigley to David Brownfield—An undivided one-third interest in 317 acres in sections 7 and 12. Price \$2050.

Edward S. Harte and wife and Elizabeth Harte—Same transaction with same party.

Thos. E. Gregory and wife to Joseph E. Gregory—100 acres off south side of southwest quarter, sec. 3, twp. 42, range 21. Price \$3000.

H. W. Wood to Peter Pehl—Strip of land adjacent to saloon property on Second street. Price \$1000.

Subscribe for the *DEMOCRAT* and get all the news while it is news.

## ALLIANCE IDEAS.

WILLETS AND WARDELL ON THE ISSUES OF THE DAY.

A Stim Attendance and Very Little Enthusiasm Manifested by the Audience.

There was a very small audience in criminal court room Wednesday night to listen to National Lecturer Willets and Insurance Manager Wardell, two of the big guns of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union.

Editor Behrens, of the *Truth*, called the meeting to order and presided. He said the smallness of the audience was in a manner compensated for by the superior intelligence of those present.

Lecturer Willets was a surprise to anyone who expected to hear a really able address. He is not an experienced or interesting speaker and has nothing like the force of such men as Poke, Terrell and MacCune, who share with him the leadership of the alliance. But to do him justice, he prefaced his remarks with the statement that he did not intend to make a speech; and he didn't.

He said the alliance was not a partisan political organization at all, and must not be confounded with the third party. The drift of his remarks showed that he considered that the party had grown up because in the investigation of public questions the members of the alliance had found existing evils which they did not believe either the democratic or republican parties would correct.

He said the people had found that something was wrong in national legislation; for years they had been content to send formal petitions to congressmen and senators, but it had done no good, and now they had concluded to send petitions "six feet long with brains at one end and boots at the other."

He then told of the alarming depression in agriculture and the rapid conversion of the farming population into tenants instead of land owners, and said the increase in wealth is less than the rate of interest in this country; that it was only a question of time when the money power would own all the wealth and the producers, becoming hopelessly in debt, would become a class of cowards whom it would be easy to make slaves.

He said the success of agriculture meant prosperity for all branches of business, and the organization of the farmers was not to make war on others.

He thought there was great unrest all over the country, but believed the great question is not production nor consumption of wealth, but its distribution, and that the men who produced the wealth should own it.

He suggested, as a remedy for all the evils incident to our present condition, that the government lend "enough money" direct to the people at such rate of interest as they could afford to pay, and that the government own and operate the railway and telegraph lines at cost for the benefit of the people. Just how all this could be brought about and kept up he did not have time to explain.

Mr. Willets was followed by Mr. Wardell, general manager of the insurance department of the alliance. His remarks were brief and in the same line with those of the previous speaker, his most striking remark being that there should be "no interest paid for the use of money at all." This would be pretty hard on the man who has labored all his life to accumulate a little money with the expectation of having it work for him in his old age.

Mr. Wardell then took up the insurance matter and paid his attention to old line companies, claiming that as their surplus was invested in securities they would not be safe when the alliance has succeeded in bringing down interest to two per cent.

He said the alliance had an insurance degree similar to other organizations like the A. O. U. W. and Knights of Honor and he urged his hearers to build up their own organization instead of the old corporations which he said were more costly and not so safe.

### J. H. Kinkaid and Company

of 114 Kentucky street have a few of the latest improved higharm No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson sewing machines which they will sell at a bargain.



## Sedalia Democrat.

THE demand for better roads is heard all over Pettis county.

THE democratic county committee meets in this city on April 16th.

THE election in Rhode Island shows that the democracy must look to the west for its strength.

TWELVE thousand old veterans who wore the gray thirty years ago are assembled in New Orleans this week.

It takes money to make good roads, but good roads will make money for the community that builds them.

LET every street in Sedalia be put in the best possible shape by the time the democratic convention meets here in May.

THE Missouri democracy is in splendid condition for the coming battle, and "Boss" Filley will find his only victories will be those he wins in his own party.

PETTIS county democrats should nominate a ticket that will make a clean sweep this fall. In no county in the state is the democracy in better shape for a winning fight.

THE people of Pettis county need better roads. There is no question about the condition of the highways. They are too bad to be put up with any longer. The only question is how to improve them.

THE *Gazette* got on such bad terms with the truth during the late campaign that it almost had a fit when the *St. Louis Chronicle* remarked: "In Sedalia the *Gazette*, republican, almost waded in filth."

THE Missouri papers just now, especially those of the republican faith, are displaying an astonishing number and variety of life-like portraits of the male of *Gallus domesticus*.—*Kansas City Journal*.

Not in Sedalia and Kansas City.

THERE are more people living in Sedalia to-day than there have ever been before. The vote at the late election shows that there has been a considerable increase in population notwithstanding the removal of the general offices.

A THIRTY-FIVE thousand dollar stock company has been organized to develop the mineral resources of Morgan county. Good enough. Our neighbor is rich in resources and when her citizens begin the work of development they will attract foreign capital.

THE Cheyenne reservation is to be opened on April 19th and thousands of home hunters will go there to encounter disappointment and privation when they could buy good land cheap in Missouri and at once secure the blessings of good society and good government.

THE *Journal* says Jerry Simpson "neglects no opportunity to show partiality for democratic doctrines and democratic associates." This is not at all strange; even a "sockless statesman" has lucid intervals. It is only the western republican who is hopelessly gone in political lunacy.

THE democrats who are democrats only to the extent of tariff reform, and tariff reformers only to the extent of free raw material, will never seriously impair the chances of the republican party. It is in the great west that the robber tariff and robber gold standard must be overthrown.

THE DEMOCRAT, by authority, announces Mr. J. S. Hopkins a candidate for the democratic nomination for sheriff of Pettis county. Mr. H. is well and favorable known to the people of the county both as a democrat and as a citizen. He is well qualified for the position he seeks and would make an excellent officer.

FARMER FUNSTON, one of the few republican congressmen from Kansas, was mad Thursday and treated the house to a regular circus because the *Voice*, a prohibition paper, charged him with drinking whisky. Of course the *Voice* was wrong. Kansans never drink; it is a prohibition state.

RHODE ISLAND for the first time in many years showed large republican gains in the election held Wednesday. Will the democrats who have advocated a policy and candidate to catch the New England influence please make a note of the result. Does it not show that the democracy must look to the great and growing west for its gains?

### AGGRESSIVE POLICY NEEDED.

The democrats in the last congress were practically a unit on four propositions, viz:

1. A substantial reduction of tariff taxation, thus lightening the burden upon the consumers and opening the way for the profitable exchange of our surplus products with other nations.

2. The free and unlimited coinage of silver and its restoration to the position it formerly held in our monetary system, thus re-establishing the double standard and securing a fair unit of measure of debts and values.

3. Opposition to the force bill, and an unalterable determination to preserve the right of free elections as necessary to that local self-government to secure which the union was established.

4. Opposition to the wasteful extravagance which characterized the "billion dollar congress."

On these propositions the democracy swept the country and secured the lower house of congress by a tremendous majority.

But scarcely had congress assembled before the tender-footed reactionists went to work.

At the bidding of the northeast many of them deserted the party on the silver question and assisted the republicans in their opposition to the free coinage bill.

The new recruits from the northeast promised that if the democracy would let the silver question rest and permit the gold standard to remain as the measure by which the east should collect interest from the west and south, that New England would rally under the banners of the democracy.

The experiment was tried; democrats deserted silver, and the demand for a one-issue campaign went all down the line from New York and Washington City to the Pacific coast.

And what is the result? Rhode Island has spoken, and her verdict is in favor of her old idol—the party of high taxes, dear dollars and cheap men.

Fortunately this object lesson comes early enough in the campaign to be valuable if it is heeded.

It says, too plainly not to be understood, that plutocracy has no use for democracy.

It says that the party of the people need expect no victory won by the help of the northeast.

New England, the section that has been enriched by the republican policy of protection, is true to the party which has so long been its tool. If she can bunc the democracy and secure free raw material without endangering the success of the party which has given her "protection" for her capital and a gold standard for her mortgage holders, she will do it; but she has no use for real tariff reform nor any kind of financial reform.

New England always looks to her own interests.

Let the democracy give the west, the northwest and the south a chance to look to theirs for awhile.

Go to the people with the same aggressive policy that marked the campaign of 1890; make a bold, manly declaration in favor of lower taxes, more money, greater economy and local self-government; then put a man who believes in all these upon that platform, and democracy, standing bold, upright and fearless, will gain ten votes where it would gain one by crawling to the back doors of its hereditary enemies.

### THE ROAD QUESTION.

A very large per cent. of the population of Pettis, as well as of other counties in Missouri, live upon farms more or less remote from business centers.

What these farmers raise for market must either be consumed in the towns or shipped to the larger cities of the east or to the seaboard.

The supplies these farmers buy must be purchased in the larger towns, and the buying and selling of farm produce and farm supplies constitute a large per cent. of the business of the country.

A great deal of capital has been

invested in building railroads to bring the consumer and producer into easy communication.

But unfortunately a railroad cannot run to every man's farm.

The public road is the thoroughfare that must be traveled to reach the railroad, and when the former is impassable the latter is very largely valueless.

If a farmer has wheat to sell and he wants to buy supplies, it makes very little difference whether there is a market ten miles away or not if he cannot reach it on account of bad roads.

Yet in spite of the importance of a good road system in order to make available the railway facilities, it is a matter that has been woefully neglected.

Thousands upon thousands of dollars have been subscribed to build railroads, and then the very sections that ought to have been benefited by such lines have been denied such benefits by the failure to provide means of reaching the railroad towns.

Such a course is as unbusinesslike as it would be to build a house and then not occupy it, or to fence a field and never plant it with a profitable crop.

The value of land, other things being equal, does not depend upon the distance from market, but upon the cost, in time and money, of reaching the market.

A farm ten miles from town on a road that is good during all seasons of the year, is worth more than one five miles from town on a road that is frequently impassable with loaded wagons.

The DEMOCRAT is glad to see the subject of road improvement being discussed.

A wise movement in this direction means increased prosperity to town and country alike, and a prosperity which will be shared by every legitimate industry.

### HEARD AND BLAND.

A number of the counties in the old Sixth district were added to the district now represented by Hon. R. P. Bland, and it is gratifying to know that while they regret to leave the old Sixth they are well pleased with their new company.

In speaking of the change the *Tipton Times* says:

"We do not pretend that it is not without sincere regret that we part company with Hon. Jno. T. Heard as our representative in congress. He has made a faithful, conscientious servant and an indefatigable worker for the interests of his constituents. No matter what the issue; no matter who has been arrayed against it, he has voted for what to him seemed the best interests of his constituents, and the people repose absolute confidence in him. His repeated preference to the exalted and responsible position he occupies has made no change in his character on disposition and he is the same pleasant, genial John Heard, he was when but a private citizen in Pettis county, and before he had ever seen the national capital. But while regretting the loss of Mr. Heard we are proud of that grand old man who now represents this district in congress, Hon. Richard P. Bland. Of all the brainy men Missouri contributes to the national congress, and our delegation in both houses will compare favorably with that of any state in the great sisterhood, not one stands higher for ability, patriotism and sterling honesty than does the sage of the Ozarks, "Silver Dick" Bland. Every citizen of Missouri is or ought to be proud of the fight he recently led in the house for that measure so dear to the people, free coinage of silver. And with what dignity did he retire when defeated. The time will come when his party will sorely regret that it did not stand loyally by him, true to itself in the defense of this measure."

THE subject of road improvement is receiving more attention than ever before in Missouri. The *Journal of Agriculture* says:

"Good roads are essential to the prosperity of the farming districts. There are many counties in this state where rock abounds in quantities sufficient to macadamize the principal roads at a reasonable cost. Men of means would find it a profitable investment to buy up cheap lands in some communities, and by macadamizing the roads making the farms accessible to the towns, realize handsome profits by the enhanced value of their lands."

THE *Kansas City Star*, a mugwump journal, wants the Missouri delegation to the Chicago convention instructed to "vote for and

support Cleveland until the end of the convention." Had the *Star* been entirely frank it would have added, "and then bolt in case he is not nominated." But the *Star*, bright as it is, does not represent the sentiments of Missouri democrats; the real democrats are more interested in securing a victory of principles than in the success of any man.

THE enterprising gentlemen who have been so industriously at work trying to organize the Farmers' Alliance of Missouri into a third party are not having much success. In many sections the local unions are protesting against such action, and in other instances just when the success of the scheme seemed assured it transpired that the bulk of the members had quit and there was nothing left but the "independents" who were doing the organization. The third party in Missouri will amount to nothing; there is no need of it.

GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS is a mugwump, and is neither logical nor consistent in some of his writings. But he is sound, sensible and to the point when he says that journalism is divided into two classes, viz: decent journalism and polecat journalism. Sedalia is peopled with a remarkably sensible and cultured population, and has no use for any but decent journals. The polecat variety will not long flourish in a decent town.

MUNICIPAL politics is very exciting always, and especially so sometimes. Even so placid and good humored a gentleman as Col. John O'Day was not proof against election day excitement and furnished Springfield with a sensation in the shape of a street fight, while the mild-mannered Maj. Warner furnished a similar episode in Kansas City. Sad to relate, both of the distinguished gentlemen seem to have come out Second best.

It seems that Rhode Island has gone republican, and thus demonstrated the futility of democrats looking to the northeast for support or encouragement. Little Rhody and the balance of the "protected" states can be counted on when they are needed by the party which has legislated in their favor so long, and they are the natural enemies of the democracy.

THE *Brunswick* is doing its party a real service in calling a halt in the personalities that seem to be creeping into the Hall-Mansur campaign for the congressional nomination. Let democrats, at least, preserve the proprieties in their contests with each other, to the end that there shall be no irreconcilable differences after the conventions are held.

THE third party can make no headway in Missouri. The administration of state affairs has been wise, clean and satisfactory, while the congressional delegation has been true to the interests of the masses. Only serious mistakes on the part of the democracy can weaken the party in the state, and Missouri democrats are not going to make any mistakes this year.

THERE are a great many republicans in Missouri who would like to see Chauncey I. Filley appointed to the foreign mission which Whitelaw Reid vacates. They would prefer for him a berth in Asia or Africa, but Europe will do. Anything to take him out of the state long enough to give the "silks" a breathing spell.

THE preference among the county candidates seems to be for a primary to nominate a county ticket. A primary usually gives the most satisfactory results, in that each individual member of the party has an opportunity to express his choice for every position.

BLAINE again emphatically asserts that he is not a presidential candidate and could not accept the republican nomination.

THE Alger boom is dead and Harrison nomination stock is rising in the market.

### THE COLLEGE ENDOWMENT.

Is it, or is it Not Exempt from Taxation?

From the Marshall Democrat-News.

County Assessor Greenlease in his last assessment of taxable property in Saline county, assessed the

endowment of the Missouri Valley College at \$66,660, the tax on the same amounting to about \$800. The college has an endowment fund of \$100,000.

The Cumberland Presbyterian synod have taken steps to have the assessment removed, claiming that the endowment is exempt from taxation and not subject to any levy whatever.

The matter came up Wednesday before the county board of equalization, D. D. Duggins representing the synod and T. J. Verby the county.

The board now has the matter under advisement and are awaiting the opinion of the attorney-general as to whether the endowment should be taxed or not, under the law, before rendering a final decision.

### The New Seventh.

From the Ashland Bugle.

The "New Seventh" district presents the shape of a hatchet, and is known pretty well now as the "hatchet district." It has a Hickory handle made from Green timber, and will never be represented in a Polk-y manner if we will retain or present able representative.

### The People Settled It.

From the Kansas City Journal.

Now that the Sedalia municipal election is over efforts are being made by the citizens to ameliorate the acerbity heretofore existing between the newspapers of that thriving city. Negotiations for the establishment of an entente have already made considerable progress.

### Which is Most Distressing?

From the Warsaw Enterprise.

Our esteemed contemporary, the *Sedalia Gazette*, republican, can now discuss with intelligence which is the most distressing experience: A horrid nightmare, apparently lasting for ages, or getting its ticket wulpped all to pieces. We never could decide which was the worst, but the miseries may not be so equally balanced with the *Gazette*.

### Old Settlers' Meeting.

From the Booneville Advertiser.

There will be a meeting of the old timers in Sedalia April 15th and 16th. Col. A. J. Elliott, one of the oldest and most enthusiastic members of the organization, called on *The Advertiser* the other day and said that women of over forty-five years of age would henceforth be admitted to membership. Men must be at least fifty years old. This organization embraces the counties of Howard, Cooper, Pettis, Moniteau and Morgan.

### The Unanimous Choice.

From the Warsaw Enterprise.

Hon. Charles E. Yeater, of Sedalia, who will be unanimously presented by the democrats of Pettis county for nomination to the state senate in this district, composed of the counties of Benton, Hickory, Pettis and Saline, is not likely to have any opposition in the convention. Marshall newspapers favor him, and we hear him spoken of highly by his acquaintances in Benton county. The *Sedalia Basoo* and *Sedalia Democrat* speak in words of warm praise of his ability and of his personal and political character.

### A Protected Trust.

From the St. Louis Chronicle.

The price of standard white sugar at the refineries is 4 3/4 cents per pound. Before Spreeckles was taken into the sugar trust the price was 4 cents. As sugar is handled by grocers without profit generally—as a leader—the consumers have been getting their supply at refiners' prices plus transportation. There being no margin of profit the advance of the trust price falls directly and entirely on the consumer, depriving him of two and one-half pounds of sugar in every dollar's worth. The raise increases the trust's daily profits \$54,566.40, over seventeen millions a year.

### A Good Platform.

From the Columbia Herald.

The tax-payers of Missouri can safely continue the democratic party in control of affairs. This is proven by the record made during the last three years.

By act of April 18, 1889, the rate of state interest tax was reduced from 20 to 10 cents on the \$100 valuation—a reduction of 50 per cent.

By act of March 24, 1892, the rate of state revenue tax was reduced from 20 to 15 cents on the \$100 valuation—a reduction of 25 per cent.

Total reduction in tax rate for state purposes thirty-seven and a half per cent—a saving of about \$1,250,000 annually to the tax-payers.

During this period of three years the bonded debt of the state has also been reduced as follows:

In 1889-90.....	\$ 992,000.00
In 1891.....	1,450,000.00
In 1892 (to date)....	100,000.00

Total.....\$2,552,000.00

The democratic party has in these figures a platform that appeals to every tax-payer in the state.

## ROCK ROADS.

### WHAT IT COSTS TO BUILD THEM IN OHIO.

#### A Writer Tells How They Are Built and What Effect They Have on Land Values.

A citizen of Saline county writes as follows to the *Marshall Progress* on the subject of rock roads:

"In a recent trip to my old home in Fayette county, Ohio, I was struck with the excellent roads which have been built in the last 27 years. There are only two mud roads in the county, all the rest are turnpiked and all free.

They are made by the two mile assessment plan, that is the land on either side of the road is taxed to pay for it. The county court appoints three commissioners to levy the tax which is high as \$2.00 and low as 5 cents per acre. This is called the two mile system. They have what is called the one mile system, which is similar to the two mile system.

I then went to Greene county where they have the one mile system with this difference: They have a special legislation for that county. The land on each side of said road pays two-thirds of cost of construction and the county pays one-third.

In Fayette, Madison and Pickaway, they have gravel near at hand, and the cost is only about \$1,600 to \$2,000 per mile; whilst in Greene they have no gravel, but have to break the rock; they put about eight inches of rock on the road and then fill it in with sand, which makes a fine road and a better one than the gravel. This road costs about \$2,000 to \$2,400 per mile.

This tax is levied and bonds issued and sold at par, running one, two and three years.

The grading of roads cost about \$800 per mile, three feet high in centre. The grade is about fifteen feet wide at the top and covered with thirteen inches of gravel thirteen feet wide, or eight inches of broken rock with sand same width. This width enables vehicles of all kinds to pass with ease. In Green county they have to haul their rock from one hundred yards to eight and ten miles, and I think Saline county could build her roads as cheap. This would give employment to a great many farmers in the summer after their harvest is over. Most of the roads in Ohio are built by the farmers near the road. The increase of value of land on turnpikes is from \$5 to \$10 per acre. The capacity for ordinary team is about 3,000 pounds on dirt road and about 5,000 pounds on turnpike, that is when dirt roads are in good order."

### THE DATE CHANGED.

#### The Republican Convention for the Seventh District Postponed One Day Later.

The following card dated April 7, will explain the change in time for holding the republican convention in Sedalia:

The date of holding the district convention for the Seventh district, for electing two delegates to the Minneapolis convention, has been changed from Monday, April 25, to Tuesday, April 26, 1892, at Sedalia, Mo.

This change is made at the request of members of the district convention, and as a matter of convenience to the delegates.

P. H. SANGREE, Chairman. The state republican convention meets at Jefferson City on April 27th and 28th, 1892.

### HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

#### It Met in the Court House Last Saturday—One Paper Read.

The Pettis county Horticultural society met in the county court room Saturday afternoon.

President G. B. Lamm presided and L. T. Kirk filled the secretary's chair.

Owing to the fact that the farmers are busily engaged at the present time, there were only about twelve members at the meeting.

G. B. Lamm read an interesting and valuable paper upon "The Fruit Grower and the County Roads."

It was decided to adjourn until May 7th.

### A Garment For Traveling.

From an Exchange.

One girl who is preparing for her summer outing across the sea is going to wear one combination garment clothing her from neck to ankles; one silk petticoat fitted out with no end of pockets to stow away her valuables in; a serge skirt, the lightest she can buy, trimmed about the bottom to protect the edge, fastened over the shoulders with suspenders of the braid with silver buckles; a blue dotted silk skirt, and a blazer with five pockets. Do you suppose she'll want to bother herself to wait for any man to look after her baggage when she is gotten up in such light marching order?



## A FREE TRADER.

Mr. Jerry Simpson, of Kansas, Announced Himself as Such.

## HIS REMARKS IN THE HOUSE.

The Evening Session Was a Failure—In the Senate the Bill Appropriating \$109,000 For Entertaining Veterans Attending G. A. R. Encampment Passed.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—After the routine morning business the consideration of the district appropriation bill was resumed, the question being upon the appropriation for entertaining the national encampment of the G. A. R. The question was on Mr. Cockrell's amendment to Mr. McMillin's substitute appropriating \$100,000 for the purpose, requiring the amount to be paid exclusively out of the revenue of the District of Columbia. After two hours' discussion the vote was taken on Mr. Cockrell's amendment requiring the cost to be paid exclusively out of the revenues of the district. It was rejected—yeas, 17; nays, 32.

Mr. Quay offered a resolution restricting the use of the appropriation to subsistence and quarters of the visiting soldiers—excluding those residing in the district. Agreed to. Yeas, 42; nays, 5. The question was then taken on Mr. McMillin's amendment as amended and it was agreed to. Yeas, 41; nays, 10.

The amendment as agreed to appropriates out of the United States treasury \$100,000 to pay for subsistence and quarters of such honorably discharged non-resident union soldiers, sailors and marines who served in the war of the rebellion as may attend as delegates or otherwise, the twenty-sixth annual encampment of the G. A. R. in the city of Washington—the money to be paid to and disbursed by the citizens' executive committee of Washington having in charge such reception and entertainment under such regulations as may be prescribed by the secretary of war.

The bill was then passed and after an executive session the senate adjourned till Monday.

## THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—There was little in the proceedings of the house yesterday. On motion of Mr. McMillin a resolution was adopted directing the committee on public lands to examine into the circumstances under which certain leases for parcels of ground in the Yellowstone National park were made in March, 1889, by the secretary of the interior to the Yellowstone park association and why they were afterward rescinded and the same granted to one S. S. Huntley.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the cotton bagging bill. Mr. English, of New Jersey, the author of the bill, "Ben Bott," first took the floor. Mr. Hemphill spoke in favor of the bill and Mr. Simpson, of Kansas, announced himself as an absolute free trader.

He was not one of the men who were willing to compromise with a wrong. He had learned republicanism when the republican party meant something; when it stood for a principle. When the republican party became the champion of special interests; when the money power got control of it he left the party, and to-day he stood for absolute free trade in every sense of the word. If foreign nations wanted to flood us with goods he would tear down the dykes any time they wanted to begin the flooding. He wished to see—from a selfish standpoint—the southern farmer released from every tax, because for the cotton of the south the people of Kansas traded its corn and wheat. The less the southern farmer was robbed the more he would have left to buy Kansas corn. So, from selfish views, he was in favor of this bill.

It took a step toward putting everything else on the free list. It was by just such steps that protection had been built up. One man asked for protection and was protected. The man who had to consume the protected article desired protection on the products of his labor; and so the log rolling went on. It was said that protection was necessary to give labor protection. Had not somebody deprived labor of its natural life?

On account of the protective system the house had passed a few days ago a bill that was a disgrace to any civilization. It had passed a bill to protect this country against the labor of the highest protective nation in the world. Why did the house do this? In the interest of California, one of the grandest states of the union. The house was compelled, under the policy of protection, to pass a law restricting immigration from another country and in defense of the people of California, he had been compelled to vote for the bill.

Mr. Henderson, of Illinois—Do I understand that the gentleman voted for a bill which he regarded as a disgrace to civilization?

Mr. Simpson—I did so and I was compelled to do it in defense of the laboring class of the state of California, which is shut off by the land monopolies and the protective tariff.

General debate having been concluded the first section of the bill was read for amendments.

Mr. Turner, of Georgia, (in charge of bill), moved to strike out the clause which makes free "loop or band iron" or "hoop or band steel, flared, splayed or punched." Agreed to.

The committee then rose and reported the bill to the house and a recess was taken until 8 p. m., the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension bills.

The curtain rose at 8 o'clock and dropped at 10:30. Between the rising of the curtain and the fall of the same the usual Friday night farce was enacted. Mr. Martin, of Indiana, the chairman of the committee on invalid pensions, vainly endeavored to impress upon the house the idea that the evening session was not ordered for amusement but for business. Nothing being accomplished the lights were extinguished.

## EX-CONFEDERATE REUNION.

A Large Attendance at New Orleans and Many Notables Present.

NEW ORLEANS, April 9.—Fully 10,000 people arrived yesterday to attend the ex-confederate reunion now in progress. Many notables are present, among them Mrs. Jefferson Davis, Miss Winnie Davis, Gen. James Longstreet and his brother, Senator Gordon, Senator Daniels, Gen. Kirby Smith and Gen. Cabell, of Texas.

The cavalry association held its reunion yesterday. Gen. W. H. Jackson, of Belle Meade fame, presided and delivered an address. Gen. Jackson was elected president, Gen. W. H. Behan, of Louisiana, secretary, and A. McGinness, of New Orleans, treasurer.

The meeting of the general association was held. Senator Daniels delivered the oration at the French opera house. The date of the removal of Jefferson Davis' body will probably be arranged during the reunion. Five thousand more veterans are expected.

NEW ORLEANS, April 9.—At the convention of ex-confederates yesterday a resolution was offered by Gen. Gordon as follows:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the convention that the late confederate states grant small pensions each to Mrs. Jefferson Davis, widow of the president of said confederate states, and we earnestly recommend to the legislatures of the following states to vote her an annual pension of \$500 each during the remaining years of her life, to-wit:

Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indian Territory and Missouri.

On motion of Col. Mullen, the resolution was not referred but was unanimously adopted on suspension of the rules.

## CATTLE IN NEBRASKA.

Losses During the Recent Storm Reported to Have Been Large.

OMAHA, Neb., April 9.—Nebraska cattle men who are emigrating from the drifts of the late blizzard report tremendous losses.

The largest loss on any one range was 1,200 head that drifted into the North Platte river and were drowned. They belonged to various owners.

Along the Union Pacific tracks lie the carcasses of scores of cattle which drifted away and grew weak from lack of grass and were unable to eat the hay carted to them.

In the northern part of the state where cattle could find shelter in canyons there were comparatively light losses except among yearlings on trains or being driven to market and among cows with young calves.

## A New Town Near Kingfisher.

KINGFISHER, Ok., April 9.—A colony of negroes have laid out a town four miles north of Kingfisher near the line of the Rock Island railroad and on the line of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservation. It is called Cimarron City and is chosen as a place for the colored people to radiate from it to the new country. The publication of maps showing Indian allotments has caused consternation and many homeseekers are discouraged and returning home. They find that the redskins have captured the most valuable lands and feel that what is left is not worth contending for.

## Missouri's World Fair Building.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 9.—Hugh J. McGowan and Charles W. Green, of the Missouri state board of world fair commissioners left for St. Louis last night, in response to a telegram from Nathan Frank, chairman of the committee on building, of which Mr. McGowan and Mr. Green are the other members. The object of the meeting is to arrange a report upon the plan to be submitted at the next meeting of the association which will be held at St. Louis April 18. On April 19 the board will meet with the state lumbermen's association at Poplar Bluff, Mo.

## The Union Pacific's Answer.

ATCHISON, Kan., April 9.—The Union Pacific railroad has filed an answer in the district court of Atchison county to the suit of the Symms Grocery Co. vs. the Kansas railroad commissioners, growing out of the order of the board of March 5, affecting fifth-class rates. The answer is similar to that filed by the Rock Island a few days ago, and admits that compliance with the order of the commissioners would constitute an unreasonable discrimination against the complainant.

## Illinois Encampment G. A. R.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 9.—At yesterday's session of the Grand Army encampment, department of Illinois, resolutions were adopted expressing confidence in Russell A. Alger and opposing the appropriation by congress of \$100,000 to entertain the national encampment; a resolution to appropriate \$100 to the Confederate Veterans' home in Missouri was voted down almost unanimously. Ed Harland, of Chicago, was elected commander-in-chief.

## Burned to Death By Gasoline.

JOPLIN, Mo., April 9.—The seventeen-year-old daughter of L. L. King, of Webb City, attempted to fill the reservoir of a gasoline stove yesterday afternoon while the burners were lighted and an explosion occurred. Her body in places was burned to a crisp and she died in a short time.

## His Attempt Successful.

NEVADA, Mo., April 9.—Michael Jordan, who cut his own throat last Saturday at noon, died yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock from blood poisoning. He was 53 years old and leaves a wife and four children, two of whom are grown. His suicide was due to financial embarrassment.

The customs committee of the French chamber of deputies have unanimously approved the commercial agreement between France and the United States negotiated by Whitelaw Reid.

George W. Long, an ex-pastmaster in the United States navy, was found unconscious in his home in New York yesterday and removed to a hospital, where he died several hours later. His death was due either to opium poisoning or alcoholism.

The United States consul general at Cairo, John A. Anderson, is slowly recovering from the severe operation he underwent some time ago. He expects to leave Egypt for England on the Orizaba April 17, and after a short stay in

## RANGE RUSTLERS.

An Encounter Between Them and Cattlemen in Montana.

## EIGHT OF THE LATTER KILLED.

The Fight Occurred Recently—A War For the Extirmination of the Horse and Cattle Thieves in Preparation For Some Months.

BUTTE, Mont., April 9.—Meager news has reached here to the effect that cattlemen and range rustlers have had an encounter, that the attacking party was repulsed and that the thieves killed eight men and wounded several others. It is also stated that the robbers lost heavily.

Owing to the isolated character of the country definite news can not be obtained for several days. Sheriff Rose, of Dillon, brings the news which he heard at Lima, Idaho, a few days ago. News of the engagement has been daily expected as men are marching in on the rustlers from all sections.

This encounter is supposed to have occurred on Green river, where the outlaws have winter quarters.

News comes from Billings, Mont., that the body of a man, as yet unidentified, was found Wednesday evening in a secluded place about ten miles from there. He had been shot in the head and had been dead, it is conjectured, about ten days. Two dead horses, also shot, with bridles on, were lying nearby. There have been two other mysterious disappearances of Wyoming rustlers who were en route to Canada within the past two weeks.

This band of horse and cattle thieves is incorporated under the laws of Wyoming under a high sounding name.

Plans for the war of extermination have been under formation since last fall. Besides a party of twenty-five that started out from Billings it is learned that a party left Big Timber March 10 under the lead of Sam Roberts. The party comprised thirteen men, all of them frontiersmen and mounted. They loaded two cars with riding horses, pack mules, guns, ammunition and food. Their departure was kept a secret as far as possible, the newspapers being asked to withhold all information for the present.

One hundred thousand dollars was raised for this expedition and the men are paid \$1,000 each. The leaders get \$2,500. Bloody work is expected. The outlaws are determined not to yield to arrest.

There is still a great deal of snow in the mountains and it may be slow work for the cattlemen to reach their headquarters, but they have the satisfaction of knowing that the she thieves will have no chance of getting away from their mountain fastness and snowbound basin. Every road from the basin is guarded.

It was in 1884 that the last expedition of this kind was formed. The men started out in June and cleaned out the last thief in December. They hung sixty men and followed some of them into Canada. The biggest killing took place on Big Bend of the Missouri river. Marquis de Moers figured in that raid. He contributed \$5,000 and afterward left the country on a vacation.

## TANEY COUNTY LYNCHING.

A Difficult Matter to Get the Witnesses to Testify in Regard to the Affair.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., April 9.—The authorities in Taney county are having a very hard time trying to learn the truth and bring out the facts in the trial of the lynchers, the slayers of Deputy Williams and ex-Coroner Day. The friends of the defense have been very active and it is hard to get witnesses at all, much less to get them to testify.

In the case of Witness Howard Coombs, from Roark, the whole situation was shown. He is a boy of 15 and is supposed to know a great deal. At the inquest he gave some valuable information, but when recalled yesterday denied everything and professed the most dense ignorance. After two hours of close examination he left the stand without having revealed a single fact.

Other witnesses are acting in the same way and the whole path of the inquiry is blocked with such obstacles.

## Pawnee Are Restless.

GUTHRIE, Ok., April 9.—Frank White and Buffalo Black, the two Indians who claim to be prophets of the coming Messiah, were released from jail on a writ of habeas corpus yesterday and left last night for the Pawnee reservation, accompanied by a large number of their Indian followers, who had come here to attend the trial. The ghost dance will once more be renewed, and, as many of the Indians are arming themselves and refuse to obey the agent's orders, it is very probable that troops will be needed to quell an outbreak within the next two weeks.

## Incendiary Fires in Vienna.

VIENNA, April 9.—The alarm occasioned by the frequency of incendiary fires in this city continues to grow. Last night another fire, unquestionably of incendiary origin, broke out in the mansion in the Ringstrasse, the handsomest boulevard in Vienna. This is the fifth incendiary fire here within a week and the people are consequently in a state of excitement, for it is more than hinted that these fires are all the work of anarchists, who have decided to use fire instead of dynamite to inaugurate their threatening reign of terror.

## St. Joseph, Mo., Prohibitionists.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., April 9.—The prohibitionists of Buchanan county met in mass convention last night and selected delegates to the convention at Chillicothe as follows: M. M. Stacy, E. E. Bacon, Conrad Hartzell, M. Mason, Eugene Ayers. A resolution was passed deferring the plans of the local campaign until after the convention.

Four more bodies of victims of the Golden Rule disaster at Cincinnati have been recovered by divers.

## LASCA.

[This poem is printed by request. Its authorship has never been settled. One of the latest claims has been made on behalf of Colonel Thomas P. Ochiltree.]

I want free life and I want fresh air;  
And I sigh for the canter after the cattle.  
The crack of the whip like shots in battle.  
The medley of horns and hoofs and heads  
That wars and wrangles and scatters and spreads;  
The green beneath and the blue above,  
And dash and danger, and life and love.  
And Lasca:

Lasca used to ride  
On a mouse-gray mustang close to my side.  
With blue serape and bright-bellied spur:  
I laughed with joy and I looked at her;  
Little she knew of books or of creeds;  
An Ave Maria sufficed her needs;  
Little she cared, save to be by my side,  
To ride with me, and ever to ride  
From San Sabá's shore to Lavaca's tide.  
She was as bold as the billows that beat,  
As wild as the breezes that blow;  
From her little head to her little feet  
She was swayed in her suppleness to and fro  
By each gust of passion; a sapling pine,  
That grew on the edge of a knobby bluff,  
And wars with the winds when the weather is rough.

Is like this Lasca, this love of mine,  
She would with me, and I would with her;  
Would take the blither and leave me the sweeter;  
But once, when I made her jealous for fun,  
At something I'd whispered, or looked or done,  
One Sunday in San Antonio,

She came from her gutter a deep little dagger!  
And—singing a song—it made me stagger!  
An inch to the left, or an inch to the right,  
And I shouldn't be wondering here to-night!  
But—sobbed, and sobbed—so sweetly bound  
Her torn robes about the wound:  
That I quite forgave her. Scarcely don't count  
In Texas, down by the Rio Grande.

Her eye was brown—a deep, deep brown;  
And hair was darker than her eye.  
And something in her smile and frown,  
Curled crimson lip and instep high,  
Showed that there ran in each blue vein,  
With the milder of the Spaniard strain,  
The vigorous vintage of Old Spain.  
She was alive in every limb  
With feeling, to the finger tips;  
And when the sun lit a fire  
And the sky one shining, soft sapphire,  
One does not drink in little sips.

The air was heavy, the night was hot,  
Sat by her side and forgot—forgot!  
For the lord that was taking her rest,  
Forgot that the air was close oppress,  
That the Texas north comes sudden and soon.

In the dead of night or the blaze of noon;  
That once let the herd at its breath take fright.  
Not that the earth can stop the flight;  
And woe to the rider, and woe to the steed,  
Who falls in front of their mad stampede!

Was that thunder? I grasped the cord  
Of my swift mustang without a word,  
I sprang to the saddle and she clung behind,  
Away on a hot chase down the wind!  
But never was fox-hunt half so hard,  
And never was steed so little spared.  
For we rode for our lives. You shall hear  
How we fared.

In Texas, down by the Rio Grande,  
The mustang flew, and we urged him on;  
There was one chance left and you have but  
One.

Halt, jump to the ground, and shoot your horse;  
Crouch under his carcass, and take your chance;  
And if the steers in their frantic course  
Don't batter you both to pieces at once,  
You may thank your star; if not, good-bye  
To the quickening kiss and the long-drawn sigh.

And the open air and the open sky,  
In Texas, down by the Rio Grande!

The cattle gained on us, and just as I felt  
For my old six-shooter behind in my belt,  
Down came the mustang, and down came we,  
Clinging together, and—what was the rest?  
A body that spread itself on my breast.  
Two arms that shielded my dizzy head.  
A pad of velvet over her head:  
Then came thunder in my ears.  
As over us surged the sea of steers,  
Blows that beat blood into my eyes.  
And when I could rise  
Lasca was dead!

I gouged out a grave a few feet deep,  
And I dug in Earth's arms I laid her to sleep;  
And there she is lying, and no one knows;  
As the summer shines, and the winter snows  
For many a day the flowers have spread  
A pad of velvet over her head:  
And the little gray hawk hangs aloft in the air,  
And the sly coyote trots here and there,  
And the blacksnake glides and glitters and slides

Into a rift in a cottonwood tree;  
And the buzzard sails on.  
And comes and is gone,  
Stately and still like a ship at sea;  
And I wonder why I do not care  
For the things that are like the things that were.

Does half my heart lie buried there  
In Texas, down by the Rio Grande?

## KILLED BY HORSES.

Four Deaths, Each in a Different Place, From the Same Cause.

LEXINGTON, Mo., April 9.—John Weiss, aged 19, living seven miles from here, was thrown from a horse which tripped on a stick Thursday night about 8 o'clock, dying from his injuries.

GALLATIN, Mo., April 9.—The young son of Mrs. Kate Hubbard was thrown from a horse here yesterday and dragged nearly a mile with his foot in the stirrup and his head on the ground. He will die of his injuries.

FAYETTE, Mo., April 9.—Miss Rose, 15 years old, daughter of W. J. Peacher, of Estill, Mo., was caught Thursday night falling from a horse and her neck broken. The horse was mired and fell in its struggles.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., April 9.—George Vogt, aged 14, was thrown from a horse here yesterday afternoon by a breaking girth and dragged several hundred yards to his death. A passing train frightened the horse and as he galloped along threw the boy against a fence, breaking his neck.

## WAR OF EXTERMINATION.

Remarks Made By a Baltimore Colored Preacher at a Convention of Clergymen.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 9.—The colored movement denouncing mob law in the south has reached Baltimore. Some fifty colored ministers of all denominations responded to a call sent out for them to meet at Bethel church to arrange for the lynching, shooting and burning of colored people in the south. After some discussion a committee was appointed to act on the matter. The committee submitted a report indorsing the resolution with the exception that Sunday, May 30, be the date of the meeting in place of May 31.

Rev. C. W. Mossel said: "If this thing cannot be settled amicably it will then have to be settled with the sword until one or the other is exterminated and the man who is not willing to cast his lot with the other as an offering on the altar is not worthy of being called an American citizen."

## For a Monetary Congress.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Mr. McCreary in the house introduced a bill to authorize the holding of an international monetary congress. The bill, which is long, provides that the congress shall meet in Chicago, August 3, 1893, and continue in session at the will of the majority.

## LEGAL.

## LEGAL.

## Order of Publication.

In the Circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Michael Doherty, collector of the revenue within and for Pettis county, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff,

—against—  
Mary Barlow and L. D. Merse, defendants.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendants, Mary Barlow and L. D. Merse, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendants cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendants Mary Barlow and L. D. Merse be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against them in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1885, 1886, 1887 and 1889, against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

One-fourth (1-4) of lot ten (10), in block five (5), in the original plat of the city of Sedalia.

And unless the said Mary Barlow and L. D. Merse be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:  
T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

## Order of Publication.

In the Circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Michael Doherty, collector of the revenue within and for Pettis county, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff,

—against—  
William H. Orrison, Isaac Hatcher and W. L. Porter, defendants.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendant Isaac Hatcher, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendant Isaac Hatcher be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1887, 1888 and 1889, against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot seventeen [17] in block one [1] in J. D. Brown's addition to the city of Sedalia.

And unless the said Isaac Hatcher be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:  
T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

## Order of Publication.

In the Circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of V. P. Hart, collector of the revenue within and for the city of Sedalia, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff,

—against—  
Louisa S. Good, defendant.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendant Louisa S. Good, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendant Louisa S. Good be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against her in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lots seven, 7, and eight, 8, in block one, 1, in D. B. Watts' addition to the city of Sedalia.

And unless the said Louisa S. Good be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:  
T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

## Order of Publication.

In the Circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Michael Doherty, collector of the revenue within and for Pettis county, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff,

—against—  
Joel E. Haight, H. H. Tye and Joel Franklin, defendants.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendants, Joel E. Haight and H. H. Tye, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendants cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendants Joel E. Haight and H. H. Tye be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against them in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889, against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Ten (10) acres in the southwest corner of lot two (2) of the northwest quarter of section thirty-one (31) in township forty-five (45) of range twenty-one (21).

And unless the said Joel E. Haight and H. H. Tye be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of



# Sedalia Democrat.

OLD SERIES, Established 1868. NEW SERIES, Inaugurated 1891.

Published Daily Except Sunday by the  
Sedalia Democrat Comp'y.

A. C. BALDWIN, P. B. STRATTON JR.,  
Pres. and Manager. Sec'y and Editor.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS:

Daily, delivered, 15c per week.

Daily, delivered, 65c per month.

BY MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID:

Daily, one year, in advance, \$6.00.

Daily, six months, in advance, 3.00.

Daily, three months, in advance, 1.50.

Daily, one month, in advance, .65.

Weekly edition, one year, in advance, 1.00.

Weekly edition, six months, in advance, .60.

Address all communications on business or for publication to

THE DEMOCRAT,  
Sedalia, Mo.

OFFICE: Equitable Building, Fourth and  
Lamine streets. Telephone 232.

THE choice of the Missouri democrats for the presidential nomination is the man who can win.

WHERE is the republican state that has had its taxes reduced as rapidly as has democratic Missouri?

EDITOR COCHRANE, of the St. Joseph *Gazette*, would make a most excellent delegate to the Chicago convention.

THERE should be a democratic club in every township in Pettis county. Let the work of organization begin at once.

WHILE a republican national administration has increased federal taxes by the McKinley bill, democratic Missouri decreased state taxes materially.

AGAIN the DEMOCRAT would remark that the democracy should make a clean sweep in Pettis county this fall; a good, strong ticket will win from top to bottom.

THE St. Louis connection of the M., K. & T. is being pushed right along and Sedalia will soon begin to reap the fruits of an increase in the shop force of the road.

OUR St. Louis brethren must not get to pulling hair among themselves. As long as Boss Filley is not bald-headed they can amuse themselves with his gory locks.

If we are not going to have any silver legislation the ways and means committee should grind out tax reduction bills a little faster. Time flies and the presidential campaign will soon be on hand.

SENATOR VEST tells a New York newspaper reporter that Missouri is for free coinage of silver, but for Cleveland for president. He doubts, however, if the state will instruct its delegates to the national convention.

THE *Star-Sayings* (republican) says that Grover Cleveland would "doubtless make a good president of the United States." Of course he would; better than any republican, and better than any other eastern democrat.

THE process of taxing the west for the benefit of the east has played smash with the republican party in the agricultural states, but the democracy can only win the disaffected votes by making a bold persistent effort to correct the evil.

THE average Kansas republican has a horrid nightmare every time he thinks of a fusion of the democrats and third party in that state. Fusion is not always a good thing, but it would be funny to see the electoral vote of Kansas taken out of the republican column.

THE republicans who so strongly favored free raw sugar principally for the benefit of a trust, ought to be in favor of free commercial sugar for the benefit of the people; that is, they ought to be unless they are more friendly to the trusts than to the people.

A DISPATCH from New York states that Muldoon, the wrestler, has been engaged to put Secretary Blaine through a course of physical training. Then "Boss" Filley can put him through the convention and the republicans will have their ablest leader in line for a presidential race.

THE *Sunday Mirror*, a St. Louis "sassiety" paper and parlor organ

of Governor Francis, thinks that neither Stone nor Dalton will receive much encouragement in St. Louis. Stone, it says, is in a combine with the *Republic* and the railroads, and Dalton is too much of a farmers' candidate. Perhaps the "organ" thinks such assertions are calculated to help "Chollie" Maffitt's boom for delegate at large. The friends of Dalton and Stone will, of course, being plain, common people, stay in the back ground and suffer Prince Chollie's kid glove following to send him to Chicago in consideration of his very valuable (?) services on the state committee in bossing the legislature and other matters.

## AN HONEST DOLLAR.

The use of the dollar is to measure values in this country, just as the use of the bushel is to measure commodities.

The "honest" dollar is the coin that most accurately measures values, whether it be gold, silver or paper.

The "dishonest dollar" is the dollar which has appreciated or depreciated in a greater degree than the average productions of the country, and which is either too dear or too cheap to constitute a fair measure.

By this standard it will be seen that silver is the honest dollar today in the United States.

Going back to 1870 as a starting point it will be seen that silver has changed in value less than gold, when measured by the value of the average productions of the country.

Take corn, wheat, pork, beef, cotton, iron or any of the staples of the country and it will be seen that a given quantity of these have kept nearer to the exchange value of an ounce of silver than to that of an ounce of gold, and that while all have depreciated in value when measured by the gold standard, they have depreciated in something like the same ratio.

In other words, gold has appreciated in value when compared either with silver bullion or the other products of labor, and while the exchange value of a given quantity of gold and silver has changed greatly the change has been caused by the appreciation of the yellow and not by the depreciation of the white metal.

This is the fair and just view to take of the coinage question, and measured by the standard of labor, the only fair criterion, it is the gold dollar which is dishonest to the debtor instead of the silver dollar being dishonest to the creditor.

## THE MONETARY CONFERENCE.

The proposed monetary conference does not promise much progress toward free coinage of silver.

In the first place the conference would be with nations who are ruled by certain classes who found it to their interest to demonetize silver and depreciate the products of labor by enhancing the value of gold, and thus add to the power of those who have fixed incomes.

In the second place, while the masses of the people of this country are unquestionably in favor of the free coinage of silver, the United States would be represented in the proposed conference by delegates the majority of whom are opposed to the free use of the white metal.

The plan is to have the United States represented by twenty-one delegates. Seven of these are to be appointed by the president, who is opposed to free coinage; seven by the president of the senate, also opposed to silver, and seven by the speaker of the house, who is for free coinage. Thus there would be of our own delegation a majority of two to one against free coinage.

We would thus be treated to the novel spectacle of a convention conferring as to how to bring about a reform that they do not wish to bring about at all.

Such childish nonsense would do more to destroy the confidence of the masses in the honesty of purpose of the leaders of our parties than would be done by an absolute abandonment of silver coinage altogether.

The thing for sincere men to do is to meet the issue frankly and boldly.

If free coinage is a good thing let us restore the white metal to its place in the monetary system just as it was prior to 1873.

If it is a bad thing let us abandon

it and tender a formal apology to John Sherman for all the hard things we have said about him in every campaign since his infamous demonetization scheme was smuggled through congress.

## SENSIBLE RECIPROCITY.

As our republican friends have grown somewhat weary of the subject of "protection," since the McKinley bill proved that "the tariff is a tax" with such fatal effect in 1890, we may naturally expect them to grow garrulous on their new pet scheme of "reciprocity."

It is strange, however, that some of these new converts from the doctrine of trade repression to the opposite idea of trade reciprocity, do not attempt to bring about the desired condition by a general law.

To the sincere disciples of trade extension, it would seem that a general law providing that all articles purchased in any foreign country with the proceeds received from the sale of commodities produced in the United States shall be admitted to this country free of duty, would be about the right kind of reciprocity.

This would have a tendency to encourage commerce; it would be "reciprocity" for all sections alike and for all nations alike.

It would make a market abroad for our products exactly in proportion to the market here for the products of other nations, and would make markets for our produce wherever is produced articles which we wish to buy.

To be sure a law of this kind would be a little rough on the trusts that have grown so rich and powerful on the milk of protection, but the great mass of producers would have their innings at last.

The DEMOCRAT has no patent on this plan; indeed it has been suggested heretofore by a distinguished democrat, but both he and this paper will be perfectly willing to see some republican congressman come to the front with this sure-enough, simon-pure, world-wide reciprocity as a substitute for the narrow, contracted, two-for-a-nickle variety that has been worked off on some of our well-meaning republican friends as the genuine, first-class article.

THE *Sunday Mirror*, the parlor organ of the Francis-Maffitt crowd in St. Louis, refers frequently in its last issue to the "Stone-Noonan-Republic-Railroad combine" in St. Louis. The "organ" will find it difficult to convince the democrats of this state that the *Republic* and Col. Stone have gone into a combine either with the railroads or with the mayor of St. Louis, but we have always observed that when a real "combine" is in process of organization its tools are first and most vociferous in yelling "combine" at others, and it may be that there is a real combine brewing. If so the sturdy democracy of the state will discover it and teach the kid-glove gentry a lesson they will not soon forget.

IN ANOTHER column will be found the announcement of Mr. J. P. Kemp as a candidate for the democratic nomination for sheriff. Mr. Kemp is no stranger to the readers of the DEMOCRAT, having been born and raised in the county and enjoying in a high degree the confidence and esteem of the democrats. He is well qualified for the office and will make a strong candidate, his experience as deputy sheriff for four years having made him hosts of friends.

A NOMINATION unanimously and without opposition for the high and important position of congressman is an honor of which any man may justly feel proud. That honor has twice been conferred upon Hon. John T. Heard, and from present indications it will be given him a third time this year. Three times the unanimous choice of his party in the best district of Missouri! But who says he has not fairly earned it?

THE DEMOCRAT, by authority, announces the candidacy of Hon. Mont Carnes for the office of sheriff, subject to the decision of the democratic primary. Pettis county contains no more popular or deserving citizen. His record as a public officer commends him to the people and he will be found a strong candidate, and if he receives the nom-

ination he will be the next sheriff of Pettis county.

THE enemies of Cleveland who claim that he was silent on the subject of the force bill while that measure was pending in congress do him a gross injustice. He, as well as every other democrat and a great many republicans, were opposed to the measure, and he expressed his opposition in language that could not be misunderstood. Cleveland is not sound on the silver question, but he is a brave, outspoken, honest man, and would never fail to oppose so heinous a measure as the force bill.

THE fact that Dick Gentry and Lon Stephens are on excellent terms personally is no excuse for one of our exchanges undertaking to palm off on its readers a cut of Lon as a picture of Dick. That is a kind of reciprocity that is going to injure some one, but the DEMOCRAT leaves it for the ladies to decide as to which of the candidates has greatest cause for complaint; whether Dick shall sue for libel, or Lon for damages for attempting to gain votes under false pretenses.

PROBABLY no man in the state has a clearer idea of the condition of the democratic party of the country than has Col. Chas. Jones, of the St. Louis *Republic*. As one of the delegates at large to the Chicago convention he would be in a position to do real service to the party in helping to select the man who can win.

THE Cleveland men in Indiana are getting mad because Gray refuses to retire from the presidential race. There is a strong feeling in the country against the course the Cleveland leaders are pursuing and it is very questionable if the disposition to ride rough-shod over all opposition does not injure the prospects of the ex-president.

ONE of the greatest advantages Dick Dalton will have in the campaign is the idiotic opposition of Governor Francis' dude organ, the *Sunday Mirror*. Idiotic opposition is the strongest support a candidate can have; of course it is involuntary support, but it is effective just the same.

THE Pennsylvania democrats instructed for Cleveland. But will they pledge themselves to give him the electoral vote of the state if he is nominated? That's the question. Boies can carry Iowa and Illinois both. Can Cleveland carry New York and Pennsylvania? If so, he is the man.

OUR county ticket should be made up of men every one of whom has a record, both as a gentleman and a democrat, which commands the respect and confidence of all classes of our citizens. The democracy wants to make a clean sweep, and should take every precaution to make success certain.

PEPPER says he told Senator Plumb once, as an excuse why he did not go back to the republican party, that he wanted to "play horse awhile longer." In telling the story he played the part of father of the horse's cousin to perfection.

THE DEMOCRAT learns of one Pettis county farmer who lost \$50 by not being able, on account of bad roads, to deliver his wheat according to contract. Fifty dollars would pay the annual interest on enough money to build a half mile of good road.

THE DEMOCRAT has heard the name of Judge Rechow, of Polk county, suggested as one of the delegates to the national convention from this district. He is a good man, an able man and an honest, sincere democrat who deserves that honor at the hands of his party.

THE Laclede county democratic convention adopted resolutions endorsing Hon. R. P. Bland and Col. Chas. H. Jones for delegates at large to the Chicago convention. Two better men for the position could not have been found.

THE committee did the right thing in calling an early congressional convention. The minds of the people are already made up on the subject of the congressional nomination anyhow.

THE sentiment among democrats is very strongly in favor of an early

primary. The campaign for nominations on the county ticket is already fairly opened, and it will take only a few weeks for the members of the party to become thoroughly acquainted with the merits of each candidate. Then, with the campaign over, the nominees will have all the summer to fight the opposition instead of fighting fellow democrats.

COTTON is being produced at an actual loss at present prices, and yet we have failed to hear of any republican congressman introducing a bill to protect the cotton grower by giving him a bounty. If the manufacturer deserves to have the difference between the cost of production and the selling price made good to him off of the general public by law, why should not the cotton planter enjoy the same blessing?

THE DEMOCRAT is pleased to see so many democrats in favor of a complete club organization in the county. The club in this city is a success. It is founded on correct principles and is in admirable shape to do splendid service in the coming campaign, as it did in the city contest that closed with so glorious a victory on the 5th inst. Let us have such a club in every township in the county.

THE New York *World* very properly reminds the democrats who live in hopelessly republican states that they should be at least willing to concede something to the states which are expected to furnish the votes to elect the presidential candidate. It is much more important that the democratic candidate and platform be satisfactory to Virginia or Alabama than to Kansas or Massachusetts.

THE morning contemporary thinks that democracy is demoralized over the loss of Rhode Island. As the democrats outside of "protected" New England never had any real New England carrying the "protected" state, the demoralization is not at all serious. Iowa, Illinois and half of Kansas and Michigan will be pretty encouraging gains for the democracy.

THOSE democrats who are deprecating silver coinage and sneering about dishonest money would do well to remember that only a few short months ago that very free coinage issue was what beat the force bill in the United States senate. The democratic party was then pledged to support this "dishonest money issue."

ELEVEN Kansas counties have instructed for Cleveland. The jury over this announcement is somewhat saddened by the thought that not one of those counties will give him a majority vote if he is nominated. There are numerous post-offices in sight, however, if the democratic states can elect the choice of the Kansas democrats.

THE *Gazette* crawls out from under the pile-driver that hit it on the 5th inst. long enough to urge its party to rally once more for an effort to carry the county. In the interest of the democracy we want to see the *Gazette* get to work even if all the sewers in town have to be enlarged.

KANSAS CITY is being flooded with circulars offering "green goods" for sale and a number of them have found their way into the hands of the officers. This particular bunco game is as old and threadbare as the "protective tariff" scheme that has been worked on the laboring men so long.

NO PARTY ever gains any substantial advantage by dodging or trying to deceive voters, and the democracy had just as well remain true to its principles and denounce the robber gold standard along with the robber tariff.

ATTORNEY GENERAL WOOD gives an opinion to the effect that a college endowment is subject to taxation. The point at issue was the assessment of the endowment of the Missouri valley college at Marshall.

A GREAT many negroes who left good homes and steady employment in the south in the vain search for wealth and social equality in Oklahoma are destitute and anxious to return to their old homes.

A COMPREHENSIVE and complete system of rock roads would nearly

double the value of every acre of farming land in Pettis county. Land is valuable in proportion to its accessibility to the markets for the products raised on it.

THE way the republicans rejoice at saving the little state of Rhode Island is an index of their condition of mind on the eve of the presidential contest. They evidently expected a repetition of 1890.

THE subject of rock roads is an important one and every such spell of weather as this but serves to show more conclusively the need of earnest, active work in behalf of road improvement.

OSCAR WILDE thinks the "art of lying" has decayed. But if Oscar will just wait until the state and national campaigns are fairly under way he will change his mind on the subject.

THE republican journals which have chattered so glibly of "democratic divisions on the silver question" don't give much space to Senator Stewart's roasting of the treasury department.

IT is hard to find a man who is opposed to good roads. There are a few, however, who are opposed to paying for them. They want them to grow.

THEY have a one-armed bigamist arrested in New York and already sixty women have claimed him as husband and the returns are not all in.

THE state campaign is on in St. Louis, and the man who won't talk politics is lonesome in the Future Great.

## RING OUT THE OLD.

The Old Sedalia Postoffice Quarters Vacated Tuesday.

At 7 o'clock Tuesday morning the postoffice effects were moved into the new building, where Uncle Sam will in future transact his business with Capt. Demuth as coadjutor.

The interior of the building is a magnificent specimen of architecture and presents an air of metropolitanism rarely seen outside of the great cities.

It is needless to say that the postoffice and all attaches connected with the department are in great glee over the new location.

Nor are the people lacking in appreciation, for the accommodations furnished by the new quarters will easily discount the advantages of the old.

## That Vigorous Foreign Policy.

From the New York Herald.

So far, then, the result of "the vigorous foreign policy" in the Behring sea matter is an agreement to arbitrate, and the credit of this is due to Mr. Blaine. The monopolistic claim set up by Mr. Harrison has no more support or recognition than it had when first sounded so bombastically. Moreover, there is hardly a shadow of a doubt that it will be demolished by the arbitrators for the obvious reason that it has nothing to rest on. When the decision is announced it is not likely to afford material for glorifying Mr. Harrison.

But this fact will not deter the administration stump-speakers during the coming campaign from ringing the changes on Mr. Harrison's "vigorous foreign policy."

## Scott Reception.

To the Editor of the DEMOCRAT:

The reception given at Mrs. Bettie Scott's, April 7th, in honor of her son, T. L. Scott, who was married to Miss Stella Hendrix, of Callaway county, by Rev. E. K. Porter who has tied the knot for all of the Scott children. The guests were received by the groom's mother, assisted by her nieces, Misses Eva and Ella Kemp and Ada Estes. There were about one hundred invited guests, who enjoyed a most excellent meal, gotten up to suit a queen's taste, which was placed upon a table decorated in a taste that would have been hard to improve upon. Mr. and Mrs. Scott will be at home to friends ten miles northeast of this city.

## No Change in His Habits.

From Harper's Bazar.

She—You men are so changeable! Before we were married you didn't go to the club every night.

He—I couldn't, my dear, when I had to call on you every night. I'm not away from home any more now than I was then.

## Their Name is Legion.

Memphis Appeal-Avalanche.

Bob Ingersoll's statement that Walt Whitman was the most eminent American is resented by all the other most eminent Americans in the country.



## INTERESTING TO FARMERS.

## Paper Concerning the Fruit Grower and Public Roads.

A paper read before the Pettis County Horticultural society by its president, G. B. Lamm.

GENTLEMEN:—If it were not that I believe thousands of our citizens are dissatisfied with the present condition of our public roads, and are trying as best they can to solve this road question, and are only waiting for the way to be opened for practical improvement before taking action, I say, if it were not for this belief, I would not attempt to call your attention to so complicated a matter nor ask you to follow me while I try to throw some light upon this road subject which must in the near future require careful thought.

But let us take these things at their tide, that we may bear them on to fortune. While everybody else is thinking let us think. The thought part of the subject is a healthy sign, full of hope, and must precede intelligent action. I am thankful that we live in an age when we not only dare but must think, and that careful thought is so richly rewarded.

If it is our wish as a society to have an influence in this road matter, then let us take a stand with the progressive element of the county and urge a speedy union of diversified ideas upon this subject of good roads.

I believe we want to go down on record as being in favor of smooth roads, that is roads well graded and free from rock and bisected with culverts over which our fruit wagons can go without jarring our delicate fruits into jam.

I have seen fine, luscious peaches worth \$2 a bushel made utterly worthless, and apples of the hardiest varieties unfit to store for winter, all done by a few miles of transportation over our roads.

No grocer can keep apples through the winter that have been brought 15 or 20 miles over such roads as we have and he need not try. Some of our best fruit growers drive 12 miles to this market and their fruits suffer to such a degree as to be unfit for market. When you once break the delicate tissues of a berry it soon sours and the grocer loses all his profit; the next road he wants them cheaper, and then you lose all yours.

Now without discussing the present condition of our roads for I believe you are all acquainted with them, I wish to call your attention to two things which I believe can be done.

First I believe it necessary and possible that a road overseer's convention should be held in Sedalia once every year by the Pettis county road overseers, and a this convention discuss the matter of culverts, road grading, side ditches, bridges, etc.

This convention would be similar to our annual school officers' convention of this county, which we believe is doing a vast amount of good. There need be no great expense attached to such a convention, but it could be made interesting for the farmers and every road overseer would get new ideas. The county surveyor could give valuable information to such a gathering of men and the county court their views in the premises.

The newspapers would be glad to record the experience of progressive men on a subject that lies so near the prosperity and happiness of the whole people.

Our road overseer, Mr. I. M. Norton, practiced a scheme of widening and deepening the side ditches within a rod of culverts, without disturbing the outlets, so that the loose soil washing down the ditches and out of the fields would lodge in a kind of a basin and be close where it would be needed to grade in around the culvert the next year. This idea alone, if practiced, would be worth thousands of dollars to the county. I see it practiced no where else in the county.

Perhaps the greatest barrier to the farmers coming together even in a convention like this would be the bad roads.

These bad roads are a terrible barrier to the progress of this state. If ever the farmers, the greatest latent forces in American civilization to-day, are ever to be placed in such a situation as will allow them to build up the common school system, and have their rightful place in the management of our civil and political affairs, they must have better roads.

I am enthusiastic in my belief that a convention would unfold the subject to the people and it would be better understood. This brings me to the second point.

I believe that we should favor the building by the county and near the city, a half mile or more of two or three of the best known kinds of roads, as an experiment, so that we can obtain the necessary knowledge of what will serve in this locality the public good to the best advantage and the least cost.

If you talk with a score of intelligent men on this road question they can only tell you of what they have seen in some other states or localities and will all have different opinions of what would be suited to our environments.

No one will know until we try and find out what will be the most serviceable and cheapest road for us.

Therefore I say let us make experiments that we may know and then I believe the people of Pettis county are progressive enough to get what they want.

My attention has been called to the fact that 20 per cent. of the school children in our district are kept from enjoying the school privileges on account of bad roads, and for the same reason a large portion of the voters of the state were disfranchised at the last spring election.

It is the verdict of every community where good roads are established that they soon pay for themselves.

It costs 15 cents to haul a ton a mile on our roads while the railroad does it for 8 mills.

A mud blockade would cause a loss of thousands of dollars to us fruit growers in a single week.

You all know the effect of a single rain on our roads and its ruinous result.

Let us believe that "whatever it is our duty to condemn, it is our duty to cure." We all condemn the present condition of our roads and we all should shoulder the burden of relief.

I believe about 60 or 70 years mark the history of railroads in this country, you know their completeness and efficiency now. Hundreds of years mark the history of our roads and yet with us a rain or two causes a blockade.

If Sedalia wants to break up this feast and famine business she wants to join hands with us on road improvements, and she can have all feast and no famine.

She pays 50 cents for corn where 35 cents would do if we had good roads. Her poor pay \$5 and \$6 a cord for wood, when good roads will bring it for \$3.

If this were gain to the farmers we need not complain but it is a loss to both consumers and producers.

The life has been pulled out of hundreds of our horses of this county this spring, and they are now unfit to make a crop.

Good roads benefit all and injure none.

Now that the time has come that we cannot go winding hither and thither over our prairies, but must keep a prescribed path, let us have it worthy of our fine horses and carriages.

Then, too, starving millions might hold up their hands to us, as Russia is now doing, and beg our bread, but what could we do but let them starve?

Winter is about over with us and thousands of our farmers can see that they will have plenty and to spare, but a mud blockade has even blunted the charitable consideration of honest men.

Socially the farmer is too much isolated by poor roads and the social pleasures of life limited.

Let us have better roads that we may have better social advantages, better intellectual advantages, and better financial advantages, and let us use every possible legitimate means within our power to awaken the people to think and to do.

## THE NEW RAILROAD.

## Vice President Walker Will Attend the Meeting.

The Marshall Democrat-News has the following in regard to the Springfield, Sedalia, Marshall and Northern railroad.

BROOKFIELD, Mo., April 7, '92. W. M. Walker:

DEAR SIR:—Your favor of the 5th received; now we are ready for a meeting, and you are hereby notified that there will be a joint meeting of the Brookfield and Northern and Springfield, S. M. & N. R. R. directors at the Commercial club room, Brookfield, Tuesday, April 10th at 10 a. m., for the purpose of consolidation and construction if they see fit, to which presence is earnestly requested.

Yours truly,  
C. D. BENNETT, Sec.

## Decrease in Trade.

There is a vast difference in the receipts of a steamboat between those of 1864 and those of the present year on the Missouri river. In 1864 the steamer Marcella's receipts from Leavenworth City to St. Louis, down stream, were \$6,700. The A. L. Mason on her trip last week had receipts of \$400.

## A Bold Break.

David Ousley, wanted in Morgan county for seducing his stepdaughter, escaped from Sheriff J. M. Dunn near the "X" office Saturday night, by rushing past the sheriff and jumping from the train. He has not been caught.

## THE STRENGTH OF UNION.

## How Democracy Can Continue Its Victories by Good Organization.

To the Editor of the DEMOCRAT.

Repeated references of the DEMOCRAT to the importance of club organization should have the approval of every democrat and his active energies effecting a practice of it.

There is a massive influence in clubs that merges individuals into a unit of political action that can not otherwise be obtained. It is the political yeast that ferments a community into a common effort for the general good of democracy and equalizes everyone's influence to the common advantage of all. All kinds of local grievances are allayed, all objections are harmonized and suspicions nullified by the consent that the whole party is to be subserved where the influence of one democrat counts for as much as another. Besides these advantages, every man's personal effort is supported and fortified by the united influences of association, the personal burden is evenly distributed and the cause appeals to each alike.

All in all, united counsel devises the best political practices, eliminates political nonsense and wins battles safest with organized clubs.

Now, Mr. Editor, if these are facts, why should not our party management see at once that the best advantages be lent to the effort? It is high noon already and the democrats invite the interest and will second the matter by an activity in the coming canvass never before seen in the county. Let us have clubs everywhere.

R. A. BLAIR.

## The Evil of Instructions.

From the New York World.

The practice of instructing delegates to the National Democratic Convention in behalf of one or another candidate is full of evil and ought to be abandoned.

It confuses counsel. It embarrasses action. It prevents deliberation and the exercise of wise judgment. Carried to its legitimate end it must reduce the National Convention to a merely mechanical recording machine so far as the choice of candidates is concerned. It may easily lead to disastrous mistakes through the crippling of deliberation at the moment when deliberation is most necessary and most likely to give good results.

If the delegates enter the convention tied hand and foot with instructions, conference is of no use and the convention ceases to be a choosing body. Its work might as well be done by the instructions without the delegates, by paper certificates instead of men.

These States which do not give democratic pluralities, whose electoral votes are sure to be counted against the democracy, ought very largely to leave to the delegates from the democratic and doubtful states the work of choosing the candidates with whom to win. Yet it is the surely republican states whose democracy is usually freest in binding delegates to a particular, prearranged choice. The delegates from such states count for as much as those from democratic communities, and their instructions tend to override the deliberate judgment and choice of those whose constituents must do the electing. It may easily happen that the instructions given in states which cannot furnish a single democratic electoral vote may determine the choice of a candidate.

The practice of instructing is unwise, unfair and dangerous. It ought to be abandoned. The national democratic convention should be the great deliberative congress of the party, free to do the work of conference, consultation and selection with which it is charged. It has need of all its judgment and freedom of choice in order that

The next president shall be a democrat.

## Another Convention.

Sedalia is never behind in the matter of conventions. The Commercial club, assisted by Mr. E. T. Behrens, of the Truth, has secured the convention of the people's party which will be held at Sedalia, June 21 and 22, for the purpose of nominating a state ticket and selecting a delegate at large and four from each of the fifteen congressional districts to the national convention at Omaha, July 24.

It is estimated that it will bring at least 1,000 people to the city.

## Public Schools in Western Cities.

Julian Ralph in Harper's Magazine.

In no city in the west is there a sign that public education will not remain the most costly branch of the government. There are two ways to look at such a condition, but, in my opinion, the two ways are not what they are commonly supposed to be. One way should be to look with envy on the rich, who thus may send their children

to school for eight years, while the poor, who must put their little ones to work at tender ages, foot the greater part of the cost. The other way might well be to commiserate the poor who are deceived by sentimental clap-trap into inflating the common school system in such a manner that at last their share in its benefits becomes microscopic.

## A BIG ENTERPRISE.

## The Water Works Company to Build an Immense Reservoir.

The Sedalia water works company has advertised for bids for the construction of an immense storage reservoir with a capacity of about 800,000,000 gallons. The cost of the reservoir will be about \$50,000 and it is the intention to complete it this summer.

The new storage reservoir will be located on Flat creek, southeast of Forest park and about two miles west of the pumping station. The reservoir will cover upwards of 100 acres of land, and will be from thirty to thirty-five feet deep.

## NOT YET CAUGHT.

## David Ousley, the Fugitive, Well Known Here.

The man, David Ousley, who escaped from Sheriff Duff, of Morgan county, a few nights since by leaping from the train near the "X" office, is quite well known in Sedalia among laboring classes, he having been employed here several years ago.

Ousley, who is forty-five years old, is a stone cutter by trade and was engaged in that kind of work while a resident of this place.

In addition to these developments, a DEMOCRAT reporter learned this morning that Ousley has a daughter living with the family of Mr. White, an old gentleman who resides north of the Missouri Pacific shops.

It was only late yesterday evening that the police became advised of Ousley's relations here, else the probabilities are that he might have been captured ere this.

## LAID TO REST.

## The Funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Parberry Took Place Monday Afternoon.

The death of Mrs. Elizabeth H. Parberry at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John D. Crawford, Sixteenth and Kentucky streets, on last Sunday morning at 6 o'clock, removes from Sedalia one of its oldest citizens. Mrs. Parberry came from Tennessee many years ago with her father, the late Judge Thomas Jopling. She was 63 years of age at the time of her death and had been a resident of Pettis county from an early period.

She was a member of the Methodist church and died with the glorious hope of resurrection and immortality.

Her Christian virtues were many. No wayfarer was ever turned unfed and unsheltered from her door and the ragged were always clothed. In these days when life is heated and barren with its strife, its vanities and its ambitions, it is a pleasant thought to know that there are those around us content in simply doing good that others may be happier, in becoming wearied that others may rest, and in watching that others may sleep. Such a woman was Mrs. Parberry and, as she passed out of the shadows of earthly life, there surely dawned for her a glory that shall never fade.

Dr. J. B. Fuller conducted the funeral services at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. D. Crawford, yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock. The burial took place at New Bethel church, 6 miles south of Sedalia.

## A SAD AFFLICTION.

## Mrs. Dr. E. C. Evans Goes to St. Louis to Seek Relief for Failing Eyesight.

Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Evans were passengers to St. Louis on Tuesday last. Mrs. Evans has been in poor health for quite a time and the visit is made to consult the best medical advice in the country with a view to treatment.

Mrs. Evans' friends will be pained to know that her eyesight has almost entirely failed and it is with difficulty that she can see to walk around her room or to even take food.

The condition is a most serious one and is deep seated. The cause is hardly known, but is supposed to be due to a certain extent to her becoming very much overheated about two weeks ago. She was out calling during a very warm day, and, having no umbrella for protection, came near being prostrated by the heat. Her condition has grown more serious ever since.

They may be absent several weeks, as their physician may advise a visit to Hot Springs.

## Vegetables as Medicines.

From Woman's Kind.

Spinach has a direct effect upon the kidneys. The common dandelion, used as greens, is excellent for

the same purpose. Asparagus purges the blood. Celery acts admirably upon the nervous system and is a cure for rheumatism and neuralgia. Tomatoes act upon the liver. Beets and turnips are excellent appetizers. Lettuce and cucumbers are cooling in their effect upon the system. Onions, garlic, leeks, olives, shallots possess medicinal virtues of a marked character, stimulating the circulatory system and increasing the saliva and the gastric juices.

## BISHOP HENDRIX.

## Passenger on East Bound Train En Route to Louisville.

A distinguished passenger was on the east bound train at noon Tuesday. It was Bishop Eugene R. Hendrix of the Methodist Episcopal church south, and perhaps the greatest of the college of bishops.

Bishop Hendrix is a man who like old Aeneas has "traveled much both by land and sea." A tour around the globe made some ten years ago, besides several European visits since, constitutes a portion of his extensive travels.

The Hendrix family, like the Beecher, is a distinguished one. Joseph Hendrix has been elected mayor of Brooklyn, New York, for two consecutive terms, while Fremont, another brother, was up to the time of his demise, a few years since, one of the chief officers in the naval service.

## Opposing Candidates.

Special to the Democrat.

NEVADA, Mo., April 13.—W. T. January has announced that he will be a candidate against Judge D. B. Stratton for the democratic nomination for circuit judge in this, the Twenty-third district. Judge Stratton holds the office at present, and it was not thought until recently that he would have any opposition.

## Cleveland on the Convention.

From the Republic.

The letter written April 8 by Mr. Cleveland to a democrat of Chattanooga, Tenn., deserves the serious consideration of all democrats. "I am exceedingly anxious to have our party do exactly the right thing at the Chicago convention," Mr. Cleveland writes, "and I hope the delegates will be guided by judgment and actuated by a true democratic spirit and the single desire to succeed on principle. I should not be frank if I did not say to you that I often fear I do not deserve the kind things such friends as you say of me, and I have frequent misgivings as to the wisdom of again putting me in nomination. Therefore, am anxious that sentiment and unmeasured personal devotion should be checked when the delegates to the convention reach the period of deliberation. In any event there will be no disappointment for me in the result."

This is the proper view not only for Mr. Cleveland but for every other democrat. The question at Chicago will be whether it is better to take the candidate for president or for vice-president from New York. It is possible that it will be easier to hold gains in the west and at the same time to carry New York by putting at the head of the ticket a western man who is in no way involved in the local politics of New York City and state. Some may deny that this is probable, but even though the probabilities may all be in favor of the old electoral college combination of New York and Indiana, the possibilities of great advantage from a change are not to be lost sight of.

They must not be thrown away, at any rate, before the convention meets. Reckless enthusiasm is hardly less demoralizing than reckless despondency. Some who were only too ready a few months ago to pronounce Mr. Cleveland out of the question are now only too ready to pronounce him the only democrat who can be considered.

In addressing such, Mr. Cleveland puts the welfare of the party first. He does not want "a boom." He wants the nomination only in the event that the convention, acting deliberately, shall determine that the principles of the democratic party can be best promoted by his service as a candidate. He is a good democrat and a sensible man. He does not want to be forced on the convention or to be forced by the convention on New York.

There should be no booming and no quarreling. It may be decidedly best to nominate a western democrat, with the candidate for vice-president from New York. Or it may be decidedly best to nominate Mr. Cleveland. Which is the better can be better determined after the report of the committee on platform has been made and after due deliberation in convention.

## Rather Personal.

Chicago has passed an ordinance forbidding jackasses upon the street. Ward McAllister and Colonel Shepard will have to visit the world's fair in a balloon.

## MARKET REPORTS.

## Kansas City Live Stock.

KANSAS CITY, April 14.	
CATTLE—Receipts, 3,375; calves, 27; shipped yesterday, 2,775. Steers were dull and weak to the lower; cows steady and feeders weak to lower. The following are representative sales:	
DRESSED BEEF AND SHIPPING STEERS	
10.....	1,411 87.75
28.....	1,371 83.75
43.....	1,371 83.50
13.....	1,351 83.45
29.....	1,351 83.41
32.....	1,351 83.41
8.....	1,351 83.30
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COWS AND HEIFERS	
12.....	1,401 83.15
15.....	1,371 83.15
17 Mix.....	1,371 83.15
18.....	1,371 83.15
3.....	1,351 83.10
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**Education and Happiness of the Child.**

Victor Hugo.

There is a latent danger in education not sufficiently serious, which cannot be too much insisted on. It is perhaps unwise to endeavor to make a child happy too soon.

**Morey & Crawford**

Are prepared to make loans on farms in Pettis county. Borrowers need not be troubled with the vexations, delays and useless objections to titles made by loan companies. Call and see us before making contracts for borrowing.

MOREY & CRAWFORD,  
Opposite court house, Sedalia, Mo.

**TRUSTEE'S SALE.**—WHEREAS, L. F. Sheldon and Anna R. Sheldon, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 31 day of March, 1890, and recorded at page 27 in deed of trust record 69, in the recorder's office of Pettis county, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned, as trustee, the following described property in Pettis county, Mo., to-wit:

Beginning at the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section nine, township forty-five, range twenty-one, thence south ten poles, thence west twenty poles, thence north ten poles, thence east twenty poles to the beginning; being one and one-quarter acres; also, beginning forty poles south of the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section nine, township forty-five, range twenty-one, thence south twenty poles, thence east forty poles, thence north twenty poles, thence west forty poles to the place of beginning, except the following: Beginning twenty poles east and forty poles south of the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section nine, township forty-five, range twenty-one, thence south ten poles, thence east twenty poles, thence north ten poles, thence west twenty poles to the beginning; in trust to secure the payment and performance of the note and obligation set forth in said deed of trust in favor of the Equitable Loan and Investment Association of Sedalia, Missouri.

And where, default has been made in the payment and performance of said note and obligation according to the terms and conditions thereof; and whereas, by virtue of the provision of said deed of trust, the whole of said note and obligation has become due and payable according to the election made and expressed by the Equitable Loan and Investment Association of Sedalia, Missouri, which is now the legal owner and holder of said obligation. Now, therefore, at the request of the said holder of said note and obligation, I, the undersigned, trustee, will on

*Monday, the 2d Day of May, 1892,*

offer for sale, at public vendue, at the court house door in Sedalia, in Pettis county, Missouri, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described real estate, to satisfy the said note or obligation and the interest thereon and the costs of executing this trust.

W. F. HARNSEBERGER, Trustee.

**LEGAL.****Order of Publication.**

In the Circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of V. P. Hart, collector of the revenue within and for the city of Sedalia, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff.

3168

—against—  
George M. Diven, defendant.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendant, George M. Diven, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendant be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot three (3) in block seven (7), in the original plat of the city of Sedalia. And unless the said George M. Diven be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:  
T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

**Order of Publication.**

In the Circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of V. P. Hart, collector of the revenue within and for the city of Sedalia, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff.

3300

—against—  
John W. Marshall, defendant.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendant, John W. Marshall, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendant be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

The west half of lot three (3) in block thirteen (13) in the original plat of the city of Sedalia. And unless the said John W. Marshall be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:  
T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

**Order of Publication.**

In the circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of V. P. Hart, collector of the revenue within and for the city of Sedalia, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff.

3315

—against—  
A. W. Smith, defendant.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendant, A. W. Smith, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendant be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Fifty-three and one-half, 53 1/2, feet by one hundred and thirty, 130, feet on the south side of Broadway, in the city of Sedalia, being part of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section three, 3, in township forty-five, 45, of range twenty-one, 21.

And unless the said A. W. Smith be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:  
T. A. FOWLER, clerk of the circuit court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

**LEGAL.****Order of Publication.**

In the Circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of V. P. Hart, collector of the revenue within and for the city of Sedalia, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff.

4542

—against—  
George M. Diven, defendant.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendant, George M. Diven, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendant be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot twenty-one (21) in block six (6), and lots fourteen (14), eighteen (18) and twenty-two, 22, in block seventeen (17), in the original plat of the city of Sedalia.

And unless the said George M. Diven be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:

T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

**Order of Publication.**

In the Circuit Court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of V. P. Hart, collector of the revenue within and for the city of Sedalia, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff.

3241

—against—  
A. E. Hull, Harvey C. Flower and Kelley Brent, defendants.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendants, A. E. Hull, Harvey C. Flower and Kelley Brent, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendants cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendants be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against them in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the year 1884 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lots seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block four (4), in J. R. Stewart's addition to the city of Sedalia.

And unless the said A. E. Hull, Harvey C. Flower and Kelley Brent be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:

T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

**Order of Publication.**

In the Circuit Court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of V. P. Hart, collector of the revenue within and for the city of Sedalia, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff.

3247

—against—  
John M. Robb, defendant.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendant, John M. Robb, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendant John M. Robb be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot six (6) in block seven (7), in the original plat of the city of Sedalia.

And unless the said John M. Robb be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:

T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

**Order of Publication.**

In the Circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of V. P. Hart, collector of the revenue within and for the city of Sedalia, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff.

3279

—against—  
Arthur D. Stewart, defendant.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendant, Arthur D. Stewart, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendant Arthur D. Stewart be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lots four (4), five (5), six (6), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block four (4), in Stewart & Thompson's second addition to the city of Sedalia.

And unless the said Arthur D. Stewart be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:

T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

**Order of Publication.**

In the circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of V. P. Hart, collector of the revenue within and for the city of Sedalia, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff.

4543

—against—  
George M. Diven, John Dexheimer, John D. Crawford and H. J. Neighbors, defendants.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendants, George M. Diven and H. J. Neighbors, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendants cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendants George M. Diven and H. J. Neighbors be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against them in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot nineteen (19) in block eighteen (18) in the original plat of the city of Sedalia.

And unless the said George M. Diven and H. J. Neighbors be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:

T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

**Order of Publication.**

In the Circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of V. P. Hart, collector of the revenue within and for the city of Sedalia, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff.

4513

—against—  
A. W. Morgan, defendant.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff, by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendant, A. W. Morgan, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendant A. W. Morgan be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887 and 1888 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Forty-five (45) feet by one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet, being the south half of the north half of the east half of block two (2) in Jackson & Montgomery's addition to the city of Sedalia.

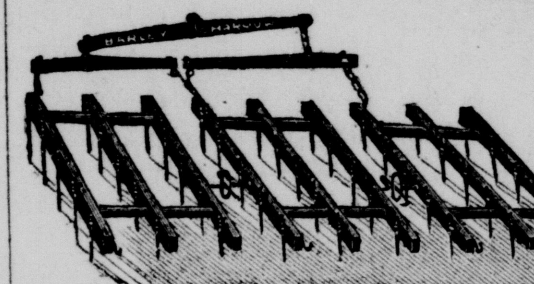
And unless the said A. W. Morgan be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:

T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

**LEGAL.****BLACKSMITHING, FARM MACHINERY, ETC.****J. H. BARLEY BRO. & CO.,**

Manufacture their patent 20 foot Giant and Meadow Lark Hay Stackers; 14 foot Jumbo Riding and Bull Rakes on Wheels, Vibrating Smoothing Harrows, both metal and wood frames, with 18, 24 and 32 adjustable and reversible steel headed teeth, round or square, interchangeable.

General Blacksmithing and Repairing

Farmers bring in your Reapers, Mowers and Plows in early before the rush comes on. We have an experienced smith on plow work and have Emery grinders to grind them up in good order. Sharpening Dick harrows of all kinds. Supply of globe and check valves, oiler, glass engines, gas pipes and fittings, boiler iron, rivets, stay bolts, belting, packing, belt hooks, pumps and inspirators. *Smoke Stacks, Sidelake Grates, Coal Mining Cars.* Do all kind of work done at a machine shop.

**Sedalia, Mo. BARLEY BROS. & CO.****LEGAL.****LEGAL.****Order of Publication.**

In the Circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Michael Doherty, collector of the revenue within and for Pettis county, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff.

4402

—against—  
George M. Diven, defendant.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendant, George M. Diven, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendant, George M. Diven, be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1884, 1887, 1888 and 1889 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot three (3) in block eleven (11), lot fifteen, 15, in block twelve (12), lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block thirteen [13], lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block fourteen [14], lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block fifteen [15], lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block sixteen [16], lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block seventeen [17], lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block eighteen [18], lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block nineteen [19], lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block twenty [20], lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block twenty-one [21], lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block twenty-two [22], lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block twenty-three [23], lots three [3], seven [7], fifteen [15], nineteen [19] in block twenty-four [24], all in the original plat of the city of Sedalia.

And unless the said George M. Diven be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:

T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YEATER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

**Order of Publication.**

In the circuit court of Pettis county, Missouri—May term, 1892.

The state of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Michael Doherty, collector of the revenue within and for Pettis county, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff.

4317

—against—  
George M. Diven and Robert Wright, defendants.

NOW at this day comes the plaintiff by its attorney, and it appearing to the court that a writ of summons has been issued in this cause against the defendants, George M. Diven and Robert Wright, and the sheriff of Pettis county, to whom said writ was directed, has made return thereon that the said defendants cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process herein cannot be served; it is therefore ordered by the court that the defendants George M. Diven and Robert Wright be notified by publication that the plaintiff has commenced a suit against them in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for taxes for the years 1883, 1884, 1888 and 1889 against the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot thirteen (13) in block eleven (11), in the original plat of the city of Sedalia.

And unless the said George M. Diven and Robert Wright be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the first Monday of May next, and on or before the third day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition herein, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least fifteen (15) days before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

A true copy from the record. Attest:

T. A. FOWLER, Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
By E. R. MARVIN, Deputy Clerk.

CHARLES E. YE



## WHERE IS BROWN?

**EVEN MISS REESE HERSELF CANNOT BE LOCATED.**

*The St. Louis "Star-Sayings" Continues in Its Efforts to Unravel a Sedalia Mystery.*

The newspapers have repeatedly discussed the disappearance of Ed. Crawford, the former editor of the *Sentinel*. No clue has ever been found that could be followed to the extent of finding the missing man.

Below is an article from Thursday afternoon's St. Louis *Star-Sayings* in which the matter is again reviewed:

"The Crawford case again bobs up serenely. A special telegram from Sedalia stating that Mrs. Ed. Brown, formerly Miss Kate Reese, who was supposed to have eloped with Ed. Crawford, the missing editor of the Central Missouri *Sentinel*, in which she was employed as type-setter, has been heard from in New York city. The first she knew of Crawford's disappearance and wrote to her relatives in Sedalia, was what she saw in the newspapers. She claims to have never seen Mr. Crawford nor heard from him since she left Sedalia. She also claims to have been greatly surprised at the inquiry made by her mother in a letter with reference to that elopement story.

So far so good. But how about that marriage with Brown? Miss Reese will please rise and explain. That part of the story has never been printed, and will, therefore, be read with interest now that Miss Reese has been heard from. One day Mr. Ed. Crawford, the editor of the Sedalia *Sentinel*, walked into another newspaper office in that city with a letter in his hand, which he claimed to have just received from Miss Reese, who had been in his employ as a type-setter. In it she stated that she had been married to the man Brown and that she was going to New York to reside. He requested the editor of the newspaper to make a favorable notice of Miss Reese's marriage, saying that he knew young Brown very well, that he was a clever gentleman, and would make Miss Reese a good husband. Now, there was nothing very peculiar about that, save that Crawford had told other parties that he never heard of Brown. He had told people in his own office that the man Brown was an entire stranger to him, and he was surprised to hear Kate Reese had married a stranger. In his own paper, the same week, he made a similar statement, forgetting, perhaps, that he had told another story, and that is sufficient to show that there is a "nigger in the woodpile" somewhere. But even admitting that Crawford did know Brown, or that he did not know Brown, which ever suits the reader best, in the letter Mr. Crawford handed the newspaper editor in Sedalia, asking for a favorable notice of Miss Reese's marriage, it was stated that the wedding had occurred in St. Louis at the house of a friend, whose name and residence were given, as was the date of the wedding. The police of St. Louis, who were looking for the missing editor, upon securing this information, made inquiries sufficient to find out that that much of Miss Reese's statement was untrue. So did a "Star-Sayings" reporter. No marriage license was issued to Brown and Miss Reese, and people cannot be legally married in the city of St. Louis without a license.

Of course what Miss Reese says may be true, but what she has said prior to her present "say," is known to be absolutely untrue. If she "fibbed" before, it is at least possible that she will "fib" again. At any rate this is a vague and unsatisfactory method for Miss Reese to adopt to clear her skirts of the Crawford disappearance, or of any connection therewith. If she had married a man by the name of Brown and did not marry in St. Louis—and she did not—according to the records, why does she not send her marriage certificate to her friends in Sedalia? is the question being asked by those who are interested in locating E. D. Crawford or in ascertaining whether he be dead or alive. Miss Reese's story is decidedly flimsy: in fact, all her stories are so. The only way for her to regain public confidence is to make a clean breast of it and give the facts. Perhaps E. D. Crawford has been murdered after all—not in St. Louis, because it would be scarcely possible for that to be done under the present police service—but he may have been murdered outside of St. Louis. He may have started away from this city on some errand to some adjacent town and never got there. He may have fallen in the river and floated down to New Orleans, but

the majority of people think that he "floated" to New York with Miss Reese, and they will continue to think so until she produces documentary evidence to establish facts to the contrary. No one has said that Miss Reese is with Crawford, but she owes it to herself, to her family, to Mr. Crawford and his family and to the public of Sedalia and, for that matter, to the public everywhere, to furnish indisputable facts that what she says is true, if she can do so."

### THE FAST MAIL.

**The Running Time to be Reduced Between St. Louis and Kansas City.**

It is said that the new time-card of the Missouri Pacific will show an improvement in the fast mail service between St. Louis and Kansas City. It is the intention to reduce the running time about 40 minutes for the entire distance. This will not make a perceptible difference in the speed per mile, but it will send the train into Sedalia 25 minutes earlier.

### A NEW TRAIN.

**The Missouri Pacific to Put on a new Accommodation Between Sedalia and Kansas City.**

It is rumored semi-officially that the Missouri Pacific will put on a new passenger train which will leave here at 7 o'clock a. m. for Kansas City, returning to this city in the evening. This will enable Sedalians to visit Kansas City, spend the day and return that evening.

This will be a counterpart of the accommodation now running between St. Louis and Washington, Mo. Such a train will be of much value to everyone living along the line of the west end. In the summer season it will enable all wishing to visit the watering places along the main line to do so without discomfort.

### A BOLD SNEAK THIEF.

**A House Entered in Broad Daylight and Money Stolen.**

The sneak thief has been having a rather successful time of it during the past week. The gentleman seems to have a failing for breaking open trunks.

Last Wednesday afternoon the house of J. I. Orrison, No. 305 East Third street, was entered and robbed. The lady of the house was absent at the time and had left the doors unlocked, making the thief's access quite easy. He found his way up stairs and going to a rear room proceeded to open a trunk by breaking a lock. The trunk contained \$25 which the thief pocketed.

No trace of the robber has been found, though there is a plausible supposition that he was well acquainted with the house. There were three other trunks near at hand but they were not molested, the thief evidently knowing where the money was secreted.

### THE MACADAMIZED ROADS.

**Ten Per Cent. of the Taxpayers Necessary Before an Election Can be Called.**

The petitioners for macadamized roads were somewhat discomfited when the county court decided that it was compelled to reject the petition. This resulted from a technicality in the present law.

Before an election can be legally called it will be necessary to have the petition signed by at least ten per cent. of the taxpayers in the county.

The gentlemen composing the committee are noted for their tireless efforts in behalf of the welfare of Sedalia and will proceed at once to secure the desired number of signers. The work can readily be accomplished in a few days and the people of Pettis county, before many months, can expect to drive into Sedalia over good roads instead of floundering around in mud axle deep and losing the virtues that make them peaceable and law-abiding citizens.

### Charter Extended.

The charter of the Citizens National bank, of this city, has been extended to April 9th, 1912. This is one of Sedalia's strongest and most popular institutions and the news of its extension of charter will be read with genuine pleasure. The DEMOCRAT hopes that the coming twenty years may each bring a greater prosperity than the preceding to the bank and its popular managers.

### A Merited Rebuke.

From the Lexington News.

At Sedalia, Stevens, democrat, was elected mayor, notwithstanding the dirty fight made on him by the *Gazette*, the republican paper. The result proves conclusively that the *Gazette's* abuse was not believed by the voters. A merited rebuke. The democrats elected every officer excepting the assessor and a councilman. Poor old *Gazette*. To the DEMOCRAT and *Bazoo*: Shake!

## PET NAMES.

**HOW THEY CLING TO PEOPLE THROUGH LIFE.**

*Farmer Dick, Shoeless Jim and Shirt Tail Bill—The Three Little Farmer Boys.*

Hon. W. J. Stone, in a recent speech at Bloomfield, thus explained how several of the gubernatorial candidates in boyhood came by the pet names which still cling to them in their ripe manhood:

"I see my friend Judge Gibson, who is a gentleman of high character, and would make you an excellent governor—though that may be said of all my distinguished opponents—in his card announcing his candidacy, and in the comments of his friends published along with his announcement, promulgated the improvement of our public roads as the chief plank in his platform, and the fact that he had gone bare-footed in his boyhood as the principal excuse for enthusiasm among his friends. Now the judge did himself injustice in all that. I know he is a gentleman of broad views, and that there is more in his life and achievements to awaken enthusiasm than the fact that a company of spurred and belted troopers, whom he was guiding, dubbed him 'Shoeless Jim.' Now, if the fact that my distinguished friend was bare-footed somewhere in Cooper county when he was about the age of ten years is to be regarded as a matter of importance in this canvass; if that is to stir the blood of the Missouri democracy, then I am prepared to prove by the sworn statements of a hundred reputable men that, in common with all the boys of my neighborhood, I, too, was a bare-footed lad, familiar with the agonies of a bruised heel and bleeding toe. I suppose that sort of thing was common everywhere thirty years ago. More than that, now that this important and interesting subject is up, I want to go a little further and say, that until I was ten years old the only garment—except on Sunday and when there was company—that adorned my cupid form in the sultry summer days was a straw hat and a long-tailed towline shirt. The hat I rarely wore and the shirt was usually rent like a wounded battle flag. Now I insist that my judicial friend has no more right to the pseudonym of 'Shoeless Jim,' than I have to that of 'Shirt-tail Bill,' though that is a distinction I am not especially courting.

"And speaking of pseudonyms, I am reminded of another of my honorable competitors. My friend, Colonel Dalton, has likewise taken unto himself a non de plume. He is 'Farmer Dick.' Now I insist this sort of thing is not fair. It is hitting below the belt. This 'Shoeless Jim' and 'Farmer Dick' business is something I had not anticipated, and I complain that it is an ungenerous effort to put the rest of us at an unmerited disadvantage. I am told Colonel Dalton is a farmer. I believe that fact has become pretty well known throughout Missouri. But I insist my friend is not entitled to monopolize all there is of either good or bad in agriculture. I am something of a farmer myself. I own and operate one of the best farms in south Missouri. I have land and cattle and hogs, and a mortgage. I possess all the essential elements of a representative western farmer."

The foregoing inspired Col. Bob Yost, of the *Republic*, to perpetrate the following:

THE HYMN OF THE THREE FARMER BOYS.  
Three little farmer boys played in the sun,  
Where the green, sweet meadows lay;  
Capturing butterflies one by one,  
Through the livelong summer day.

They knew where the orchard bloomed its best,  
And the bubbling brooklet sung;  
They knew where the robin hid its nest,  
And the bobolink's keynote rang.

They chased the calves in the pasture near,  
And hid in the big red barn;  
They cut the tug from the plowman's gear,  
And practically owned the farm.

One had black eyes and cheeks of tan—  
There were lots of grit in him;  
Barefoot he went, the little man,  
And they called him "Shoeless Jim."

The next had eyes of heavenly blue,  
And he played on the haymen's rick;  
His hope was to be a farmer, too,  
So they named him "Farmer Dick."

The third was clad in a single rag  
That fluttered adown the hill  
And always looked like a wounded flag—  
Hence they called him "Shirt-tail Bill."

The boys grew to men as they sometimes do,  
And went into statesmanship,  
But farmers they are, and warmly true  
To the horny-handed grip.

Each wants to seize the governor's chair,  
And our "Farmer Dick" runs fast;  
But will it be black-eyed "Shoeless Jim,"  
Or "Shirt-Tail Bill," at last?

### A Hash Fiend.

O'Brien Moore, correspondent of the St. Louis *Republic*, has a pronounced weakness for corn-beef hash says the *Washington Post*. When Mr. Murry, known among his New York friends as "Terrapin

Tom," took charge of the House restaurant he brought over from Gotham a head cook who is a democrat, a ret-hot Tammany man, and an ardent admirer of Senator Hill. Moore learned these facts, and his celtic wit soon showed him a way to utilize them for the comfort and gratification of his department of the interior. When he goes into the House restaurant for his lunch he doesn't sit down and order from one of the colored waiters. Not much. He goes up to the marble counter and says to one of the white attendants:

"Please order a plate of corn-beef hash for Senator Hill."

The white attendant, who stands in with the genial O'Brien, repeats the order to the kitchen below: "One plate of corn-beef hash for Senator Hill."

When the chef hears that order supposedly from his admired leader he announces with dignity: "I'll fill that order myself."

The result is that the hibernian news hustler gets a dish of superlatively excellent corn-beef hash. "As good as I could at Chamberlin's or Delmonico's, even," is his comment.

It is hoped that this publication will not queer his little snap.

### MORE KREBS SUFFERERS.

**Two Badly Burned Men Pass Through this Morning on their Way to St. Louis.**

Edward Flynn and Hugh Lafferty, two men injured in the great Krebs mine disaster, were at the depot last Saturday, on their way to a hospital in St. Louis.

Lafferty was terribly burned about the head and face. Much of the flesh had been burned from Flynn's arms and his left hand was in such a terrible condition that the fingers had grown together, being completely webbed from the knuckles to the tips.

The men stated that while there had been considerable suffering, the people throughout the country had aided the unfortunates most substantially, and that they were being well taken care of.

### THE CONVENTION IN MAY.

**A Talk With Mr. T. P. Rixey Concerning the Great Society of I. O. O. F.**

A DEMOCRAT reporter was talking yesterday with Mr. T. P. Rixey concerning the state encampment of the I. O. O. F., which meets in Sedalia on May 17th, and continues three days, and was surprised to learn of the wonderful growth, the great resources and the charities dispensed by the order. This is the third time in the history of the order in the state that it has met outside of St. Louis.

There will be about 1,500 regular odd fellows besides 200 uniformed men known as the Patriarchs Militant which is comparatively the same as the Knight Templars. Many visiting brothers will also attend with their families. At the close of the three days' session, a lodge of instruction will be conducted by Mr. Rixey and continue one day. Besides being state lecturer, he is also grand representative to the sovereign grand lodge which meets in Portland, Oregon in September.

On Monday, May 16th, the Daughters of Rebecca will hold their convention.

Mr. Rixey is a remarkably intelligent and fluent talker and had many interesting things to say of the order. In reference to a number of its features he said:

"There is this distinction between Odd Fellowship and Masonry, the latter is despotic in its government while ours is democratic.

The I. O. O. F. was established in 1819 and has now become the largest society in the world. In 1890 the number of members was 608,525; number of lodges, 9,084, and brothers relieved during the year \$0,240. The amount paid in sick benefits was \$1,812,313.63; burying the dead, \$474,528.26; special relief, \$165,093.11; widowed families, \$150,700.22; educating orphans, \$19,403.33, making total relief for the year, \$2,622,038.55. The relief in the encampment was \$259,608.61, and the amount paid by the Daughters of Rebecca was \$27,831.44, thus making a grand total of \$3,309,478.60.

Since 1830 the order has grown rapidly, the number of invitations being 1,704,649. The number of members relieved was 1,538,462, widowed families relieved, 190,978, and members deceased 151,000. The total amount paid as relief since that year has been \$54,272,993.42; the receipts, \$142,393,835.99.

The Patriarch's Militant is the uniformed rank numbering about 25,000 members. It has been in existence only 6 years and yet its regalia, etc., is worth \$1,163,730. This branch, while in Sedalia, will be under the command of General Henry Cadle, of Bethany, Mo.

There are 19 "Homes" established in different parts of the coun-

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try for helpers and indigent Odd Fellows. There is none in Missouri. Mr. Rixey, however, is the chairman of the committee to provide for one, and will make his report at the Sedalia convention. Should it be decided to erect one, it would be well for Sedalia to keep her ears open.

The order now has over 15,000,000 members. The total increase last year was 36,000; in Missouri, 2,000. The parent order, known as the Manchester Unity, has 700,000 members.

"Odd Fellowship is a great brotherhood inspired by a noble philanthropy. It is ever active in season and out of season in ministering to the necessities of those upon whom sickness has laid its paralyzing hand. And the solicitude, the aid, the affection, do not cease when the cold clods of the valley hide forever from view all that was mortal of a brother. The widow and the orphan become special objects of attention, the wards of the order, and the helping hand is extended to the unfortunate deprived by death of husband and father, thus manifesting the truthfulness of the well-known words:

"Failing not when life is perished;  
Living still beyond the tomb."

### The Conventions.

The democratic conventions this year will be as follows:

At Sedalia May 11th to select delegates to the National convention at Chicago June 21st.

At St. Louis July 6th to nominate three candidates for supreme judges.

At Jefferson City July 19th to nominate state officers.

At Kansas City June 23d to nominate a candidate for judge of the Kansas City court of appeals.

### Come West.

From the Post-Dispatch.

With free coinage defeated and Cleveland in the lead the democrats failed to get even a plurality in Rhode Island. Does not this call for a modification of democratic views with regard to the importance of meeting the demands of the east with respect to the party leader and platform? Does not the west offer the better field for making democratic gains? Is there not good reason to believe that all the democratic investment in the east outside of New York and New Jersey is a mere speculation?

### A Day of Rest for Beauty Sake.

From the Pall Mall Budget.

One of our famous beauties has a peculiar and successful system for keeping her youthful freshness. Although she is in good health she lies in bed one day in ten, sleeping in the morning of this day of rest till she wakes naturally. After a hot bath and a light breakfast she goes back to bed, and rests quietly in a darkened room until 6 o'clock, when she dresses in a peignoir, dines in her room and sits about idly until 10 o'clock, when she goes to bed again. Few social events are considered of sufficient importance to cause the lady to give up this periodical retirement from the hurry and excitement of modern life.

### The Best Record.

From the Carthage Democrat.

One of the best records any party can make is to reduce taxation and

### TRUSTEE'S SALE.—WHEREAS, ONE

Lewis Jackson, by his deed of trust, dated the 2nd day of January, 1888, and recorded in the recorder of deeds office of Pettis county, Missouri, in book 57, pages 71 and 72, conveyed to the undersigned, as trustee, all of his right and title in the following described real estate, situated in Pettis county, Missouri, to-wit:

The east thirty acres of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty-six (26), township forty-six (46), range twenty (20).

Said conveyance was made to me in trust to secure the payment of two certain principal notes and interest thereon; and whereas, said notes and interest have become due and remain unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions contained in said trust deed, the undersigned will, on

Monday, the 25th Day of April, 1892,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the west front door of the court house in the city of Sedalia, county of Pettis and state of Missouri, sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes, interest and costs of executing this trust.

WM. H. POWELL, JR., Trustee.

practice common-sense economy. This record has been made in Missouri by the democratic party and to-day state taxes are no longer burdensome. The revenue tax hereafter will be fifteen cents on the \$100. This represents the entire cost of the state government, which includes support of the public schools, the educational, eleemosynary and penal institutions of the state and criminal costs. Most of the money deprived under the tax is returned direct to the people through the public schools. The interest tax represents a legacy left by the republican party. This is a matter that should not be overlooked.

### Jacks and Jennets

to farm out, also seed buckwheat to sell. For terms, apply to J. J. LAMM, Sedalia, Mo.

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# DEBATES.

The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce J. S. Hopkins as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Pettis county, subject to the decision of the democratic party.

The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce J. P. Kemp, of Heath's Creek township, a candidate for the office of sheriff of Pettis county, subject to the decision of the democratic party.

The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce Mont Carnes a candidate for the office of sheriff of Pettis county, subject to the decision of the democratic party.

The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce the name of J. C. Porter as a candidate for sheriff of Pettis county, subject to the decision of the republican primaries or convention.

## THE YOUNG WIDOW.

[The following poem is published as a compliment to its unknown author. Any lack of literary skill is fully compensated by the evident knowledge of feminine wiles.]

She is modest, but not bashful;  
Free and easy, but not bold;  
Like an apple, ripe and mellow,  
Not too young and not too old.  
Half inviting, half repelling;  
Now advancing and now shy;  
There is mischief in her smile,  
There is danger in her eye.

She has studied human nature,  
She is schooled in all the arts,  
She has taken her diploma  
As the mistress of all hearts.  
She can tell the very moment  
When to sigh and when to smile;  
Oh, a maid is sometimes charming,  
But a widow—all the while.

Are you sad? How very serious  
Will her handsome face become;  
Are you angry? She is wretched,  
Lonely, friendless, fearful, dumb;  
Are you mirthful? How her laughter  
Silver sounding, will ring out;  
She can lure and catch and play you  
As the angler does the trout.

Ye old bachelors of forty,  
Who have grown so bold and wise;  
Young Americans of twenty,  
With the love look in your eyes,  
You may practice all the lessons  
Taught by Cupid since the fall;  
But I know a "Little Widow"  
Who could win and fool you all.

## HIS GIRL.

Judge Ryland Writes Loving Epistles.

A DEMOCRAT reporter happened to be engaged at the same table where Judge Ryland sat last night doing some writing.

In the course of the pleasant remarks now and then exchanged, as the two were busily employed, the reporter observed to the jurist: "Judge, you must be writing to your girl."

"I am," replied he, smilingly, as he held up to view a voluminous roll that looked more like an instruction to a jury than a personal letter, "I am writing to my girl; she's my little three year old granddaughter and I'm telling her of the funny things that have happened to-day. This is the way I spend my evenings when absent from home—writing to the children. It tickles them to death, too, and they have the letters read so often to them that they quote them to their grandpa when I go home."

"Don't you find it difficult to write these kind of communications, judge?"

"Not at all, sir; I'd rather write to these little darlings than to do anything. In fact, I expect I enjoy it more than they."

With these words the christian jurist folded the precious missive, sealed and mailed it and then retired to his room, where doubtless as his white hair was kissed by the pillow of peaceful sleep, he dreamed throughout the entire night of his little darlings whom he had left at home—pained to think of the stony paths their little feet would tread, but happy with the consciousness that the God in whom he trusts would see them safely through this earthly journey.

## A SON'S DUPLICITY.

He Squanders the Possessions of His Aged Father and Then Refuses to Provide for Him.

An old man named James Beggs, on his way to Lincoln Center, Kansas, from a visit to his son near Sparta, Mo., was at the depot Wednesday and told a DEMOCRAT reporter the story of his sad misfortune. He was penniless and making a hard effort to get home.

He at one time possessed a 160 acre farm near Lincoln Center. As he was fast growing old, one of his sons told him that if he would deed the farm to him that he would provide for his father during the remainder of his days.

The deed was made and the son soon sold the farm. The unfilial boy took the money and in a short time had squandered it, and now refuses to take care of him.

## HE WAS MAD.

A Man From Illinois Loses His Pocket Book—Also His Respect for Missourians.

He came in from the north, Moberly, at 8:45 on Tuesday and had just transferred his traveling effects to the south bound train, intending to go to Montrose, when the half dozen trainmen and passengers who lingered at the depot to keep out of the drizzling rain were sud-

denly alarmed by the man's hasty exit from his coach and the fumes of profanity that issued from his throat—"I have lost my pocket book—some thief has robbed me—these d—d Missourians would steal the gold filling out of a man's teeth."

Managing with a herculean effort to suppress the laughter that convulsed him, the conductor, followed by a reporter, went to the stranger's assistance; but in vain was the coach he occupied searched, not a vestige of his property could be found nor a clue to its whereabouts secured.

Satisfying himself that the pocket book was not to be found, the man once more gave the atmosphere a cerulean tinge with imported expletives. After exhausting himself a DEMOCRAT reporter learned the following story from him:

"My name is James Parrott—an appropriate name for such a d—fool as myself, I am now convinced; I am a resident of Peoria, Ills., but travel for the Redmond, Clearv Commission company, of St. Louis. I was en route from Moberly to Montrose, but will now be compelled to lay over in Sedalia till I hear from the house.

The pocket book contained between \$38 and \$40."

Mr. Parrott after standing contemplatively on the depot platform for a few minutes, picked up his remaining grip with the remark that "I'm blame glad she's left," and skinned, reminding bystanders who watched him depart of the wedding guest whom Coldridge thus describes:

"He went like one that hath been stunned,  
And is of a sense forlorn.  
A sadder but a wiser man  
He woke the morrow morn."

## ADJOURNED.

The April Term of Pettis County Criminal Court Ended.

Judge Ryland with one or two exceptions cleared the docket for the April term last Thursday and announced that court stood adjourned till the next term.

Pettis county was very liberal this term, contributing five convicts to the custody of Warden Morrison of the penitentiary. One of these went hence several days since and the other four were conveyed thither by Sheriff Smith at noon.

State vs. Geo. Washington; felonious assault; case taken up; jury sworn.

State vs. Lon Venable; felonious assault; defendant withdraws plea of not guilty and pleads guilty to common assault. Sentenced to three months in jail.

State vs. Wm. Brown; larceny; second offence. Indictment read and plea of guilty entered. Sentence deferred.

State vs. Tesk Towalla; false pretenses; arraigned, indictment read; plea of guilty entered and defendant sentenced to jail for ten days regardless of costs.

Those composing the quartette to-day are William Brown, Gus Jackman, Geo. William Thomas and Joseph Hewitt, the latter a white man, the others being negroes.

Brown had just been liberated from the penitentiary last Thanksgiving day, having been sent up on the same charge of which he was convicted this time—larceny. His sentence is two years.

Gus Jackman committed forgery in fourth degree and will wear the conventional costume the same length of time as Brown.

George William Thomas for burglary will live a monastic life four years.

Last but not least the only Joe Hewitt, who by his general cussedness has won a splendid reputation among crooks, will wear the stripes two years.

It required a big effort on Joe's part to reach his reward, but by perseverance he has at last realized his desideratum.

State vs. George Washington, felonious assault; defendant arraigned and plead not guilty and case set for Wednesday.

State vs. Miller, liquor cases; continued.

State vs. Wm. Harrah, felonious assault; defendant arraigned and plead not guilty; continued.

State vs. Gus Jackman, forgery; defendant arraigned and pleads guilty; sentence deferred.

State vs. Lon Venable, felonious assault; defendant plead not guilty and case set for Wednesday.

State vs. Thos. Roberts, assault with intent to kill; defendant arraigned, pleads not guilty and files application for continuance.

State vs. Joe Hewitt, assault with intent to commit rape; defendant arraigned and plea of guilty entered; sentence deferred.

State vs. Jos. Hewitt, rape; state enters nolle prosequi.

State vs. Geo. W. Thomas, burglary and larceny; plea of guilty to first count entered and sentence deferred; larceny count dismissed.

State vs. Dan Scally, adultery; defendant withdraws plea of not

guilty and enters plea of guilty; fined \$5 and costs.

State vs. Fred Geisinger, grand larceny; arraigned, waives reading and pleads not guilty, continued on application and at defendant's cost, defendant recognized with Frank A. Thies \$1,000 continuing bond.

State vs. A. Ross, vagrancy; sheriff makes verbal return on writ of habeas corpus that he holds defendant by virtue of execution for fine and costs issued by A. D. Fisher, Justice of the Peace, which is denied by defendant; defendant removed to sheriff to serve out fine and costs.

State vs. John Creech, carrying concealed weapons; defendant released under insolvent act.

State vs. Thos. T. Mullens; nolle prosequi.

State vs. Wm. Whitworth, seduction; defendant waives reading, pleads not guilty and case continued at defendant's cost, defendant recognized with B. T. Sterler and Geo. P. Withers \$1,000 continuing bond.

State vs. Thos. Roberts, assault with intent to kill; case continued, defendant recognized with W. T. Roberts and E. K. Conodoy \$1,000 bond.

State vs. William Parmerlee; murder in first degree; defendant discharged.

State vs. John Hamilton; felonious assault; defendant appears in custody of sheriff and is discharged by the court.

State vs. Charles M. Jacker; confidence game; defendant files petition and affidavit for change of venue from Pettis county; same heard and sustained and cause sent to Johnson county.

State vs. Martin Biggs; felonious assault and wounding; defendant arraigned, waives reading of indictment and pleads not guilty; case continued generally with William Wright as surety for \$500.

## A QUIET WEDDING.

Two of Sedalia's Well Known Young People Married Wednesday.

A very happy event took place at the residence of Dr. T. P. McCluney, No. 214 East Sixth street, at 11 o'clock Wednesday. It was the marriage of his daughter Miss Maude to Mr. Ernest W. Dugan, a successful young business man of this city.

The ceremony was performed in the presence of a few invited friends by Rev. Crouch, assisted by Dr. Joseph Tuttle.

The bride has spent her girlhood in Sedalia and by her gentle and unassuming manners and her rare qualities of heart and mind is possessed of a countless number of friends. She will make Mr. Dugan a noble wife as he will make her a noble husband. Both are young people of most estimable qualities and their many friends wish them a pleasant and prosperous life.

They left for St. Louis at noon and will be absent a number of days.

## A DESERVED COMPLIMENT.

The Sedalia Flambeau Club Will Go Abroad.

The Flambeau club of this city has accepted an invitation to assist in celebrating the seventeenth anniversary of the A. O. U. W. of Missouri, to be held in St. Louis the 12th of next month.

Referring to the coming festivity to a DEMOCRAT reporter this morning, Hon. Mont Carnes, grand foreman, said that the membership of the order in this state at present numbered 25,057.

"In addition to the large number throughout the state, representatives from all quarters of the country will be present," he continued. "We expect fully 60,000 members of the fraternity to be in St. Louis and take an active part in the exercises."

The A. O. U. W. of Missouri, was first organized with St. Louis lodge No. 1, on May 12th, 1875.

## Mining Company Organized.

The election of officers for the Sedalia Mining and Prospecting company took place Tuesday afternoon, and the following elected:

J. G. White, president.  
R. H. Moses, vice-president.  
Jonathan Myers, secretary.  
J. W. Shultz, treasurer.  
J. M. Babcock, superintendent.  
Judge Metsker and J. M. Babcock were appointed to visit Chicago and St. Louis and arrange for the purchase of machinery.

The company is backed by a capital stock of \$50,000 and has a lease on a 1,000 acre tract of coal land northwest of the city. Expert geologists say that this land covers immense deposits of coal of as fine quality as can be found anywhere in the state.

A diamond drill will be purchased and work commenced. After satisfactory results have been obtained, the company will commence prospecting for lead and other metals.

## A HOT FIGHT.

THE COMING PRIMARIES IN ST. LOUIS.

Dalton Goes into the Fight Against Francis—Lively Times Expected.

Special to the Democrat.

St. Louis, April 13.—The contest between the rival factions in St. Louis for the control of the city's delegation to the state convention is growing quite heated. "Farmer" Dick Dalton has notified Recorder of Votes Carlisle that he will be in the city to select delegates from the city. It is said that in the coming fight the Noonan forces will be arrayed on the side of Dalton, while the opposition will be made up of the friends of Francis and the supporters of Maffitt for delegate at large. It will be hardest struggle ever seen in the city, as upon its result depends the delegations to both state conventions, as well as the control in local politics. If the Dalton men win it is a defeat for Francis; if Dalton is defeated the Francis-Maffitt crowd are on top. Such being the issues there will be a great deal of hard feeling, as many go into the contest with old scores to settle.

## Resolutions of Condolence.

The following resolutions of condolence were adopted by Longwood lodge No. 202, I. O. O. F., of Longwood, Mo., at its regular meeting on Friday evening, April 1st, 1892:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the All-wise Father in the mysterious dispensation of His providence to call away our well beloved sister, Mrs. Phoebe Hanley, a Rebekah Degree member of this lodge and the wife of our worthy and esteemed brother Past Grand A. H. Hanley, from the lodge here below to the better and celestial lodge on high, now therefore, be it

Resolved, That in the death of Sister Hanley, this lodge has lost a worthy member and a faithful friend and co-worker in the Rebekah Degree.

Resolved, That we do hereby tender our brotherly sympathy and condolence to the bereaved family of our departed sister and more especially to those still remaining of her immediate household; to the sister and brother now left without the tender care of a kind and loving mother, and to the aged husband across whose earthly threshold the faithful companion of his declining years has passed out before him to the other and better shore.

Resolved, Further that, as a slight token of our sympathy and respect, a copy of these resolutions, under seal of the lodge, be tendered our bereaved brother for himself and family and that the same be spread in full upon the minutes of this lodge.

Done by order of the lodge  
WM. HOFFMAN,  
C. S. SWARTZEL, } Com.  
W. T. BARTON.

## Died.

March 29, 1892, at the residence of her mother, four miles south of Lamonte, Mrs. Dixie Elsea, the youngest daughter of Geo. M. Pemberton (now deceased) and Sarah E. Pemberton. She was born September 4, 1866. In the month of January 1890 she gave her heart to Christ and was baptized by Elder R. M. Ogle of the Primitive Baptist church. She was united in marriage on the 31st day of March 1891 to Mr. F. R. Elsea, of Saline county. She leaves a mother, husband four brothers and three sisters to mourn her departure, all of whom were with her in her last moments, except Warren Pemberton, of Texas. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. R. M. Ogle who preached from the 13th and 14th chapters of Revelations. She was a patient sufferer for several weeks prior to her death, but she meekly bore it all. The union of humility, chastity and mildness gave harmony to her character, and to do the will of her blessed Master was the great desire of her life.

We shall see her in the morning,  
Our darling, our beautiful one!  
She sleeps now just for a while,  
'Tis only 'till Jesus shall come."  
J. B. P.

## Well Pleased.

Elsewhere in these columns will be found an account of the Prohibition convention held at Chillicothe a few days since. It will also be noticed that Pettis county figured prominently in that conclave, Mr. E. E. McClellan being nominated for the office of secretary of state and Rev. W. Q. Bennett, pastor of the Southern Methodist church, at Green Ridge, elected one of the two

delegates at large to represent the state at the national convention to be held in Cincinnati June 29th.

Both gentlemen were visited by a DEMOCRAT representative to-day, and each expressed himself as being highly pleased over the prospect for growing interest in the cause of prohibition.

## Jacks and Jennets

to farm out, also seed buckwheat to sell. For terms, apply to  
J. J. LAMM, Sedalia, Mo.

117 West Main St.

There is where you get the best meal in the city for the small sum of

25c.

Short orders served promptly at low prices. We always give the best. Fresh fish every day. Try me just once.

GEO. W. SMITH.

## Gladden

"The hearts of your children and boys with one of Jacobs Bros' Spring Suits. If you will come and see them, you will be glad you came—for then you will see the real difference. They have a fit and style with them that, when once tried, make them trade winners and holders."

You Don't Know

What we have until you come and see them—and then we meet your economical ideas on them. Your one dollar will nearly do the work of two with us, and we can suit you besides.

While Expounding

on what we can do for you on little folks' apparel, we can promise you like adornment on men's goods; but no one appreciates the peculiar value of winning the good will of the boys better than

JACOBS BROS.

725 OHIO STREET.

Large Line of Clothing

TO ARRIVE

This Week!

Watch our tables, Notice the New Patterns, Get our Prices, and see if you do not think they are good values for the money.

We shall aim to treat everybody right and everybody alike.

We wish it understood that we are catering for the Railroad, Laboring and Farming and City trade, as we carry goods for the masses. Look for 214 Ohio Street.

Chicago Cloth'ng Co.

LOOK FOR NO. 214 OHIO STREET.

## TRUSTEES' SALE.—WHEREAS,

H. M. Sigman and Minerva E. his wife by their certain deed of trust dated the 10th day of February, 1890, and recorded in the recorder's office of Pettis county, at deed book 68, pages 496 and 497, conveyed to the said H. M. Sigman, and to the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis, State of Missouri, viz:

Thirty, 30, acres off of the northeast end of the west half of the northeast quarter of section twenty-eight, 28, in township forty-seven, 47, of range twenty, 20.

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described, and whereas said note has become due and remains unpaid, now, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I shall proceed to sell the above described real estate at the west door of the court house, in the county of Pettis, state aforesaid, to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, on

Thursday, the 5th day of May, 1892,

between the hours of nine in the forenoon and five in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy said note, together with the cost and expense of executing this trust.

A. P. MOREY, Trustee.

Dated this 15th day of April, 1892

By W. O. B. DIXON, D. S.

SHERRIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution for delinquent taxes, issued from the office of the circuit clerk of Pettis county, Mo., dated the 11th day of April, 1892, and to me directed in favor of the state of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of M. Doherty collector of the revenue of Pettis county in the state of Missouri, and against Louis Brown for the years 1885, 1886, 1887 and 1888, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest and estate of the said defendant—of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in Pettis county, Missouri, to-wit:

The north half of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter, section twenty-two, 22, township forty-six, 46, range twenty-two, 22, in Pettis county, Missouri, and I will on

Monday, the 5th day of May, 1892,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the west front door of the court house, in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, and while the circuit court is in session, sell the said real estate at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said execution and cost.

ELIAS R. SMITH,  
Sheriff of Pettis County, Missouri.

By W. O. B. DIXON, D. S.

SHERRIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution for delinquent taxes, issued from the office of the circuit clerk of Pettis county, Mo., dated the 11th day of April, 1892, and to me directed in favor of the state of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of M. Doherty collector of the revenue of Pettis county in the state of Missouri, and against A. P. Morey, John A. Bellmer and Charles C. Bellmer for the years 1885, 1887, 1888 and 1889, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest and estate of the said defendants—of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in Pettis county, Missouri, to-wit:

The east two-fifths of lot eleven 11, block seventeen 17, in the original plat of Sedalia, Missouri, and I will on

Monday, the 5th day of May, 1892,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the west front door of the court house, in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, and while the circuit court is in session, sell the said real estate at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said execution and cost.

ELIAS R. SMITH,  
Sheriff of Pettis County, Missouri.

By W. O. B. DIXON, D. S.

SHERRIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution for delinquent taxes, issued from the office of the circuit clerk of Pettis county, Mo., dated the 11th day of April, 1892, and to me directed in favor of the state of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of M. Doherty collector of the revenue of Pettis county in the state of Missouri, and against John A. Bellmer, John N. Meistrell, E. R. Keller and Theresa Dauschle for the years 1885 and 1886, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest and estate of the said defendants—of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in Pettis county, Missouri, to-wit:

The north half of the southeast quarter section one, 1, township forty-seven, 47, range twenty, 20, in Pettis county, Missouri, and I will on

Monday, the 5th day of May, 1892,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the west front door of the court house, in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, and while the circuit court is in session, sell the said real estate at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said execution and cost.

ELIAS R. SMITH,  
Sheriff of Pettis County, Missouri.

By W. O. B. DIXON, D. S.

## It is Said

That W. J. Letts will sell you groceries cheaper than any other man in East Sedalia. Try him.

NEVADA wants a government building; and by-the-way, Nevada usually gets what she wants.

## BETTER ROADS.

A State Convention to be Held at Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., April 13.—The state road improvement convention called to meet in this city on May 4th is creating considerable interest in all parts of the state. Gov. Francis takes great interest in the work and is one of the moving spirits in the convention. It is probable that this assembly of practical men will agree upon a plan or plans for road improvement that will be applicable to all parts of the state.